

Safety Data Sheet Montage PolyVue Plus Auto Detection System (OSHA)

SECTION 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Product name Montage PolyVue Plus Auto Detection System (OSHA)

PVP100-AUTO Product number

Montage PolyVue Plus Auto Detection System **Brand**

Other means of identification

Component 1: Tissue Primer, K054 Component 2: Background Blocker, K023 Component 3: Stable DAB/Plus, K047

Component 4: Hematoxylin,

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

In Vitro Diagnostic Use

Supplier's details 1.4

Name Diagnostic Biosystems Address 6616 Owens Drive Pleasanton CA 94588

USA

Telephone (888) 896-3350

email customersupport@dbiosys.com

Emergency phone number

(925) 484-3350 (9AM-6PM, Monday - Friday, Pacific Standard Time)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

General hazard statement

For Professional Users Only

Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5
- Carcinogenicity (C.4.9), Cat. 1B
- Germ cell mutagenicity (C.4.8), Cat. 2
- Eye damage/irritation (C.4.5), Cat. 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation (C.4.4), Cat. 1A
- Toxic to reproduction (C.4.10), Cat. 1B

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



1. Exclamation mark; 2. Health hazard; 3. Corrosion

Signal word	Danger

Hazard	statemer	11/61
nazaru	Statemen	เนรเ

riazara statementaj	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary statement(s)

Precautionary statement(s)	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Component 1.

1. Methylchloroisothiazolinone

Concentration < 0.1 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-;

5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one;

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone; Proclin 300

EC no. 247-500-7 CAS no. 26172-55-4

Acute toxicity, dermal (C.4.2), Cat. 3
Acute toxicity, oral (C.4.1), Cat. 3
Skin corrosion/irritation (C.4.4), Cat. 1B
Sensitization, skin (C.4.7), Cat. 1

- Eve damage/irritation (C.4.5), Cat. 1

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

2. Hydrogen peroxide

Concentration < 5 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms ALBONE; DIHYDROGEN DIOXIDE; HYDROGEN DIOXIDE; HYDROGEN

PEROXIDE; Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2); hydrogen peroxide solution;

hydrogen peroxide solution; HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION; Hydrogen peroxide, and other compounds or mixtures that release hydrogen peroxide, including carbamide peroxide and zinc peroxide; Hydrogenii peroxidum; HYDROGENPEROXIDE; HYDROPEROXIDE; PEROXIDE; SUPEROXOL;

T-STUFF

EC no. 231-765-0 CAS no. 7722-84-1 Index no. 008-003-00-9

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (C.4.3), Cat. 4

Acute toxicity, oral (C.4.1), Cat. 4
Oxidizing liquids (C.4.26), Cat. 1

- Skin corrosion/irritation (C.4.4), Cat. 1A

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eve damage

H332 Harmful if inhaled

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Ox. Liq. 1; H271: C ≥ 70 %****

Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50 % ≤ C < 70 % ****

*

Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 70 %

Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $50 \% \le C < 70 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $35 \% \le C < 50 \%$ Eye Dam. 1; H318: $8 \% \le C < 50 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $5 \% \le C < 8 \%$ STOT SE 3; H335; $C \ge 35 \%$

3. Hydrochloric acid

Concentration < 0.05 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms Acidum hydrochloricum; hydrogen chloride; HYDROGEN CHLORIDE (gas)

EC no. 231-595-7 CAS no. 7647-01-0 Index no. 017-002-01-X

Skin corrosion/irritation (C.4.4), Cat. 1
Eye damage/irritation (C.4.5), Cat. 1
Acute toxicity, inhalation (C.4.3), Cat. 3

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H331 Toxic if inhaled

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 %

Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % \leq C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % \leq C < 25 %

STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %

Component 2. 1. SODIUM AZIDE

Concentration < 0.1 % (weight)

Other names / synonyms Sodium azide (Na(N3))

EC no. 247-852-1 CAS no. 26628-22-8 Index no. 011-004-00-7

- Acute toxicity, dermal (C.4.2), Cat. 1
- Acute toxicity, inhalation (C.4.3), Cat. 2
- Acute toxicity, oral (C.4.1), Cat. 2
- Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) (C.4.12), Cat. 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

Component 3.

1. 3,3'-Diaminobenzidine tetrahydrochloride hydrate

Concentration < 5 % (weight) CAS no. 868272-85-9

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2
- Acute toxicity, oral (C.4.1), Cat. 4
- Carcinogenicity (C.4.9), Cat. 1B
- Germ cell mutagenicity (C.4.8), Cat. 2

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 May cause cancer

2. Imidazole

Concentration < 0.5 % (weight)

Other names / synonyms 1H-Imidazole: EC no. 206-019-2 CAS no. 288-32-4 Index no. 613-319-00-0

- Toxic to reproduction (C.4.10), Cat. 1B - Acute toxicity, oral (C.4.1), Cat. 4 - Skin corrosion/irritation (C.4.4), Cat. 1C

H302 Harmful if swallowed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H314

H360D May damage the unborn child

3. Polysorbate 21

Concentration < 0.15 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate; Polysorbate 20; Sorbitan,

> monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs; Sorbitan, monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.; Tween 20

EC no. 500-018-3 CAS no. 9005-64-5

Component 4. 1. Aluminum sulfate

Concentration < 5 % (weight)

Other names / synonyms Aluminii sulfas; Aluminium sulfate; Aluminium sulphate; Sulfuric acid,

aluminum salt (3:2)

CAS no. 10043-01-3

2. Acetic acid

Concentration < 2 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms acetic acid: ACETIC ACID: ACETIC ACID. GLACIAL: ACETICACID: Acidum

aceticum; ETHANOIC ACID; ETHYLIC ACID; GLACIAL ACETIC ACID;

METHANECARBOXYLIC ACID; UN 2789; UN 2790; VINEGAR ACID

EC no. 200-580-7 CAS no. 64-19-7 Index no. 607-002-00-6

- Flammable liquids (C.4.19), Cat. 3 - Skin corrosion/irritation (C.4.4), Cat. 1A

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 90 %

Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $25 \% \le C < 90 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $10 \% \le C < 25 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $10 \% \le C < 25 \%$

3. HEMATOXYLIN

Concentration < 1 % (weight)

Other names / synonyms

CAS no. 517-28-2

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

Benz[b]indeno[1,2-d]pyran-3,4,6a,9,10(6H)-pentol, 7,11b-dihydro-, cis-(++)-;

person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

If swallowed Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting occurs naturally,

have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. For personal

protection see section 8.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No data available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Version: SDS-0019, Revision: E, Supersedes: D, Date of issue: 2022-12-02, p. 6 of 16

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen oxides, phosgene

SODIUM AZIDE: Sodium oxides

3,3'-Diaminobenzidine: Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information

No data available.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. For personal protection see section 8.

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Specific end use(s)

Version: SDS-0019, Revision: E, Supersedes: D, Date of issue: 2022-12-02, p. 7 of 16

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

CAS: 26628-22-8 (EC: 247-852-1)

Sodium azide

ACGIH: 0.29 mg/m3 (C); 0.1 ppm (C) hydrazoic acid vapor TLV® inhalation; NIOSH: 0.29 mg/m3 (C); 0.1 ppm (C) hydrazoic acid vapor REL-C inhalation

CAS: 64-19-7 (EC: 200-580-7)

Acetic acid

ACGIH (USA): 15 ppm STEL inhalation; 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm TLV® inhalation; 10 ppm TWA inhalation; Cal/OSHA (USA): 40 ppm C inhalation; 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm, (C) 40 ppm PEL inhalation; 10 ppm, 25 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; 15 ppm, 37 mg/m3 STEL inhalation; NIOSH (USA): 10 ppm, (ST) 15 ppm REL inhalation; 15 ppm, 37 mg/m3 ST inhalation; 10 ppm, 25 mg/m3 TWA inhalation; OSHA (USA): 25 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; 10 ppm, 25 mg/m3 TWA inhalation

CAS: 7647-01-0

Hvdrochloric acid

ACGIH: 2 ppm (C) TLV® inhalation; NIOSH: 5 ppm, 7 mg/m3 REL-C inhalation; OSHA: 5 ppm, 7 mg/m3 PEL-C inhalation

Hydrogen chloride

Cal/OSHA: (C) 5 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: (C) 5 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA: (C) 5 ppm PEL inhalation; (C) 7 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 7722-84-1

Hydrogen peroxide

ACGIH (USA): 1 ppm TLV® inhalation; Cal/OSHA (USA): 1 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH (USA): 1 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA (USA): 1 ppm PEL inhalation; 1.4 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms







Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required. Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Thermal hazards

No data available

Control banding approach

No data available.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state

Appearance

Color

Odor

Odor threshold

Description:

No data available.

No data available Ha Melting point/freezing point No data available. Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range No data available. Flash point No data available. Evaporation rate No data available. No data available. Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit No data available. Vapor pressure No data available. Relative vapor density No data available. Density and/or relative density No data available. Solubility No data available. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) No data available. Auto-ignition temperature No data available. Decomposition temperature No data available.

Kinematic viscosity

Kinematic viscosity

No data available.

Particle characteristics

No data available.

Supplemental information regarding physical hazard classes

No data available.

Further safety characteristics (supplemental)

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

None under normal use conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Version: SDS-0019, Revision: E, Supersedes: D, Date of issue: 2022-12-02, p. 9 of 16

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal use conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to moisture.

Avoid storing in direct sunlight and avoid extremes of temperature.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone: strong oxidizing agents

Hydrogen peroxide: Zinc, Powdered metals, Iron, Copper, Nickel, Brass, Iron and iron salts.

3,3'-Diaminobenzidine: Strong oxidizing agents

Acetic acid: Oxidizing agents, Soluble carbonates and phosphates, Hydroxides, Metals, Peroxides, permanganates, e.g. potassium

permanganate, Amines, Alcohols, Nitric acid

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

Hydrogen peroxide: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Nature of decomposition products not known.

Acetic acid: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

The ATE (gas inhalation) of the mixture is: 90000 ppmV

The ATE (oral) of the mixture is: 5000 mg/kg bw

3,3'-Diaminobenzidine LD50 Oral - Mouse - 1,834 mg/kg

Acetic acid

LD50 Oral - Rat - 3,310 mg/kg

Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate

LD50 Oral - Rat - 40,554.0 mg/kg

Sodium azide

LD50 Oral - Rat - 27 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Acetic acid

LD50 Skin - Rat - 1,112 mg/kg

Sodium azide

LD50 Skin - Rat - 20 mg/kg

Serious eye damage/irritation

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Acetic acid

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 5620 ppm - 1 h

Remarks: Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste): Eye: Conjunctive irritation. Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste): Eye: Other. Blood: Other changes.

Acetic acid

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 11.4 mg/l - 4 h

Sodium azide

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 0.054 - 0.52 mg/l - 4 hr

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, classification data are not met

Carcinogenicity

3,3'-Diaminobenzidine

Oral - Rat

Result: Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.

Presumed to have carcinogenic potential for humans

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, classification data are not met

STOT-single exposure

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration hazard

Acetic acid

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 5620 ppm - 1 h

Remarks: Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste): Eye: Conjunctive irritation. Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste): Eye: Other. Blood: Other changes.

Acetic acid

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 11.4 mg/l - 4 h

Additional information

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone

EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 0.11 - 0.16 mg/l - 72 h

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 1.6 mg/l - 96 h

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - 4.7 mg/l - 48 h

Acetic acid

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - >1,000 mg/l - 96 h

Citation: (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Acetic acid

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - >300.82 mg/l - 48 h

Citation: (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate

LC50 - Other fish - 350 mg/l - 24 h

Sodium azide

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 2.96 mg/l - 96 h

Sodium azide

EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 0.348 mg/l - 96 h

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Version: SDS-0019, Revision: E, Supersedes: D, Date of issue: 2022-12-02, p. 12 of 16

Packaging disposal

Dispose of as unused product.

Waste treatment

No data available

Sewage disposal

Do not let product enter drains

Other disposal recommendations

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN Number: UN1760

Class: 8

Packing Group: I

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.

Reportable quantity (RQ):

Marine pollutant:

Poison inhalation hazard:

IMDG

UN Number: UN1760

Class: 8

Packing Group: I EMS Number:

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.

IATA

UN Number: UN1760

Class: 8

Packing Group: I

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Chemical name: 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-

CAS: 26172-55-4

Chemical name: Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2)

CAS: 7722-84-1

Chemical name: Hydrochloric acid

CAS: 7647-01-0

Chemical name: Sodium azide (Na(N3))

CAS: 26628-22-8

Chemical name: 1H-Imidazole

CAS: 288-32-4

Chemical name: Sorbitan, monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.

CAS: 9005-64-5

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid, aluminum salt (3:2)

CAS: 10043-01-3

Chemical name: Acetic acid

CAS: 64-19-7

Chemical name: Benz[b]indeno[1,2-d]pyran-3,4,6a,9,10(6H)-pentol, 7,11b-dihydro-, cis-(++)-

CAS: 517-28-2

Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

Chemical name: [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3,3',4,4'-tetramine

CAS: 91-95-2

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Hydrogen peroxide CAS number: 7722-84-1

Chemical name: Hydrochloric acid

CAS number: 7647-01-0

Chemical name: Sodium azide (Na(N3))

CAS number: 26628-22-8

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act

Chemical name: Aluminum sulfate

CAS number: 10043-01-3

Acetic acid

CAS number: 64-19-7

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Water

CAS-number: 7732-18-5 Hydrogen peroxide CAS number: 7722-84-1

Common name: HYDROGEN CHLORIDE

CAS number: 7647-01-0

Common name: SODIUM AZIDE

CAS number: 26628-22-8

Biphenyl-3,3',4,4'-tetrayltetraamine CAS-No. 91-95-2

Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate

CAS-No. 9005-64-5

Common name: ALUMINUM SULFATE

CAS number: 10043-01-3

Acetic acid

CAS number: 64-19-7

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Wate

CAS-number: 7732-18-5 Hydrogen peroxide CAS number: 7722-84-1

Chemical name: Hydrochloric acid

CAS number: 7647-01-0

Chemical name: Sodium azide CAS number: 26628-22-8

Biphenyl-3,3',4,4'-tetrayltetraamine

CAS-No. 91-95-2

Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate

CAS-No. 9005-64-5

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid, aluminum salt (3:2)

CAS number: 10043-01-3

Acetic acid

CAS number: 64-19-7

SARA 302 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302:

Hydrogen peroxide CAS-Number: 7722-84-1

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Reactivity Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Acute Health Hazard

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Seveso Directive

Yes. H2 -acute toxic. E1

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

The supplier of this product has not conducted any Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

SDS-0019, Rev. E

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Diagnostic BioSystems be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if Diagnostic BioSystems has been advised of the possibility of such damages.