

# Safety Data Sheet Montage UnoVue Plus Auto Detection System (EU)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name Montage UnoVue Plus Auto Detection System (EU)

Product number UVP25-Auto, UVP100-AUTO

Brand Montage UnoVue Plus Auto Detection System

#### Other means of identification

Component 1: Tissue Primer, K054 Component 2: Background Blocker, K023

Component 3: (PermaRed Auto Plus Buffer (K 057B))
Component 4: (PermaRed Auto Plus Chromogen (K 057C))

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

In Vitro Diagnostic Use

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Diagnostic Biosystems Address 6616 Owens Drive

Pleasanton CA 94588

USA

Telephone (888) 896-3350

email customersupport@dbiosys.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

(925) 484-3350 (9AM-6PM, Monday - Friday, Pacific Standard Time)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# **General hazard statement**

For Professional Users Only

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5, H333

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4, H302
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1, H318
- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1A, H314
- Skin sensitizer (chapter 3.4), Cat. 1, H317

For the full text corresponding to the "H"-codes displayed in this section, refer to Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

# **Hazard pictograms**



1. Exclamation mark; 2. Health hazard; 3. Corrosion

Signal word	Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled

# **Precautionary statements**

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Obtain appoint instructions before use

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water [or shower].

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed disposal company.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

### Components

Component 1.

1. Methylchloroisothiazolinone

Concentration 4.94 - < 0.1 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-; 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-

one; 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone; Proclin 300

EC no. 247-500-7 CAS no. 26172-55-4

Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3
Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3
Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1B

- Sensitization - skin (chapter 3.4), Cat. 1 - Eve damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

2. Hydrogen peroxide

Concentration < 5 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms ALBONE; DIHYDROGEN DIOXIDE; HYDROGEN DIOXIDE; HYDROGEN

PEROXIDE; Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2); hydrogen peroxide solution;

hydrogen peroxide solution; HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION; Hydrogen peroxide, and other compounds or mixtures that release hydrogen peroxide, including carbamide peroxide and zinc peroxide; Hydrogenii peroxidum; HYDROGENPEROXIDE; HYDROPEROXIDE; PEROXIDE; SUPEROXOL;

T-STUFF

EC no. 231-765-0 CAS no. 7722-84-1 Index no. 008-003-00-9

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4 - Oxidizing liquids (chapter 2.13), Cat. 1

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1A

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H332 Harmful if inhaled

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Ox. Liq. 1; H271:  $C \ge 70 \%^{****}$ 

Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50 % ≤ C < 70 % \*\*\*\*

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Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 70 %

Skin Corr. 1B; H314:  $50 \% \le C < 70 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315:  $35 \% \le C < 50 \%$ Eye Dam. 1; H318:  $8 \% \le C < 50 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319:  $5 \% \le C < 8 \%$ STOT SE 3: H335:  $C \ge 35 \%$ 

# 3. Hydrochloric acid

Concentration < 0.05 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms Acidum hydrochloricum; hydrogen chloride; HYDROGEN CHLORIDE (gas)

EC no. 231-595-7 CAS no. 7647-01-0 Index no. 017-002-01-X

Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1
Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1
Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H331 Toxic if inhaled

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 %

Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 %  $\leq$  C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 %  $\leq$  C < 25 %

STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %

# Component 2. 1. SODIUM AZIDE

Concentration < 0.1 % (weight)

Other names / synonyms Sodium azide (Na(N3))

EC no. 247-852-1 CAS no. 26628-22-8 Index no. 011-004-00-7

- Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 1 - Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 2

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 2

- Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (chapter 3.9), Cat. 2

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

#### Component 3.

# 1. Methylchloroisothiazolinone

Concentration < 0.1 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-; 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-

one; 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone; Proclin 300

EC no. 247-500-7 CAS no. 26172-55-4

- Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1B

- Sensitization - skin (chapter 3.4), Cat. 1

- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

Component 4. Hydrochloric Acid

Concentration < 0.05 % (volume)

Other names / synonyms Acidum hydrochloricum; hydrogen chloride; HYDROGEN CHLORIDE (gas)

EC no. 231-595-7 CAS no. 7647-01-0 Index no. 017-002-01-X

Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1
Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1
Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H331 Toxic if inhaled

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 %

Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10  $\% \le C < 25 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10  $\% \le C < 25 \%$ 

STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Following inhalation If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

Following skin contact Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Following eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

Following ingestion Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting occurs naturally,

have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Self-protection of the first aider Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. For

personal protection see section 8.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen oxides, phosgene

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SODIUM AZIDE: Sodium oxides

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Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1): Carbon oxide. Nitrogen oxides.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### **Further information**

No data available.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. For personal protection see section 8.

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

# CAS: 26628-22-8 (EC: 247-852-1)

Sodium azide

ACGIH: 0.29 mg/m3 (C); 0.1 ppm (C) hydrazoic acid vapor TLV® inhalation; NIOSH: 0.29 mg/m3 (C); 0.1 ppm (C) hydrazoic acid vapor REL-C inhalation

#### CAS: 7647-01-0

Hydrochloric acid

ACGIH: 2 ppm (C) TLV® inhalation; NIOSH: 5 ppm, 7 mg/m3 REL-C inhalation; OSHA: 5 ppm, 7 mg/m3 PEL-C inhalation

Hydrogen chloride

Cal/OSHA: (C) 5 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: (C) 5 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA: (C) 7 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

# **Pictograms**







#### Eye and face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

#### **Body protection**

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required. Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

# Thermal hazards

No data available

# Control banding approach

No data available.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Appearance

Colour

Odour

Odorless

Odour threshold

pH

No data available.

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Liquid

Variable

Variable

Variable

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range No data available. Flash point No data available. Evaporation rate No data available. Flammability No data available. Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit No data available. Vapor pressure No data available. Relative vapor density No data available. Density and/or relative density No data available. Solubility No data available. No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Kinematic viscosity

Explosive properties

No data available.

# **Particle characteristics**

No data available.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

# 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

No data available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

None under normal use conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal use conditions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to moisture.

Avoid storing in direct sunlight and avoid extremes of temperature.

Heat, flames and sparks.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

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5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone: strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Sodium azide LD50 Oral - Rat - 27 mg/kg

The ATE (gas inhalation) of the mixture is: 90000 ppmV

The ATE (oral) of the mixture is: 1683.5 mg/kg bw

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Sodium azide LD50 Skin - Rat - 20 mg/kg

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sodium azide

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 0.054 - 0.52 mg/l - 4 hr

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, classification data are not met

#### Carcinogenicity

Result: IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

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OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

# Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, classification data are not met

# STOT-single exposure

No data available.

### STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available.

# 11.2 Information on other hazards

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No data available.

#### Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone

EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 0.11 - 0.16 mg/l - 72 h

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 1.6 mg/l - 96 h

Sodium azide

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 2.96 mg/l - 96 h

Sodium azide

EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 0.348 mg/l - 96 h

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product disposal**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

### Packaging disposal

Dispose of as unused product.

#### Waste treatment

No data available

#### Sewage disposal

Do not let product enter drains

# Other disposal recommendations

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN Number UN176	14.1
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14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)14.4 Packing group8

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

For professional users only.

Should not be released into the environment.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not shipped in bulk

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

The supplier of this product has not conducted any Chemical Safety Assessment

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of hazard statements referenced in Section 2

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318 Causes serious eye damage
H333 May be harmful if inhaled

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#### Further information/disclaimer

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