

# Safety Data Sheet PolyVue Plus HRP/DAB Detection System

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name	PolyVue Plus HRP/DAB Detection System
Product number	PVP25D, PVP100D, PVP250D, PVP1000D
Brand	PolyVue Plus HRP/DAB Detection System

#### Other means of identification

Component 1. K054: Tissue Primer Component 2. K023: Background Blocker Component 3. K047: Stable DAB/Plus

**1.2** Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against In Vitro Diagnostic Use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Address	Diagnostic Biosystems 6616 Owens Drive Pleasanton CA 94588 USA
Telephone	(888) 896-3350
email	customersupport@dbiosys.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

(925) 484-3350 (9AM-6PM, Monday - Friday, Pacific Standard Time)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5, H333
- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5, H303
- Carcinogenicity (chapter 3.6), Cat. 1B, H350
- Germ cell mutagenicity (chapter 3.5), Cat. 2, H341
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1, H318

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1A, H314
- Toxic to reproduction (chapter 3.7), Cat. 1B, H360

For the full text corresponding to the "H"-codes displayed in this section, refer to Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

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### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



1. Exclamation mark; 2. Health hazard; 3. Corrosion

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
Precautionary statements	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed disposal company.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

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Component 1. 1. Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) Concentration < 0.1 % (volume)			
Other names / synonyms	3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)- isothiazolone; Kathon 886;		
EC no. CAS no. Index no.			
<ul> <li>Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 2</li> <li>Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 2</li> <li>Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 3</li> <li>Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1C</li> <li>Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1</li> <li>Sensitization - skin (chapter 3.4), Cat. 1A</li> <li>Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1</li> <li>Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1</li> </ul>			
H301 H310 H314 H317 H318 H330 H400 H410 SCLs/M-factors/ATEs	Toxic if swallowed Fatal in contact with skin Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye damage Fatal if inhaled Very toxic to aquatic life Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Skin Corr. 1C; : $C \ge ,6 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: ,06 % $\le C < ,6 \%$ Eye Dam. 1; : $C \ge ,6 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: ,06 % $\le C < ,6 \%$ Skin Sens. 1A; : $C \ge ,0015 \%$ M=100 M=100		
2. Hydrogen peroxide Concentration	< 5 % (volume)		
Other names / synonyms	ALBONE; DIHYDROGEN DIOXIDE; HYDROGEN DIOXIDE; HYDROGEN PEROXIDE; Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2); hydrogen peroxide solution; hydrogen peroxide solution; HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION; Hydrogen peroxide, and other compounds or mixtures that release hydrogen peroxide, including carbamide peroxide and zinc peroxide; Hydrogenii peroxidum; HYDROGENPEROXIDE; HYDROPEROXIDE; PEROXIDE; SUPEROXOL; T-STUFF		
EC no.	231-765-0		
CAS no.	7722-84-1		
Index no.	008-003-00-9		
- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4			

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4 Oxidizing liquids (chapter 2.13), Cat. 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1A

H271 H302 H314 H332 SCLs/M-factors/ATEs	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer Harmful if swallowed Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Harmful if inhaled Ox. Liq. 1; H271: $C \ge 70 \%^{****}$ Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50 % $\le C < 70 \%^{****}$ * Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 70 \%$	
	Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 50 % $\leq$ C < 70 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 35 % $\leq$ C < 50 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: 8 % $\leq$ C < 50 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % $\leq$ C < 8 % STOT SE 3; H335; C $\geq$ 35 %	
3. Hydrochloric acid		
Concentration	< 0.05 % (volume)	
Other names / synonyms EC no. CAS no. Index no.	Acidum hydrochloricum; HYDROCHLORIC ACID; Hydrogen chloride 231-595-7 7647-01-0 017-002-01-X	
<ul> <li>Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (chapter 3.8), Cat. 3</li> <li>Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1B</li> </ul>		
H314 H335 SCLs/M-factors/ATEs	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause respiratory irritation Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $C \ge 25 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % $\le C < 25 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % $\le C < 25 \%$ STOT SE 3; H335: $C \ge 10 \%$	
Component 2. 1. SODIUM AZIDE		
Concentration	< 0.1 % (weight)	
Other names / synonyms EC no. CAS no. Index no.	Sodium azide (Na(N3)) 247-852-1 26628-22-8 011-004-00-7	
- Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 1		

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 2

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 2

- Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (chapter 3.9), Cat. 2

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) (chapter 4.1), Cat. 1

#### Component 3.

1. 3,3'-Diaminobenzidine tetrahydrochloride hydrate

Concentration	1 - 5 % (weight)
Other names / synonyms	[1,1'-Biphenyl]-3,3',4,4'-tetramine; biphenyl-3,3',4,4'-tetrayltetraamine; diaminobenzidine tetrahydrochloride hydrate
EC no.	231-018-9
CAS no.	868272-85-9
<ul> <li>Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3),</li> <li>Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Ca</li> </ul>	
- Carcinogenicity (chapter 3.6), Cat. 1	В
- Germ cell mutagenicity (chapter 3.5)	), Cat. 2
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
2. Imidazole	
Concentration	0.1 - 0.5 % (weight)
Other names / synonyms	1H-Imidazole;
EC no. CAS no.	206-019-2 288-32-4
Index no.	613-319-00-0
- Reproductive toxicity (chapter 3.7),	Cat. 1B
- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Ca	
- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2)	), Cat. TC
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314 H360D	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May damage the unborn child
3. Polysorbate 21 Concentration	< 0.15 % (volume)
Other names / synonyms	Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate; Polysorbate 20; Sorbitan,
Other flames / synonyms	monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs; Sorbitan,
EC no	monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.; Tween 20
EC no. CAS no.	500-018-3 9005-64-5

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes	Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Following inhalation	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.
Following skin contact	Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Following eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Following ingestion	Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Self-protection of the first aider	Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. For personal protection see section 8.

#### **4.2** Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1): Carbon oxide. Nitrogen oxides.

SODIUM AZIDE: Sodium oxides

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3,3'-Diaminobenzidine: Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### **Further information**

No data available.

# **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. For personal protection see section 8.

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

### CAS: 26628-22-8 (EC: 247-852-1)

#### Sodium azide

ACGIH: 0.29 mg/m3 (C); 0.1 ppm (C) hydrazoic acid vapor TLV® inhalation; NIOSH: 0.29 mg/m3 (C); 0.1 ppm (C) hydrazoic acid vapor REL-C inhalation

#### CAS: 7647-01-0

Hydrochloric acid

Cal/OSHA: (C) 5 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: (C) 5 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA: (C) 5 ppm PEL inhalation; (C) 7 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

#### CAS: 7722-84-1

Hydrogen peroxide

ACGIH (USA): 1 ppm TLV® inhalation; Cal/OSHA (USA): 1 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH (USA): 1 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA (USA): 1 ppm PEL inhalation; 1.4 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Pictograms



#### Eye and face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### **Skin protection**

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

### **Body protection**

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Respiratory protection is not required. Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### **Thermal hazards**

No data available

#### **Control banding approach**

No data available.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear
Colour	Colorless
Odour	Odorless
Odour threshold	No data available.
рН	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available.
Flash point	No data available.
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Flammability	No data available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	No data available.
Vapor pressure	No data available.
Relative vapor density	No data available.
Density and/or relative density	No data available.

Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties No data available. No data available.

# Particle characteristics

No data available.

### 9.2 Other information

**9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes** No data available.

**9.2.2 Other safety characteristics** No data available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

None under normal use conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** None under normal use conditions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to moisture.

Avoid storing in direct sunlight and avoid extremes of temperature.

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

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Hydrogen peroxide: Zinc, Powdered metals, Iron, Copper, Nickel, Brass, Iron and iron salts.

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3,3'-Diaminobenzidine: Strong oxidizing agents

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

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Hydrogen peroxide: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Nature of decomposition products not known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

The ATE (gas inhalation) of the mixture is: 90000 ppmV

The ATE (oral) of the mixture is: 5000 mg/kg bw

3,3'-Diaminobenzidine LD50 Oral - Mouse - 1,834 mg/kg

Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate LD50 Oral - Rat - 40,554.0 mg/kg

Sodium azide LD50 Oral - Rat - 27 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Sodium azide LD50 Skin - Rat - 20 mg/kg

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Sodium azide LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 0.054 - 0.52 mg/l - 4 hr

### Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

#### Carcinogenicity

3,3'-Diaminobenzidine Oral - Rat Result: Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors. Presumed to have carcinogenic potential for humans

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

May damage fertility or the unborn child

#### **STOT-single exposure** No data available.

# STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

#### Aspiration hazard No data available.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** No data available.

Other information No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Sodium azide LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 2.96 mg/l - 96 h

Sodium azide EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 0.348 mg/l - 96 h

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability No data available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties No data available.
- 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product disposal**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

### Packaging disposal

Dispose of as unused product.

### Waste treatment

No data available

#### Sewage disposal

Do not let product enter drains

#### Other disposal recommendations

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN Number	None
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name	None
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	None
14.4	Packing group	None
14.5	Environmental hazards	None
14.6	Special precautions for user	None

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments None

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

The supplier of this product has not conducted any Chemical Safety Assessment

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of hazard statements referenced in Section 2

H303	May be harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H333	May be harmful if inhaled
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child

SDS-0090, Rev. B

#### Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Diagnostic BioSystems be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if Diagnostic BioSystems has been advised of the possibility of such damages.