



# Instructions For Use KT 018-IFU

Document #: DS-3012-D

Release Date: 07/07/2025

## Gram Stain Kit

### Description and Principle

The Gram Stain Kit is intended for the demonstration and differentiation of Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria due to differences in bacterial cell wall composition. Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria both have cell walls composed of peptidoglycan and lipoprotein. Gram-positive bacteria possess a much thicker peptidoglycan cell wall than Gram-negative bacteria.

Gentian violet and iodine form a dye complex that initially stains both gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria. The crystal violet-iodine complex is removed from gram-negative bacteria using Gram's Decolorizer solution while the dye is retained in the thick peptidoglycan cell wall of gram-positive bacteria. Carbol fuchsin is applied to counterstain gram-negative bacteria and tartrazine to stain background tissue.

### Expected Results

Gram Positive Bacteria:	Blue
Gram Negative Bacteria:	Pink to Red
Other Tissue:	Yellow
Nuclei:	Red

### Kit Contents

	Volume	Storage
1. Gentian Violet Solution	125 ml	15-30°C
2. Lugol's Iodine Solution	125 ml	15-30°C
3. Gram's Decolorizer Solution	125 ml	15-30°C
4. Carbol Fuchsin Counterstain	125 ml	15-30°C
5. Tartrazine Solution	125 ml	15-30°C

### Suggested Controls (not provided)

Tissue or cell smear containing both gram-positive and gram-negative organisms

### Uses/Limitations

For In-Vitro Diagnostic use only.

Do not use if reagents become cloudy or precipitate

Do not use past expiration date.

Use caution when handling reagents.

Non-Sterile

Intended for FFPE sections cut at 5-10µm.

This procedure has not been optimized for frozen sections.

Frozen sections may require protocol modification.

### Storage

Store kit and all components at room temperature (15-30°C).

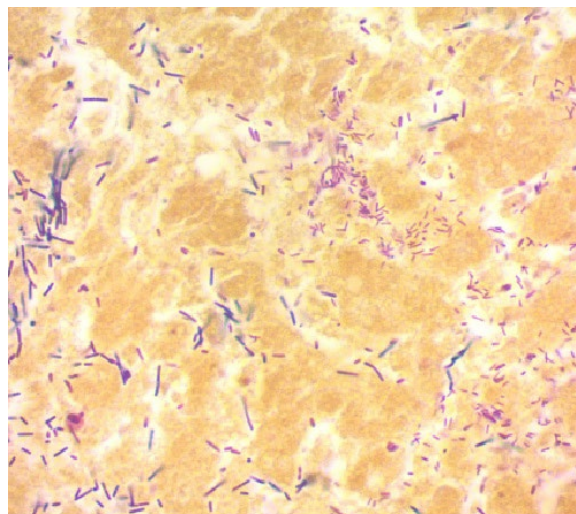
### Safety and Precautions

Please see current Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for this product and components GHS classification, pictograms, and full hazard/precautionary statements. If there is any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device, please contact the manufacturer: Diagnostic BioSystems Technical Support at (925) 484-3350, extension 2 or techsupport@dbiosys.com. If required, please report to the Competent Authority of the Member State in which the user and/or patient is established.

### Procedure:

1. Deparaffinize sections if necessary and hydrate to distilled water.

2. Incubate slide in Gentian Violet Solution for 1 minute.
3. Rinse slide in distilled water to remove excess stain.
4. Incubate slide in Lugol's Iodine Solution for 1 minute.
5. Rinse slide in gently running tap water to remove excess iodine.



Gram stain on Avian Liver demonstrating gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria viewed at 63x

6. Place slide in Gram's Decolorizer until color no longer bleeds off section. Note: Decolorization for longer than 5 seconds may remove stain from gram positive bacteria.
7. Rinse slide quickly in gently running tap water.
8. Incubate slide in Carbol Fuchsin Counterstain for 1-2 minutes.
9. Rinse slide quickly in gently running tap water to remove excess stain.
10. Incubate slide in Tartrazine Solution for 15 seconds.
11. Rinse slide 1 time in absolute alcohol.
12. Dehydrate slide quickly in 3 changes of absolute alcohol. Note: Dehydration in alcohols is necessary to remove background counterstain but should be done quickly to prevent excess decolorization of bacteria.
13. Clear in 2 changes of xylene or xylene substitute, and mount in synthetic resin.

**Other Notes:** Gram positive bacteria that are dying, dead or being treated with antibiotics may stain variably (red).

### References

1. Sheehan, DC., Hrapchak, BB. Theory and Practice of Histotechnology; 1980, page 235.



Diagnostic BioSystems  
6616 Owens Drive  
Pleasanton, CA, 94588  
Tel: (925) 484 3350  
www.dbiosys.com



CH REP  
MedEnvoy Switzerland  
Gotthardstrasse 28  
6302 Zug  
Switzerland



MedEnvoy Global B.V.  
Prinses Margrietplantsoen 33 - Suite 123  
2595 AM The Hague  
The Netherlands