

ANATOMIC PATHOLOGY CATALOG

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Dr. Bipin Gupta

PhD, MBA | Founder, CEO & CSO

Since our inception, we at Diagnostic BioSystems Inc. are committed to enhancing immunohistochemistry results by providing innovative anatomic pathology reagents and systems to improve the practice of every histopathologist. Our prime focus has always been to provide Quality Global products and exceptional customer service and support.

Diagnostic BioSystems provides cutting-edge in-vitro diagnostics to the anatomic pathology and histology market through direct sales in the domestic market and via international distributors to over 70 countries worldwide. Our product portfolio includes high quality primary and fluorescent antibodies (FITC conjugated), Fully automated slide Stainer, chromogens, detection kits, and a wide range of ancillaries.

The quest for excellence is a continuous commitment and we have been committed to helping pathologists solve their most difficult diagnostic clinical questions for more than 2 decades. This commitment has helped us in understanding current needs and future requirements to ensure utmost customer satisfaction with our timely and excellent customer service and support.

Our values represent our promise to our stakeholders and we continue to relay and focus on **Global Quality** and **Reliability** by maintaining efficiency and discipline in all our processes and systems. We are known for our transparency with our customers, which has made us a **Trusted** name in the market place. We strive to bring new products to the market & consistently deliver value to stakeholders by implementing new ideas & technologies to meet unmet needs.

I take this opportunity to personally thank every one for their great contribution in growing Diagnostic Biosystems Inc.

With heartfelt gratitude,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bipin Gupta".

Primary Antibodies | Conjugated Antibodies | Detection Systems | Chromogens
Antigen Retrieval | Ancillary Reagents | Special Stains | Instrumentation

Dr. Bipin Gupta

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SAVING LIVES IMPROVING HEALTH

Our Mission:

Diagnostic BioSystems' focus is to provide high quality primary and fluorescent antibodies, detection chemistries, and a wide range of ancillaries and chromogens, complemented with automated IHC Stainers and backed by exceptional customer service and technical support. DBS has more than twenty years of experience in IHC assay development to help pathologists solve their most difficult diagnostic clinical questions.

What We Do:

Diagnostic BioSystems' main focus is to provide high quality primary and fluorescent antibodies, detection chemistries, and a wide range of ancillaries and chromogens, backed by exceptional customer service and technical support. DBS has more than twenty years of experience in IHC assay development to help pathologists solve their most difficult diagnostic clinical questions.

Manufacturing Accreditations:

Diagnostic BioSystems maintains the highest quality standards and is committed to customer service and support. This commitment is built on a quality system foundation.

Diagnostic BioSystems is an FDA registered medical device manufacturer, operating under FDA 21CFR Part820 Quality System Regulations and is a California Department of Public Health (CDPH) licensed Medical Device Manufacturing facility.

Our facility is also **ISO 13485:2016** Certified meeting Quality Management System International Standards. We manufacture IVD/CE marked medical devices for use in the European market.



Antibodies



Primary Antibodies

Diagnostic BioSystems offers a range of ready-to-use and concentrated antibodies optimized to provide high quality staining when used for immunohistochemical applications. Our rabbit monoclonals and polyclonals and mouse monoclonals offer enhanced specificity and sharp signals.

Format And Pack Size :

Concentrated Antibodies: Designed for individuals who want to have more flexibility in their immunostaining protocols. Each antibody is thoroughly quality control tested to cGMP standards. A recommended dilution factor is provided with each antibody.

Pack Size: Concentrated antibodies are available in 0.1ml, 0.5ml and 1ml vials.

Prediluted Antibodies: These antibodies have been quality control tested and require no further dilution or titration.

Pack Size: Prediluted antibodies are available in 2ml, 6ml, 10ml and 25ml vials.

Prediluted Antibodies Key:

PDM = Mouse Monoclonal | RMPD = Rabbit Monoclonal | PDR = Rabbit Polyclonal

Concentrated Antibodies Key:

Mob = Mouse Monoclonal | RMAB = Rabbit Monoclonal | RP = Rabbit Polyclonal

Prediluted Volume Key:

PDM/PDR/RMPDXXX-S = 2ml | PDM/PDR/RMPDXXX = 6ml | PDM/PDR/RMPDXXX-10 = 10ml

PDM/PDR/RMPDXXX-25 = 25ml

Concentrated Volume Key:

Mob/RP/RMABXXX = 1ml | Mob/RP/RMABXXX-05 = 0.5ml | Mob/RP/RMABXXX-01 = 0.1ml

Image Identification Key:

Mouse Monoclonal= 

Rat= 

Rabbit Monoclonal= 

Rabbit Polyclonal= 

In Vitro Diagnostic= 

Research Use Only= 

Antibody Look-up Table

Antibody	Click to view details 	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.	
				RTU	Conc.
A20 (A-12)		A-12	Lung carcinoma	PDM598	Mob598
Actin Alpha Smooth Muscle		1A4	Leiomyoma, Colon	PDM003	Mob001
Actin Sarcomeric		5C5	Leiomyoma, Colon	PDM099	Mob128
Actin Muscle		HHF35	Skeletal muscle	PDM002	Mob002
Adenovirus		M58+M73	Adenovirus infected tissue	Not available	Mob355
Adipophilin		DBM15.60	Adrenal gland	PDM534	Mob534
Adrenocorticotrophic Hormone (ACTH) - (AH26)		AH26	Pituitary	PDM583	Mob244
Albumin		Rabbit	Liver	Not available	RP046
ALK p80		5A4	Anaplastic Lymphoma	Not available	Mob416
ALK		4A4	Anaplastic large cell lymphoma	PDM566	Mob566
Alpha-1-Antitrypsin		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR021	RP048
Alpha Actinin		EA-53	Skeletal muscle	Not available	Mob227
Alpha Fetoprotein		C3	Fetal liver	PDM057	Mob129
Amyloid Beta Protein		BAM-10	Brain, Amyloidosis	Not available	Mob410
Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP)		Rabbit	Brain	PDR178	RP123
Androgen Receptor		AR 441	Prostate carcinoma	PDM167	Mob245
Arginase 1		DBM15.12	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	PDM197	Mob484
ATRX		D-5	Pancreas	PDM600	Mob600
BAP1		2667	Breast Carcinoma	PDM603	Mob603
BAP1		C-4	Breast Carcinoma	PDM595	Not available
Bcl-10		151	Tonsil	PDM442	Mob442
Bcl-2 Oncoprotein		124	Tonsil	PDM016	Mob005
Bcl-2 Oncoprotein		100/D5	Tonsil	PDM209	Mob130
Bcl-6 Oncoprotein		PG-B6	Tonsil	PDM587	Mob587
Beta Catenin (p120 Catenin)		DBM15.55	Breast carcinoma	PDM529	Mob529
Beta Catenin		Rabbit	Breast carcinoma, Large intestine	PDR060	RP080
BOB.1		SP92	Tonsil	RMPD110	RMAB110
BRCA1		GLK-2	Ovarian carcinoma	Not available	Mob424
C4D		C4D204	Rejected Kidney	PDM184	Mob471
CA 125		OV185:1	Ovarian carcinoma	PDM323	Mob110
CA15-3/MUC1		DBMM1	Breast carcinoma	PDM549	Mob549
CA 19-9		C241:5:1:4	Colon carcinoma	PDM567	Mob109

Antibody	Click to view details 	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.
			RTU	Conc.
Cadherin 17		1H3	Colorectal Carcinoma and normal colon	PDM604R Mob604R
Cadherin Pan		CH-19	Tonsil	Not available Mob228
Calbindin		CB-955	Kidney	Not available Mob554
Calcitonin		Rabbit	Thyroid	PDR024 RP050
Calcitonin		SP17	Thyroid or medullary carcinoma	RMPD009 RMAB009
Caldesmon		hHCD	Endometrial cancer	PDM223 Mob556
Calponin		CALP	Breast	PDM219 Mob345
Calretinin (H-5)		H-5	Mesothelioma	PDM593 Mob593
Caspase 1		Rabbit	Placenta	PDR175 RP175
Caspase 3		3CSP03	Tonsil	Not available Mob309
Caspase 3/CPP32		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR172 RP096
Cathepsin D		Rabbit	Breast carcinoma, Prostate	PDR004 RP004
CD10		EP195	Tonsil, Follicular Lymphoma, Renal Cell Carcinoma	RMPD037 RMAB037
CD10 CALLA		56C6	Tonsil, Renal Cell Carcinoma	PDM107 Mob240
CD138		B-A38	Tonsil	PDM588 Mob588
CD138		EP201	Tonsil, Plasmacytoma	RMPD040 RMAB040
CD15		MMA	Tonsil	PDM127 Mob365
CD163		10D6	Tonsil	PDM579 Mob460
CD1a Cortical Thymocytes		O10	Tonsil	PDM173 Mob363
CD20 B-Cell		L26	Tonsil	PDM004 Mob004
CD21		1F8	Tonsil	PDM122 Mob028
CD23		1B12	Tonsil	PDM143 Mob294
CD23, B Cell		SP23	Tonsil	RMPD013 RMAB013
CD3		F7.2.38	Tonsil	PDM422 Mob422
CD3		SP7	Tonsil	RMPD005 RMAB005
CD3		LN10	Tonsil	PDM186 Mob474
CD3		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR002 RP005
CD30 Ki-1 Antigen		Ber-H2	Hodgkin's lymphoma	PDM018 Mob032
CD31 (PECAM-1)		JC/70A	Tonsil	PDM020 Mob034
CD34		QBEND/10	Tonsil, Kidney	PDM050 Mob098
CD4		EP204	Tonsil	RMPD083 RMAB083
CD43 T-Cell		DF-T1	Tonsil	PDM060 Mob039
CD44 H Cam		156-3C11	Tonsil	PDM172 Mob256
CD45 LCA		2B11+ PD7/26	Tonsil	PDM009 Mob040

Antibody	Click to view details	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.
			RTU	Conc.
CD45 RO T-Cell		UCHL-1	Tonsil	PDM015
CD5		54/F6	Tonsil	PDM589
CD5		SP19	Tonsil	RMPD011
CD56 NCAM-1		123C3.D5	Neuroblastoma	PDM110
CD57 HNK-1		NK-1	Tonsil	PDM130
CD61 Platelet Glycoprotein Illa		Y2/51	Tonsil	PDM064
CD63	NK-1/ C3 (same as MX 493129.5)		Melanoma	PDM212
CD68 Macrophage		KP1	Tonsil	PDM066
CD68 Macrophage		PG-M1	Tonsil	PDM065
CD7		CBC.37.80	Tonsil	PDM599
CD74 B-Cell		LN2	Tonsil	PDM033
CD79a B-Cell		HM47/A9	Tonsil	PDM125
CD79a B-Cell		HM57	Tonsil	PDM271
CD8 T-Cell		144B	Tonsil	PDM094
CD8, T Cell		SP16	Tonsil	RMPD012
CD99		HO36-1.1	Ewing's sarcoma	PDM106
CDC25A		DCS-120	Tonsil	Not available
CDX2		EP25	Colon Colon Adenocarcinoma	RMPD059
CD117/c-kit		DBRRM1.17	GIST	RMPD119
CEACAM5		DBRRM2.85	Colon Carcinoma	RMPD118R
CEA		COL-1	Colon carcinoma	PDM005
HER2/neu (c-erbB-2)		SP3	Breast carcinoma	RMPD008
HER2/neu (c-erbB-2)		Rabbit	Breast carcinoma	PDR003
Chromogranin A		LK2H10	Pancreas	PDM067
Chromogranin A		Rabbit	Pancreas	PDR061
Chromogranin A		SP12	Pancreas	RMPD015
Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)		Rabbit	Placenta	PDR030
CMV Cocktail		DDG9 + CCH2	Infected lung	PDM075R
Claudin 18.2		DBRRM1.82	Stomach	RMPD116R
C-myc		9 E10	Breast carcinoma	PDM211
Collagen IV		COL-94	skin	PDM276
COX2		Rabbit	Lung and colon carcinoma	PDR111
Cyclin D1		EP12	Breast carcinoma	RMPD106
Cyclin D1		SP4	Breast carcinoma	RMPD003
				RMAB003

Antibody	Click to view details 	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.	Conc.
				RTU	
Cyclin E Protein		HE12	Breast carcinoma	PDM145	Mob266
Cytokeratin (45 46 56.4 kD)		MNF116	skin	PDM116	Mob052
Cytokeratin (CAM5.2)		CAM5.2	Lung, Colon, prostate and breast tissue	PDM181	Mob469
Cytokeratin 13		KS-1A3	skin	Not available	Mob443
Cytokeratin 14		LL002	skin, Squamous Cell Carcinoma	PDM138	Mob186
Cytokeratin 15		LHK15	skin	PDM596	Mob305
Cytokeratin 16		LL025	skin, Squamous Cell Carcinoma	PDM273	Mob273
Cytokeratin 17		E3	skin	PDM206	Mob127
Cytokeratin 18		DC-10	skin	PDM164	Mob187
Cytokeratin 19		A53-B/A2.26	Tonsil, skin	PDM192	Mob274
Cytokeratin 20		Ks20.8	Skin, Colon Carcinoma	PDM049	Mob123
Cytokeratin 5		XM26	skin	PDM139	Mob361
Cytokeratin 5 & 14		XM26 & LL002	Skin Tonsil	PDM140	Mob433
Cytokeratin 5/6		D5/16 B4	skin	PDM123	Mob362
Cytokeratin 7		OV-TL 12/30	skin, Lung	PDM097	Mob057
Cytokeratin 7		LP1K	Tonsil	PDM563	Mob563
Cytokeratin 8		35bH11	skin, Colon	PDM117	Mob054
Cytokeratin 8/18		5D3	skin	PDM070	Mob189
Cytokeratin AE1, Acidic		AE1	Squamous Lung Carcinoma	PDM043	Mob092
Cytokeratin AE1+AE3		AE1+AE3	Squamous Lung Carcinoma	PDM072	Mob190
Cytokeratin AE1+AE3+8/18		AE1+AE3+5D3	Squamous Lung Carcinoma	PDM601	Not Available
Cytokeratin AE3, Basic		AE3	Squamous Lung Carcinoma	PDM044	Mob093
Cytokeratin H.M.W.		34bE12	skin, Prostate	PDM074	Mob059
Cytokeratin Wide Spectrum		Rabbit	skin	PDR035	RP010
Cytokeratin, Pan		Rabbit	Adeno Colon	PDR167	RP167
Desmin		D33	Leiomyoma	PDM006	Mob060
Desmin		DE-R-11	Leiomyoma	PDM610	Mob610
DOG1.1		DOG1.1	Gastrointestinal stromal tumor tissue	PDM170	Mob466
E2F-1 Transcription Factor		KH95	Tonsil, Breast carcinoma	Not available	Mob381
EBV Cocktail		CS1, CS2, CS3, CS4	Infected lymphoblastoma	PDM128	Mob194
E-Cadherin		SPM471	Breast carcinoma, Colon carcinoma, Appendix	PDM182	Mob550

Antibody	Click to view details	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.
			RTU	Conc.
Elastin		BA-4	Heart, Kidney	PDM300
EMA		E29	Breast carcinoma	PDM204
Epithelial Antigen		Ber-EP4	Breast carcinoma, Kidney	PDM131
Epithelial Antigen		VU-1D9	Breast carcinoma	PDM077
Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFR)		A-10	Placenta	PDM615
ERCC1		8F1	Tonsil	PDM151
ERG		EP111	Prostate carcinoma	RMPD034
Estrogen Receptor		6F11	Breast carcinoma	PDM048
Estrogen Receptor (ER)		SP1	Breast carcinoma	RMPD001
Ezrin/p181/Cytovillin		3C12	Lung	Not available
Factor VIII		F8/86	Tonsil	PDM019
Factor VIII R Antigen		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR014
Factor XIIIa		Rabbit	Placenta	PDR054
Factor XIIIa		AC-1A1	Placenta	PDM141
Fascin-1		55k-2	Ovary, Hodgkin s lymphoma	PDM560
Fibronectin		Rabbit	Kidney	PDR170
Flk-1		Rabbit	Angiosarcoma	PDR171
Flt-1		Rabbit	Angiosarcoma	Not available
Galectin-3		H-5	Prostate, Colon Ca	PDM541
Gastrin		Rabbit	Stomach	PDR027
GATA3		L50-823	Breast carcinoma, Urothelial Carcinomas	PDM564
GCDFP-15		DBM15.52	Breast carcinoma	PDM261
GFAP		Rabbit	Brain	PDR028
Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP)		GA5	Brain	PDM008
GLUT-1		Rabbit	Breast carcinoma	Not available
Glycophorin A		JC159	Tonsil, Placenta	PDM124
Glycophorin C		Ret40f	Tonsil	PDM578
Glypican-3		YP7	Thyroid carcinoma, Hepatocellular carcinoma	PDM561
Granzyme B		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR050
Hairy Cell Leukemia		DBA.44	Tonsil	PDM024
Heat Shock Protein 70		W27	Breast carcinoma	PDM597
Helicobacter Pylori		DBM15.75	Infected stomach	PDM559
Helicobacter Pylori		Rabbit	Infected stomach	PDR169
Helicobactor pylori		Rabbit	Infected stomach	PDR053
Hepatitis B Surface Antigen, HBsAg		5C3	Infected liver	PDM570R

Antibody	Click to view details 	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.	Conc.
				RTU	
Hepatocyte		OCH1E5	Liver	PDM162	Mob426
Herpes Simplex Virus II (HSV II)		DBM15.69	Infected tissue	PDM542	Mob542
HSV I		Rabbit	Infected tissue	PDR032	RP018
HHV8		LN53	Karposi sarcoma	PDM395	Mob395
HLA-DR (β chain of DP, DQ & DR)		CR3/43	Tonsil	PDM082R	Mob069R
HPV16		CAMVIR-1	HPV type 16 infected cervix	PDM166	Mob394
HSV Type I and II Cocktail		Rabbit and DBM 15.69	Infected tissue	PDRM001	Not available
Anti-Isocitrate Dehydrogenenase 1 (IDH1)-R132H		HMab-1	Human Glioma tissue	PDM580R	Mob580R
Anti-Isocitrate Dehydrogenenase 1 (IDH1)-R132S		SMab-1	Human Glioma tissue	PDM582R	Mob582R
Iba1		AIF1/1909	Spleen	PDM602	Mob602
IgA		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR017	RP020
IgG		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR018	RP023
IgM		R1/69	Tonsil	PDM053	Mob074
IgM		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR019	RP024
Inhibin		R1	Ovary	PDM178	Mob435
INSM1 (A-8)		A-8	neuroendocrine tumor	PDM586	Mob586
Insulin		K36aC10	Pancreas	PDM270	Mob234
Kappa Light Chain		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR015	RP025
Kappa Light Chain		KP-53	Tonsil	PDM055	Mob544
Ki-67		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR048	RP026
Ki-67 Antigen		SP6	Tonsil	RMPD004	RMAB004
KU (P70)		H-6	Tonsil	Not available	Mob557
Ki67+ p16 Cocktail		SP6 / JC2	Cervical CA	PDRMM001	Not available
Laminin		4C7	skin	PDM568	Mob202
Lysozyme		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR005	RP028
MCM7		MCM7/1466	Tonsil	PDM612	Mob612
Mammaglobin A		EPR 9092	Breast carcinoma	RMPD036	RMAB036
MART-1/Melan A		A103	Melanoma	PDM153	Mob277
Mast Cell Chymase		CC1	Tonsil	PDM159	Mob346
Mast Cell Tryptase		AA1	Tonsil	PDM160	Mob347
Melanoma		HMB45	Melanoma	PDM011	Mob079
Melanoma		PNL2	Melanoma	PDM213	Mob421
Melanoma Pan Cocktail		HMB45 + A103 + T311	Metastatic melanoma in lymph node	PDM146	Mob428
Mesothelin		YP158	Mesothelioma	RMPD107	RMAB107

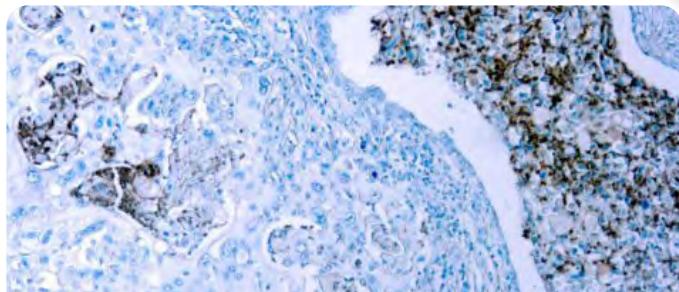
Antibody	Click to view details	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.
			RTU	Conc.
Mesothelioma		HBME-1	Mesothelioma	PDM134
MGMT		MT3.1	Tonsil	PDM423
Microphthalmia		D5	Melanoma	PDM168
Mismatch Repair Protein 2, MSH2		DBM15.82	Tonsil	PDM585
MLH-1		G168-15	Tonsil, Colon carcinoma	PDM148
MMP-9		Rabbit	Breast carcinoma	Not available
MOC-31		MOC-31	Colon and Breast (Normal & Carcinomas)	PDM546
MSH6		44	Tonsil, Colon carcinoma	PDM147
Mucin 5AC		45M1	Stomach	PDM163
MUC1/CA15-3		DBMM1	Breast carcinoma	PDM549
MUM1 Protein		MUM1p	Tonsil	PDM420
Myeloperoxidase		59A5	Tonsil	PDM551
Myeloperoxidase		Rabbit	Tonsil	PDR049
MyoD1		5.2F	Rhabdomyosarcoma	PDM120
Myogenin		F5D	Rhabdomyosarcoma	PDM158
Myosin Skeletal (Fast)		MY32	Skeletal muscle	PDM085
Napsin A		KCG1.1	Lung adenocarcinoma	PDM154
Neurofilaments		2F11	Brain	PDM012
Neuron Specific Enolase		Rabbit	Pancreas	PDR006
Neuron Specific Enolase (NSE)		DBMM4.507	Pancreas, Cerebellum, or Pheochromocytoma	PDM616
NKX2.2		DBM15.15	Ewing's sarcoma	PDM199
NKX3.1		361	Prostate Ca	PDM569
NUT1		DBRRM7.36	Testis	RMPD115R
OCT 3/4		6847R	Seminoma	RMPD113
Prostate Specific Antigen, PSA		Rabbit	Prostate carcinoma	PDR007R
p16		JC2	Uterine cervical squamous cell carcinoma	PDM575
p27 KIP1		DCS-72.F6	Colon carcinoma	PDM245
p40		Rabbit	Prostate	PDR055
p504s		Rabbit	Prostate carcinoma	PDR046
p63/p504s Cocktail		DBR16.1/ Polyclonal	Prostate	PDRMP001
Alpha-Methylacyl-CoA Racemase (AMACR)		13H4	Prostate carcinoma	RMPD078
p53		DO-7	Breast carcinoma	PDM013
p57KIP2		57P06	Colon carcinoma	PDM205

Antibody	Click to view details 	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.	
				RTU	Conc.
p63		DBR16.1	Tonsil, Squamous Lung Carcinoma, Prostate Ca, rnBreast Carcinoma	RMPD086	RMAB086
Pancreatic Polypeptide		Rabbit	Pancreas	Not available	RP030
Pan-TRK		Rabbit	Cerebral cortex tissue	PDR176	RP176
PAX-8		4H7B3	Normal kidney, renal cell, or serous ovarian carcinomas	PDM180	Not available
PCNA		PC10	Tonsil	PDM014	Mob083
PD-1		EH33	Tonsil	PDM573	Mob573
PD-L1		405-9A11	Lung squamous Ca	PDM572	Mob572
Perforin		5B10	Spleen	PDM555	Mob555
Phosphohistone H3 (PHH3)		Rabbit	Melanoma	PDR168	RP168
PIN5 Cocktail		Rabbit	Prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN)	PDR057	Not available
PLAP		SP15	Placenta	RMPD017	RMAB017
PMS2		A16-4	Tonsil, Colon carcinoma	PDM171	Not available
Pneumocystis carinii		3F6	Infected lung	PDM584	Mob091
Podoplanin		D2-40	Tonsil	PDM558	Mob558
PRAME		EPR20330	Melanoma	RMPD109	RMAB109
Progesterone Receptor (PR)		SP2	Breast carcinoma	RMPD002	RMAB002
PSA		35H9	Prostate carcinoma	PDM548R	Mob548R
PSAP		PASE/4LJ	Prostate carcinoma	PDM037	Mob085
PTEN		6H2.1	Breast, Renal cell and Prostate carcinomas	PDM574	Mob574
Rad51		51RAD01	Testis	Not available	Mob324
Renal Cell Carcinoma		PN-15	Normal kidney or renal cell carcinoma	PDM169	Mob465
Retinoblastoma Protein		1F8	Colon carcinoma	PDM111	Mob220
ROS1		EPMGHR2	Lung carcinoma	RMPD108	Not available
RPA/p32		9H8	Tonsil	Not available	Mob329
S-100		SH-B1	Melanoma	PDM088	Mob111
S-100		4C4.9	Melanoma	PDM194	Mob377
S-100		Rabbit	Melanoma	PDR008	RP035
SALL4		6E3	Seminoma	PDM591	Mob591
SATB2		EP 281	Colon Carcinoma	RMPD112	RMAB112
STAT6 – IVD (Outside Europe)		D-1	Solitary fibrous tumor	PDM605	Mob605
STAT6 – RUO (Europe)		D-1	Solitary fibrous tumor	PDM605R	Mob605R

Antibody	Click to view details	Clone (Species)	Positive Control	Catalog No.
			RTU	Conc.
Smad4		Rabbit	Colon Ca, Pancreas Ca	PDR173
Smooth Muscle Myosin		SMMS-1	Colon, Appendix	PDM175
SOX10		20B7	Melanoma	PDM565
SOX-10 (Melanoma Marker)		EP268	Melanoma	RMPD077
Synaptophysin (SYP02)		SYP02	Pancreas	PDM592
Synaptophysin		SP11	Pancreas	RMPD018
TAG-72/CA 72-4		B72.3	Breast carcinoma	PDM100
Tau (Neurofibrillary Tangles Marker)		Tau46	Alzheimer brain	Not available
Tdt		SEN 28	Thymus	PDM096
Thrombospondin		A6.1	Tonsil	Not available
Thyroglobulin		1D4	Thyroid	PDM576
Thyroid Peroxidase		MoAb47	Thyroid	Not available
TIMP-2		3A4	Colon carcinoma	PDM318
TNF-Alpha		DBM15.28	Pancreas, Colon, Histiocytoma	PDM230
TRAcP		DBM15.2	Spleen	PDM203
Transglutaminase II		CUB 7402	Breast carcinoma	Not available
Treponema Pallidum		2121	T. Pallidum Infected Tissue	PDM577
TRPS1		EPR16171	Breast carcinoma	RMPD114
TTF-1 (Thyroid Transcription Factor-1)		8G7G3/1	Lung	PDM104
Tyrosinase		T311	Melanoma	PDM150
Uroplakin 3B		DBRRM3.66	Bladder	RMPD117R
Uroplakin II & III Cocktail		AU1 and Rabbit Polyclonal	Bladder Ca.	PDRM002
Uroplakin II (UPK2)		Rabbit Polyclonal	Bladder Ca.	PDR177
Uroplakin III (AU1)		AU1	Bladder Ca.	PDM594
Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor(VEGF)		VG1	Angiosarcoma	PDM165
Villin		1D2C3	Intestine	PDM590
Vimentin		V9	Tonsil, Sarcoma	PDM029
Wilms Tumor 1 Protein (WT1)		6F-H2	Wilms tumor	PDM177
				Mob437

New Antibodies

New antibodies developed by Diagnostic BioSystems go through a rigorous development process to ensure the laboratory is provided the right tools for a highly technical, ever changing job. Our products and procedures are validated to the ISO 13485 medical device standard, ensuring lot-to-lot reliability and performance. At Diagnostic BioSystems, we take pride in the quality of our primary antibodies and stand by every product that is shipped from our facility to perform at the highest level of customer satisfaction.



Formalin-fixed paraffin embedded human Lung Carcinoma stained with A20

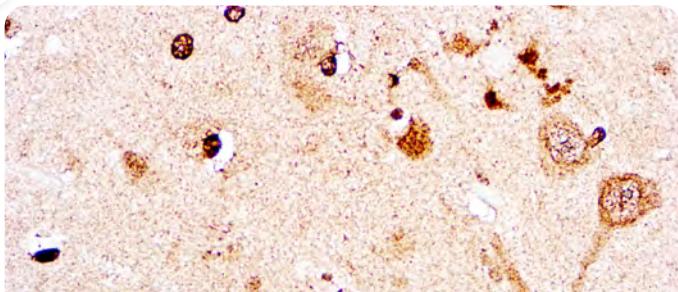
A20



Catalog No.:	Mob598 Concentrated PDM598 Prediluted
Clone:	A-12
Immunogen:	Raised against amino acids 1-100 of A20 of human origin
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Lung Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

A20 is induced by tumor necrosis factor (TNF) and interleukin 1 (IL-1), and acts as a negative regulator of nuclear factor kB (NFkB) gene expression. By inhibiting NFkB activation, A20 plays a critical role in terminating NFkB responses to various stimuli. A20 also interacts with several other proteins, such as TRAF2, TRAF6 and IκB kinase (IKK) γ protein, and can thereby inhibit cell death. Involved in the negative feedback regulation of signal transduction, A20 and A20-binding proteins may be useful as novel therapeutic tools in the treatment of a variety of diseases.

NEW



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human brain stained with APP

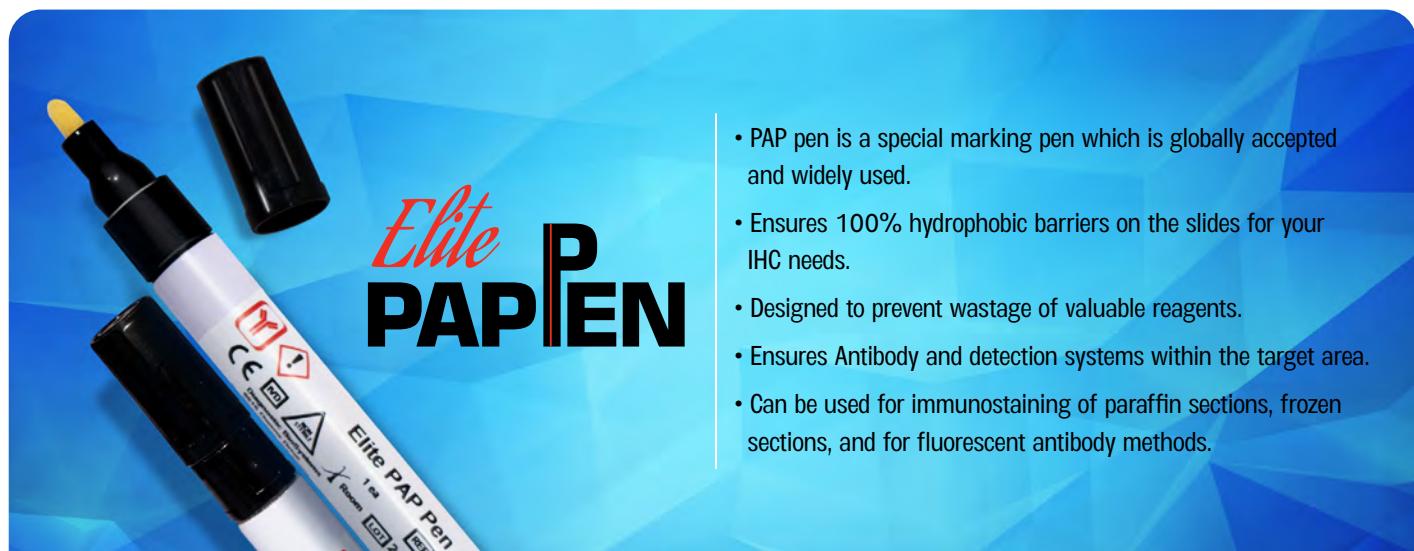
Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP)



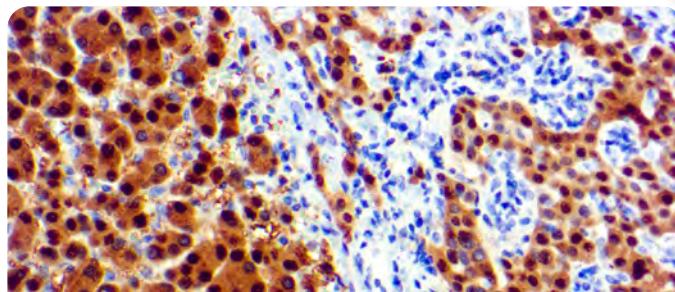
Catalog No.:	RP123 Concentrated PDR178 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit Polyclonal
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to C-terminal of human APP
Positive Control:	Brain

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic, Extracellular

This antibody reacts with a 95-100 kDa protein. This antibody recognizes amyloid precursor proteins APP695, APP751 and APP770. Amyloid precursor protein and APP-like proteins are transmembrane glycoproteins with a similar modular domain structure.



- PAP pen is a special marking pen which is globally accepted and widely used.
- Ensures 100% hydrophobic barriers on the slides for your IHC needs.
- Designed to prevent wastage of valuable reagents.
- Ensures Antibody and detection systems within the target area.
- Can be used for immunostaining of paraffin sections, frozen sections, and for fluorescent antibody methods.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human hepatocellular carcinoma stained with Arginase 1

Arginase 1

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob484 Concentrated
PDM197 Prediluted

Clone: DBM15.12

Immunogen: Recombinant fragment (87 Amino acid residues around aa 1- 150) of human ARG1 protein

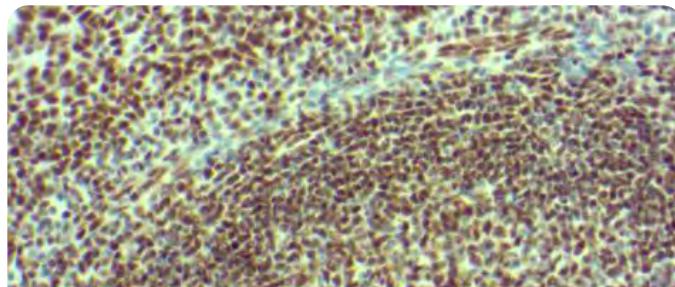
Isotype: IgG3, kappa

Positive Control: Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC)

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Arginase is a manganese metallo-enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis of arginine to generate ornithine and urea. Arginase I and II are isoenzymes which differ in subcellular localization, regulation, and possibly function. Arginase I is a cytosolic enzyme, which is expressed mainly in the liver as part of the urea cycle, whereas arginase II is a mitochondrial protein found in a variety of tissues.

Antibody to ARG-1 labels hepatocytes in normal tissues and granulocytes in peripheral blood. ARG-1 is a sensitive and specific marker for identification of hepatocellular carcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Pancreas stained with ATRX

ATRX

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob600 Concentrated
PDM600 Prediluted

Clone: D-5

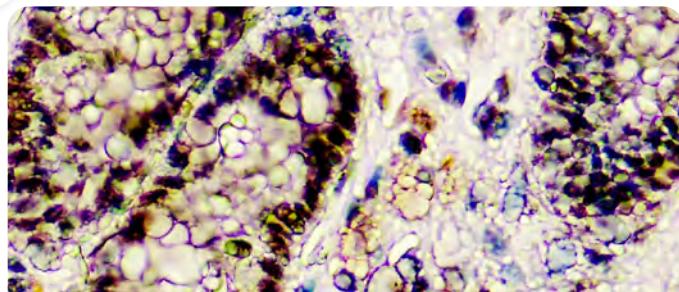
Immunogen: Raised against amino acids 2193-2492 mapping near the C-terminus of ATRX of human origin

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation X-linked (ATRX) is a transcriptional regulator and Helicase that belongs to the Snf2 family of chromatin remodelling proteins. Mutations in the ATRX gene correlates with a high incidence of severe X-linked form of syndromal mental retardation associated with a thalassemia or ATRX syndrome.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with BAP1

BAP1

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob603 Concentrated
PDM603 Prediluted

Clone: BAP1/2667

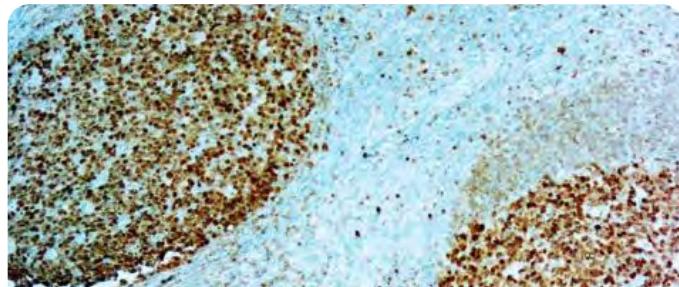
Immunogen: Recombinant human BAP1 protein fragment (aa191-aa326, exact sequence is proprietary)

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Breast Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear and Cytoplasmic

BAP1 (BRCA1-Associated Protein 1) was initially identified as a protein that binds to BRCA1. BAP1 is a tumor suppressor that is believed to mediate its effects through chromatin modulation, transcriptional regulation, and possibly via the ubiquitin-proteasome system and the DNA damage response pathway. BAP1 immunohistochemistry is particularly useful in differentiating malignant mesothelioma (nuclear negative) vs. reactive mesothelial proliferation (nuclear positive).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with BOB.1

BOB.1

IVD

Catalog No.: RMAB110 Concentrated
RMPD110 Prediluted

Clone: SP92

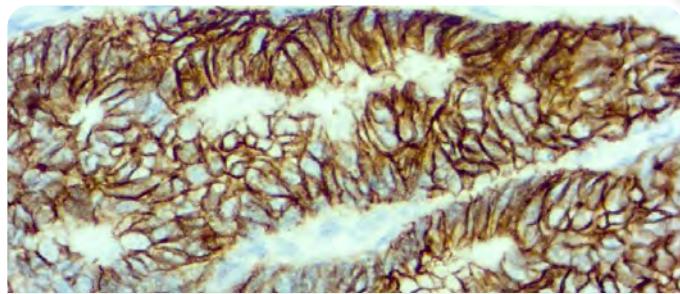
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within Human BOB1 aa 200 to the C-terminus (C terminal). The exact sequence is proprietary

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Transcriptional coactivator that specifically associates with either OCT1 or OCT2. It boosts the OCT1 mediated promoter activity and to a lesser extent, that of OCT2. It has no intrinsic DNA binding activity. It recognizes the POU domains of OCT1 and OCT2. It is essential for the response of B-cells to antigens and required for the formation of germinal centers.



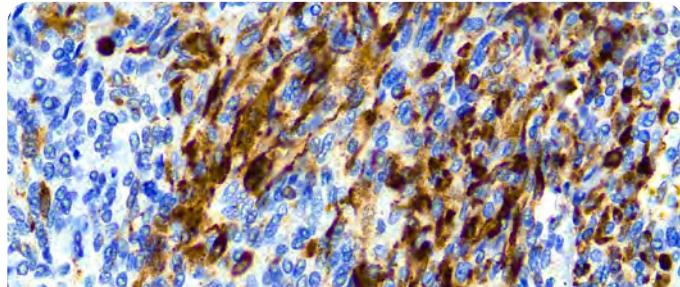
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colorectal carcinoma and normal colon stained with Cadherin 17

Cadherin 17



Catalog No.:	Mob604R Concentrated PDM604R Prediluted
Clone:	1H3
Immunogen:	Recombinant human cadherin 17 protein fragment (aa 24 -aa 131)
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Colorectal Carcinoma and normal colon
Cellular Localization:	Membranous and cytoplasmic

Cadherin-17, also called liver-intestine cadherin, is a calcium-dependent transmembrane glycoprotein that mediates cell-cell adhesion in intestinal epithelium. In human, expression of cadherin-17 is limited to intestinal epithelial cells and is not found in the liver. Among normal tissues, the expression of cadherin-17 was limited to epithelial cells of small intestine and colon. It has been shown to be a useful marker for distinguishing between gastrointestinal adenocarcinoma and pancreatic adenocarcinoma.



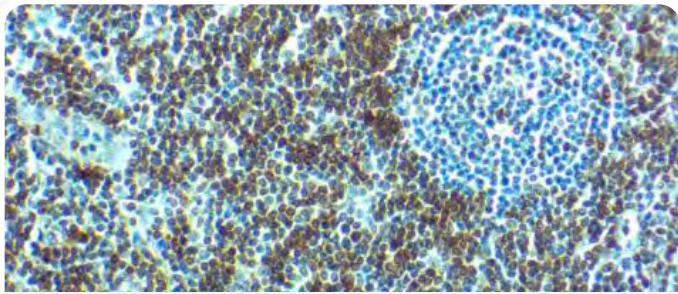
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Mesothelioma stained with Calretinin (H-5)

Calretinin (H-5)



Catalog No.:	Mob593 Concentrated PDM593 Prediluted
Clone:	H-5
Immunogen:	specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 2-27 at the N-terminus of Calretinin of human origin
Isotype:	IgG2b, Kappa
Positive Control:	Mesothelioma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Calretinin is an intracellular calcium-binding protein belonging to the troponin C superfamily characterized by a structural motif described as the EF-hand domain. The intensity of staining increases as the cerebellum matures. In tumors, calretinin has been detected in mesotheliomas and some pulmonary adenocarcinomas.



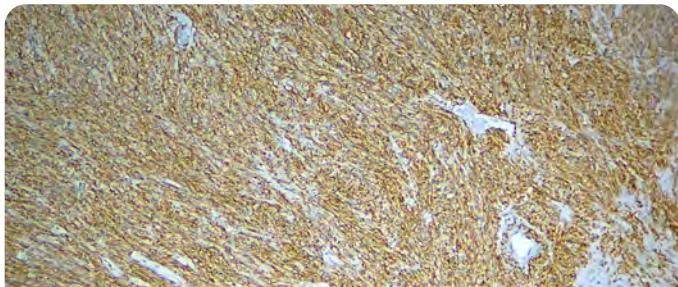
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue stained with CD7

CD7



Catalog No.:	Mob599 Concentrated PDM599 Prediluted
Clone:	CBC.37.80
Immunogen:	a T lymphoblastoid cell line, established from a patient with acute lymphoblastic leukemia
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell surface/membrane

CD7 is expressed by most peripheral blood T cells, NK cells, and all thymocytes. It is one of the earliest surface antigens on T and NK-cell lineages. The antibody is a useful aid for classification of T-cell malignancies



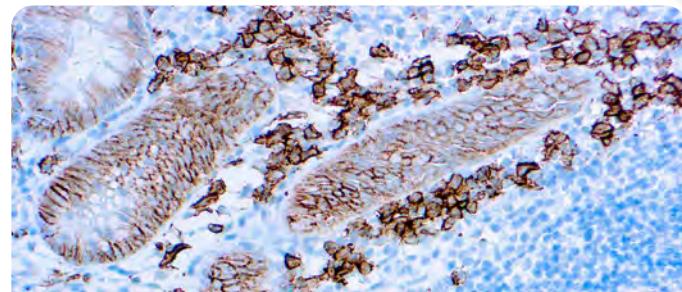
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human GIST stained with CD117/c-kit.

CD117/c-kit



Catalog No.:	RMAB119 Concentrated RMPD119 Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM1.17
Immunogen:	Recombinant human full KIT protein fragments (around aa 50- 200)
Isotype:	IgG, Kappa
Positive Control:	GIST
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell surface

This antibody reacts with a 145 kDa protein. CD117/c-kit is a transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinase and is expressed in many tissues and cells. CD117/c-kit is involved in the development of several lineages of stem cells, such as germ cells, neural crest derived melanocytes and hematopoietic precursor cells. This antibody can be used in the identification of gastrointestinal stromal tumors.



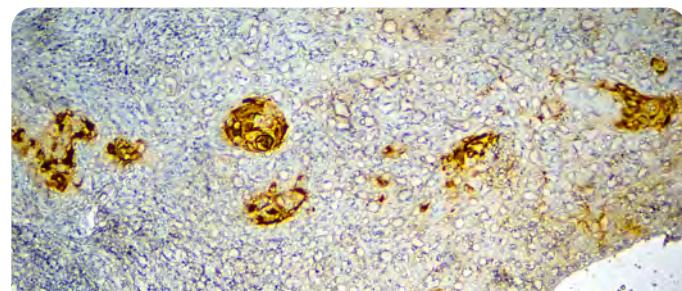
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue stained with CD138

CD138

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob588 Concentrated PDM588 Prediluted
Clone:	B-A38
Immunogen:	U266 cell line
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

CD138, also known as Syndecan-1, is a member of the transmembrane heparan sulfate proteoglycan family, acts as an extracellular matrix receptor and is involved in many cellular functions, including cell-cell adhesion and cell-matrix adhesion. CD138 expression is found in both hematopoietic and non-hematopoietic cells. In the hematopoietic system, CD138 labels plasma cells. It is an excellent marker for plasmacytic differentiation within the spectrum of hematologic malignancy. Among non-hematolymphoid cells, CD138 reactivity is observed in many types of epithelial cells and stoma cells in both normal and tumor tissues.



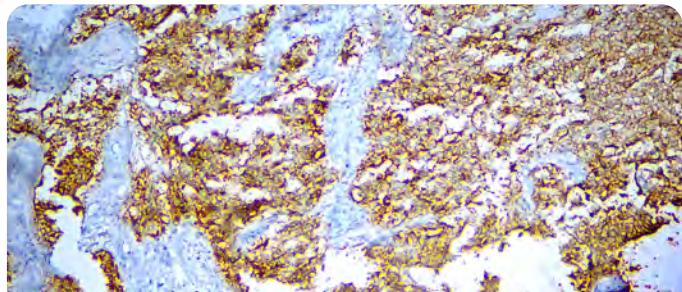
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human esophageal carcinoma tissue stained with CEACAM5

CEACAM5

RUO

Catalog No.:	RMAB118R Concentrated RMPD118R Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM2.85
Immunogen:	Recombinant human CEA protein fragment
Isotype:	IgG, kappa
Positive Control:	Colon Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell Surface

CEACAM are a family of Cell surface glycoproteins implicated in Cell adhesion and signaling as well as promotion of cancer progression and metastasis and are promising targets for novel anticancer agents. CEACAM5 is overexpressed in many epithelial tumors compared with normal tissue, and its presence appears to facilitate tumorigenesis and metastasis.



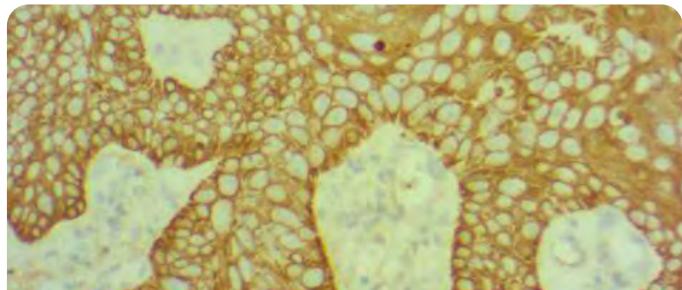
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human gastric carcinoma tissue stained with Claudin18.2

Claudin 18.2

RUO

Catalog No.:	RMAB116R Concentrated RMPD116R Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM1.82
Immunogen:	Recombinant human Claudin18.2 protein fragment (around aa 1-100)
Isotype:	IgG, kappa
Positive Control:	Stomach
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

Claudins are protein family and represent tight cell junctions in epithelial cells. One of the important protein is Claudin18, which is located on the epithelial cell surface. In particular, CLDN18.2 is a highly selective gastric lineage marker expressed in short lived differential cells but not in stem cell zone of stomach mucosa. A frequent CLDN18.2 alteration reported in different tumor types, including gastric, pancreaticobiliary, esophageal, Ovarian and non-small cell lung cancers. A higher prevalence of claudin18.2 positive gastric cancer, 38.4% of patients were deemed to have claudin18.2 positive tumors.



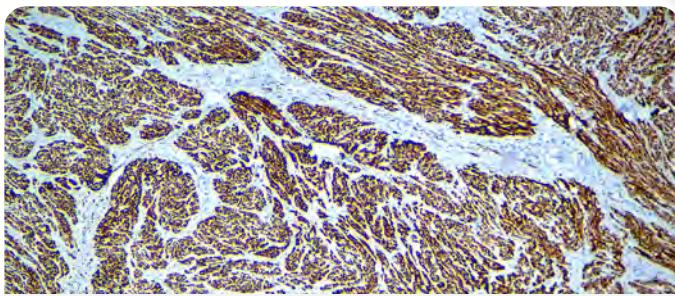
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue stained with CKAE1/AE3/8+18 cocktail

Cytokeratin

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob60 Concentrated PDM601 Prediluted
Clone:	AE1+AE3+ 5D3
Immunogen:	Human epidermal keratin +Cytoskeleton preparation from human breast cancer MCF-7 cells
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Squamous Lung Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

AE1/AE3 is a broad-spectrum anti pan-keratin antibody cocktail, which differentiates epithelial tumors from non-epithelial tumors e.g., squamous vs. adenocarcinoma of the lung, liver carcinoma, breast cancer, and esophageal cancer.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Leiomyoma stained with Desmin (DE R 11)

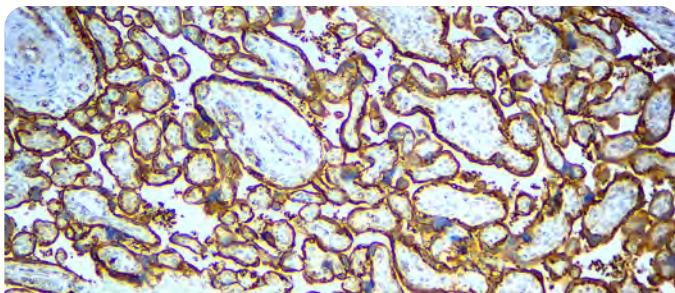
Desmin (DE-R-11)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob610 Concentrated PDM610 Prediluted, PDM610-HL
Clone:	DE-R-11
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with purified desmin from human muscle.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Leiomyoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Desmin, a 469 amino acid protein found near the Z line in sarcomeres, is expressed more frequently in adult differentiated state tissues. Anti-desmin detects cells of normal smooth, skeletal, and cardiac muscles. Antibody reacts with leiomyomas, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyomas, rhabdomyosarcoma, and perivascular cells of glomus tumors of the skin.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placental tissue stained with EGFR

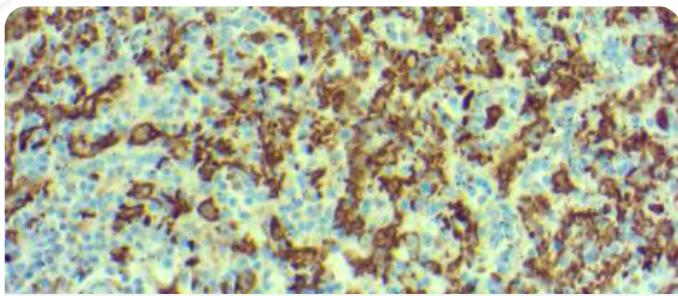
Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFR)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob615 Concentrated PDM615 Prediluted
Clone:	A-10
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 1114-1147 at the C terminus
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Placenta
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane

The epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) is a 170 kDa transmembrane protein consisting of an extracellular EGF-binding domain, a short transmembrane region and an intracellular domain with ligand-activated tyrosine kinase activity. EGFR is expressed in many normal epithelial tissues, particularly in the basal layers of stratified epithelium and in squamous epithelium. Over expression of EGFR has been observed in many types of neoplasia, as a result of gene amplification and/or increased protein transcription.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human spleen tissue stained with Iba1

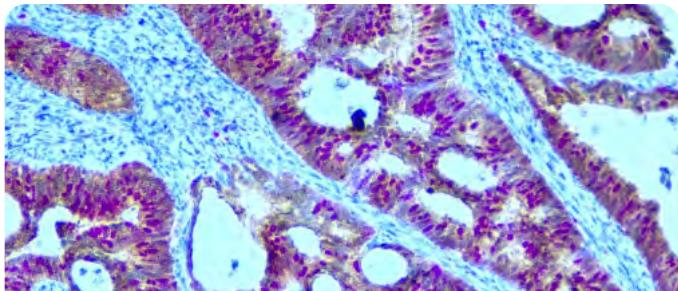
Iba1



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob602 Concentrated PDM602 Prediluted
Clone:	AIF1
Immunogen:	Purified fragment of human recombinant AIF1 protein (around aa 1-146) (exact sequence is proprietary)
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Spleen
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and Cell Surface

Actin-binding protein that enhances membrane ruffling and RAC activation. Enhances the actin-bundling activity of LCP1. Binds calcium. Plays a role in RAC signaling and in phagocytosis. AIF1 colocalizes with actin, and upon stimulation, translocates to lamellipodia. It is also a marker of human microglia and is expressed by macrophages in injured skeletal muscle.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Cervical stained with Ki67+ p16 Cocktail antibody

Ki67+ p16 Cocktail

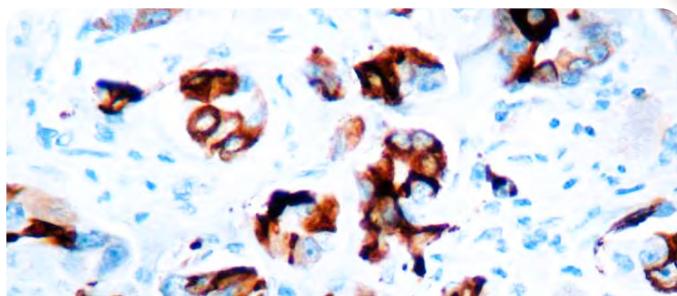


IVD

RUO

Catalog No.:	PDRMM001, PDRMM001R Prediluted
Clone:	SP6 / JC2
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide from 62 base pair region of the human Ki-67 antigen. And purified recombinant prokaryotic full length human P16 INK4 protein
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG / IgG2a
Positive Control:	Cervical CA
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and Nuclear

P16 is of great significance for the screening of cervical cancer, but by itself may not be sufficient for diagnosis. Ki-67 is a nuclear antigen that can be detected in the non-G0 phase of the cell cycle, marking the process of cell proliferation. Combined detection of Ki-67 and P16 protein has a high application prospect as an auxiliary identification of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia and squamous cell carcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast stained with Mammaglobin-A

Mammaglobin-A

IVD

Catalog No.: RMAB036 Concentrated
RMPD036 Prediluted

Clone: EPR9092

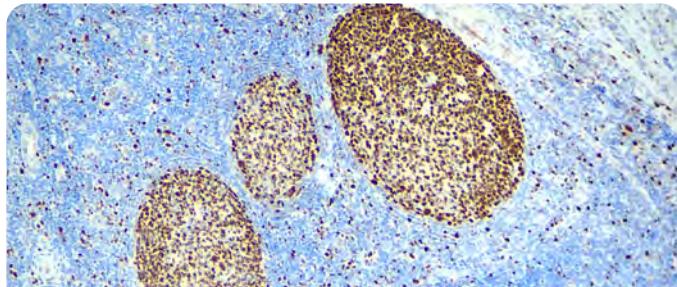
Immunogen: A recombinant protein fragment corresponding to human Mammaglobin A

Isotype: Rabbit IgG

Positive Control: Breast carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Mammaglobin-A is highly overexpressed in breast cancer cell lines and primary breast tumors. This pattern of expression is restricted to mammary epithelium and metastatic breast tumors. Thus, mammaglobin-A- specific T cell immune responses may provide an important approach for the design of breast cancer-specific immunotherapy.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with MCM7.

MCM7

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.: Mob612, Mob612R - Concentrated
PDM612, PDM612R - Prediluted

Clone: MCM7/1466

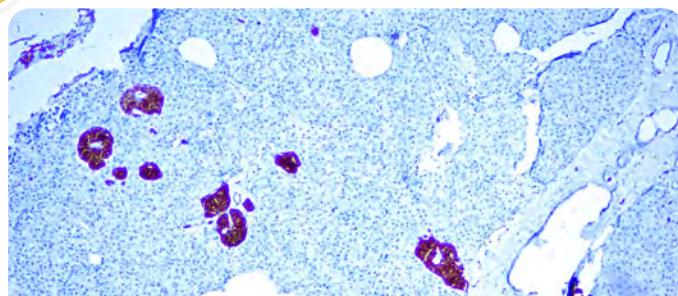
Immunogen: Recombinant human MSM7 protein fragment

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

MCM7 is one of the highly conserved mini-chromosome maintenance proteins (MCM) that is essential for the initiation of eukaryotic genome replication. The MCM complex consisting of this protein and MCM2, 4 and 6 proteins possesses DNA helicase activity, and may act as a DNA unwinding enzyme. Cyclin D1-dependent kinase, CDK4, is found to associate with this protein, and may regulate the binding of this protein with the tumor suppressor protein RB1/RB.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Pancreas stained with NSE

Neuron Specific Enolase (NSE)

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob616 Concentrated
PDM616 Prediluted

Clone: DBMM4.507

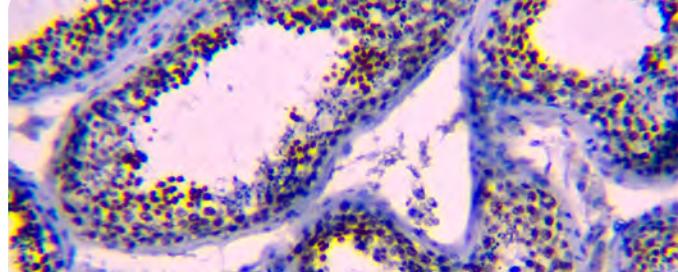
Immunogen: Recombinant fragment of human NSE gamma (around aa 416-433)

Isotype: IgG2b/kappa

Positive Control: Pancreas, Cerebellum, or Pheochromocytoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It is usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human testicular tissue stained with NUT1

NUT1

RUO

Catalog No.: RMAB115R Concentrated
RMPD115R Prediluted

Clone: DBRRM7.36

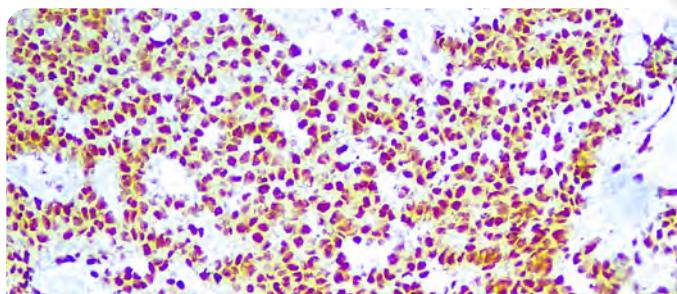
Immunogen: Recombinant human NUT1 protein fragment (around aa 900-1100)

Isotype: IgG, kappa

Positive Control: Testis

Cellular Localization: Nuclear, Cytoplasmic

NUTM1 is a Protein coding gene. Diseases associated with NUTM1 include NUT Midline Carcinoma and Spindle cell Carcinoma. The molecular weight of this antigen is 120kDa. Among its related pathways are Chromatin regulation/ Acetylation. An important paralog of this gene is NUTM2G. Plays a role in the regulation of proliferation. Regulates TERT expression by modulating SP1 binding to TERT promoter binding sites.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human seminoma stained with OCT 3/4

OCT 3/4



Catalog No.:	RMAB113 Concentrated RMPD113 Prediluted
Clone:	OCT4/6847R
Immunogen:	Rabbit injected with synthetic peptide of human OCT-3/4 origin
Isotype:	IgG Kappa
Positive Control:	Seminoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

OCT-3/4 (also known as POU5F1) is a transcription factor that has been recognized as fundamental in the maintenance of pluripotency in embryonic stem cells and primordial germ cells. It has been proposed as a useful marker for germ cell tumors (GCT) that exhibit features of pluripotentiality (seminoma/dysgerminoma, germinoma and embryonal carcinoma). OCT-3/4 immunostaining has been shown to be sensitive and specific for GCT, whether in primary gonadal or extragonadal sites or in metastatic lesions.



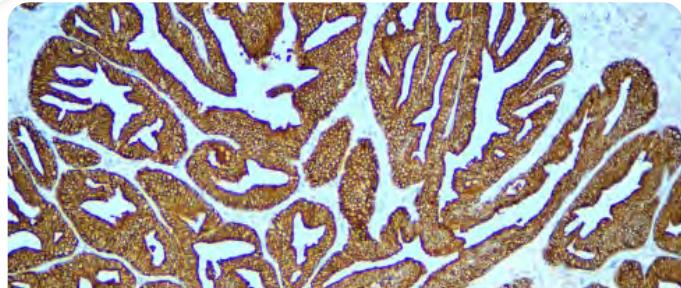
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Prostate stained with p63/p504s Cocktail.

p63/p504s Cocktail



Catalog No.:	PDRMP001 Concentrated PDRMP001R Concentrated
Clone:	DBR 16.1/Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Recombinant human p63 protein fragment + Synthetic human AMACR peptide
Isotype:	IgG/N/A
Positive Control:	Prostate
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear and Cytoplasmic

p63 is a homolog of the tumor suppressor p53. p63 is selectively expressed by normal prostate basal cells and useful in the differential diagnosis of benign prostatic lesions and prostatic carcinoma. The expression of p504S protein is found in prostatic adenocarcinoma. It stains premalignant lesions of prostate: high-grade prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN) and atypical adenomatous hyperplasia. P504S can be used as a positive marker for PIN.



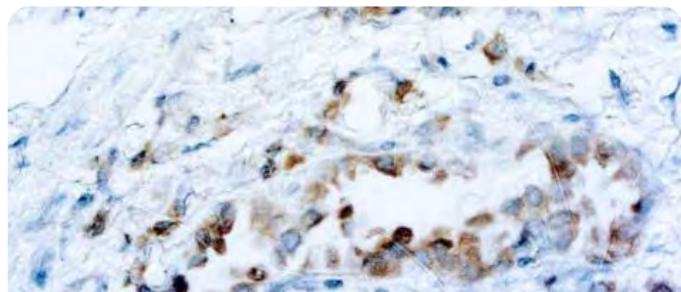
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Prostate carcinoma stained with PSA.

Prostate Specific Antigen, PSA



Catalog No.:	PDR007R Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Prostate specific antigen isolated from human seminal plasma
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Prostate carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with PSA. The staining was observed in the prostatic ductal epithelium of normal and neoplastic prostate. No staining with any other cell type has been observed.



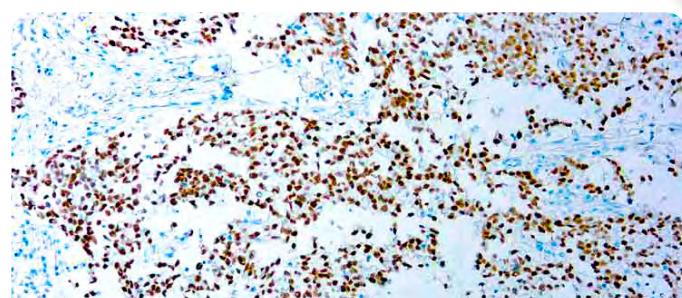
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Lung carcinoma stained with ROS1.

ROS1



Catalog No.:	RMPD108 Prediluted
Clone:	EPMGHR2
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide within Human ROS1 aa 2050-2150. The exact sequence is proprietary
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Lung carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Diffuse Cytoplasmic

ROS1 rearrangements occur infrequently in lung ACA, however given the frequency of lung cancer in the population, ROS1-rearranged tumors represent a significant number of cancer patients. ROS1 gene rearrangements are reported in 1–2% of lung adenocarcinomas (ACA) and are associated with response to the multitargeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor, crizotinib. ROS IHC can be readily incorporated into the diagnostic surgical pathology workup of lung adenocarcinoma, with results confirmed by FISH as needed.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human seminoma stained with SALL4

SALL4

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob591 Concentrated
PDM591 Prediluted

Clone: 6E3

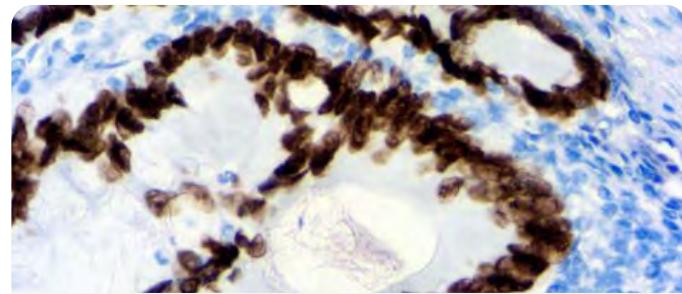
Immunogen: SALL4 (partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa)

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Seminoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Sal-like protein 4 (SALL4) is a zinc-finger transcription factor that serves as a master regulator of embryonic pluripotency and is involved in processes associated with stem cell activities. SALL4 expression in germ cells makes it a useful marker for germ cell tumors such as seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, yolk sac tumors and teratomas. SALL4 expression is also seen in the spermatogonia of normal testis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with SATB2

SATB2

IVD

Catalog No.: RMAB112 Concentrated
RMPD112 Prediluted

Clone: EP 281

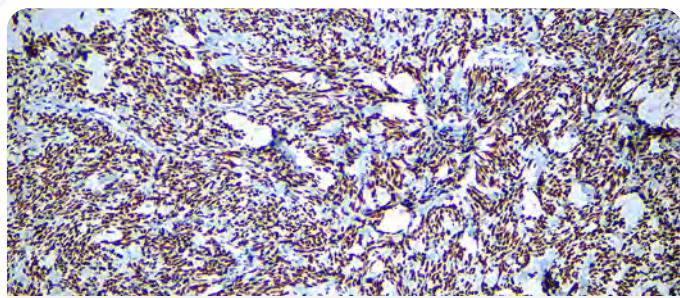
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to human SATB2

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Colon Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Special AT-rich sequence-binding protein 2 (SATB2) is a recently described marker that functions as a nuclear matrix-associated transcription factor. It has been reported that SATB2, in combination with CK20, could identify almost all colorectal carcinomas, including poorly differentiated colorectal carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Solitary fibrous tumor stained with STAT6

STAT6 – Outside Europe

Catalog No. Mob605 Concentrated
IVD (Outside Europe): PDM605 Prediluted

Catalog No. Mob605R Concentrated
RUO (Europe): PDM605R Prediluted

Clone: D-1

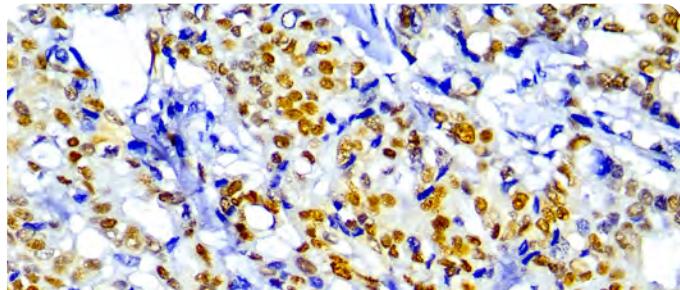
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 799-823 at the C-terminus

Isotype: IgG2b

Positive Control: Solitary fibrous tumor

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Solitary fibrous tumor (SFT) is a fibroblastic neoplasm of variable biologic potential that can arise at a wide range of anatomic sites. Almost all cases of (98%) including conventional, cellular, atypical, and malignant variants showed nuclear expression of STAT6. Staining for STAT6 was usually diffuse: 68% of cases showed reactivity for STAT6 in 75% of tumor cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Breast carcinoma stained with TRPS1

TRPS1

Catalog No.: RMAB114 Concentrated
RMPD114 Prediluted

Clone: EPR16171

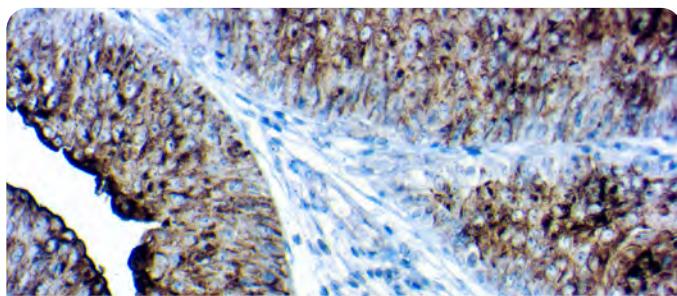
Immunogen: Recombinant human TRPS1 protein fragment

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Breast carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

TRPS1, Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome type 1, is a recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody that helps in the identification of breast carcinoma, invasive or in situ. It provides good values in differentiating between primary and metastatic breast carcinoma in various body sites. It has been reported 1-4 that TRPS1 and GATA3 had comparable positive expressions in ER-positive (98% vs. 95%) and HER2-positive (87% vs. 88%) breast carcinomas.



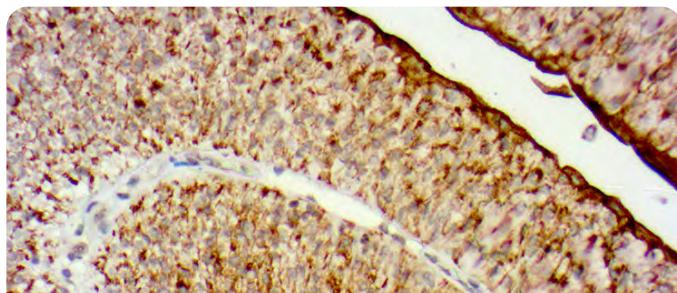
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Bladder Carcinoma stained with Uroplakin II & III Cocktail

Uroplakin II & III Cocktail



Catalog No.:	RPM001 Concentrated PDRM002 Prediluted
Clone:	AU1 and Rabbit Polyclonal
Immunogen:	UPII: Peptide-KLH conjugate, UPIII: Raised in mouse using AUM preparation from bovine urinary bladder as the immunogen
Positive Control:	Bladder Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and Membranous

Uroplakins (UPs) are a family of transmembrane proteins (UPs Ia, Ib, II and III) that are specific differentiation products of urothelial cells. In non- neoplastic mammalian urothelium, UPs are expressed in the luminal surface plasmalemma of superficial (umbrella) cells, Uroplakin II/III cocktail is specific for tumors of urothelial origin and, when used in combination with other markers, can aid in the diagnosis of primary and metastatic tumors.



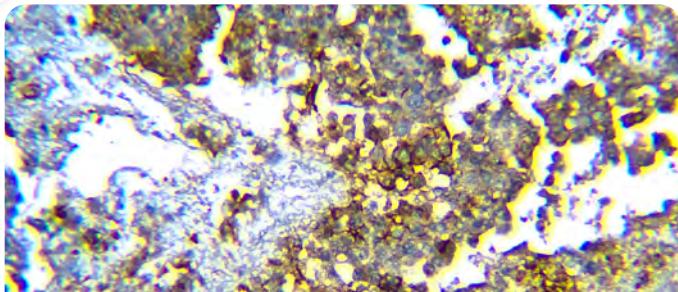
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Bladder carcinoma stained with Uroplakin II (UPK2)

Uroplakin II (UPK2)



Catalog No.:	RP177 Concentrated PDR177 Prediluted
Clone:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Peptide-KLH conjugate
Positive Control:	Bladder Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and Membranous

Uroplakins (UPs) are a family of transmembrane proteins (UPs Ia, Ib, II and III) that are specific differentiation products of urothelial cells. Uroplakins are markers of terminally differentiated urothelium. Uroplakin II (UPII) is a newly described sensitive marker for urothelial carcinoma (UC). The expression profile of UPII in different types of UC and its utility in the diagnostic setting are needed.



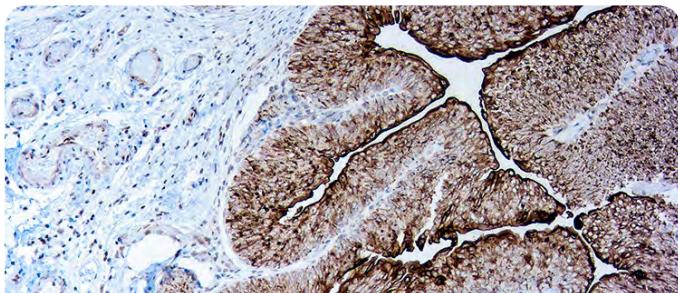
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human urothelial carcinoma tissue stained with Uroplakin 3B

Uroplakin 3B



Catalog No.:	RMAB117R Concentrated RMPD117R Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM3.66
Immunogen:	Recombinant human Uroplakin 3Bprotein fragment (around aa 100-300)
Isotype:	IgG, kappa
Positive Control:	Bladder
Cellular Localization:	Membranous

Uroplakin 3B is expressed on the surface of urothelial epithelial and mesothelial. Its antibody is very useful in identifying urothelial and mesothelial origin of cancers by immunohistochemistry. This protein encoded by this gene is a member of transmembrane 4 superfamily. The protein mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation.



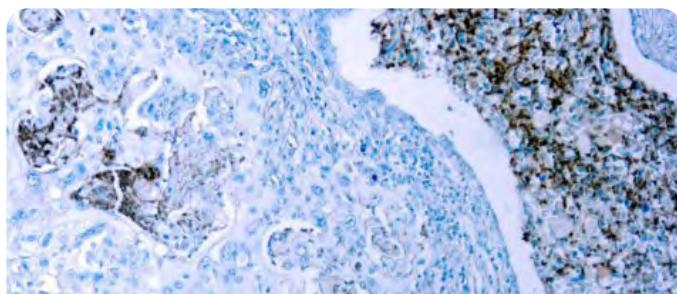
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Bladder carcinoma stained with Uroplakin III (AU1)

Uroplakin III (AU1)



Catalog No.:	Mob594 Concentrated PDM594 Prediluted
Clone:	AU1
Immunogen:	Raised in mouse using AUM preparation from bovine urinary bladder as the immunogen
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Bladder Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and Membranous

Uroplakins (UPs) are a family of transmembrane proteins (Ups Ia, Ib, II and III) that are specific differentiation products of urothelial cells. UPIII is specific for tumors of urothelial origin and, when used in combination with other markers, can aid in the diagnosis of primary and metastatic tumors.

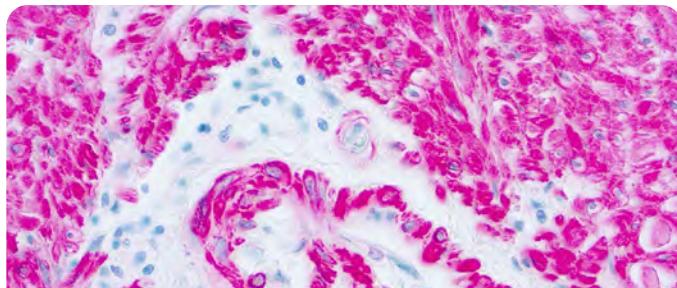


Formalin-fixed paraffin embedded human Lung Carcinoma stained with A20

A20

Catalog No.:	Mob598 Concentrated PDM598 Prediluted
Clone:	A-12
Immunogen:	Raised against amino acids 1-100 of A20 of human origin
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Lung Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

A20 is induced by tumor necrosis factor (TNF) and interleukin 1 (IL-1), and acts as a negative regulator of nuclear factor kB (NFkB) gene expression. By inhibiting NFkB activation, A20 plays a critical role in terminating NFkB responses to various stimuli. A20 also interacts with several other proteins, such as TRAF2, TRAF6 and I kB kinase (IKK) g protein, and can thereby inhibit cell death. Involved in the negative feedback regulation of signal transduction, A20 and A20-binding proteins may be useful as novel therapeutic tools in the treatment of a variety of diseases.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human large intestine stained with Actin, Smooth Muscle

Actin, α -Smooth Muscle

Catalog No.:	Mob001 Concentrated PDM003 Prediluted
Clone:	1A4
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with N-terminal decapeptide of α -smooth muscle actin.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Leiomyoma, Colon
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to α -smooth muscle isoform of actin. It reacts with smooth muscle cells of vessels and different parenchymas. This antibody does not cross-react with β and γ -cytoplasmic, α -sarcomeric and α -myocardial actin isoforms.

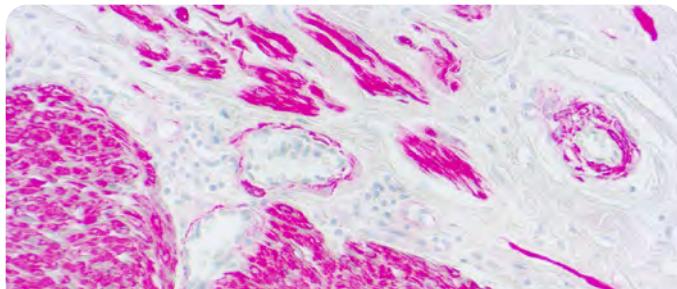


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skeletal muscle stained with Actin, Sarcomeric

Actin, Sarcomeric

Catalog No.:	Mob128 Concentrated PDM099 Prediluted
Clone:	5C5
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified rabbit striated muscle actin.
Isotype:	IgM
Positive Control:	Skeletal muscle
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Monoclonal anti- α -sarcomeric actin has been used as a marker for rhabdomyosarcoma. This antibody is specific to α -skeletal and α -cardiac muscle actins. It does not react with smooth muscle tissue.

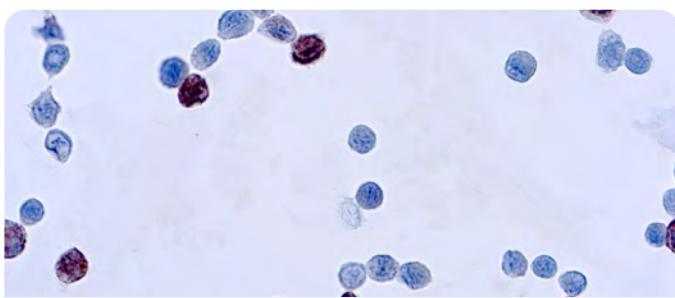


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human large intestine stained with Actin, Muscle Specific

Actin, Muscle Specific

Catalog No.:	Mob002 Concentrated PDM002 Prediluted
Clone:	HHF35
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with SDS extracted protein from human myocardium.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Skeletal muscle
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to α and γ specific actin isomers from skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscle but does not recognize β and nonsmooth muscle γ actin isomers.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human adenovirus infected tissue stained with Adenovirus

Adenovirus



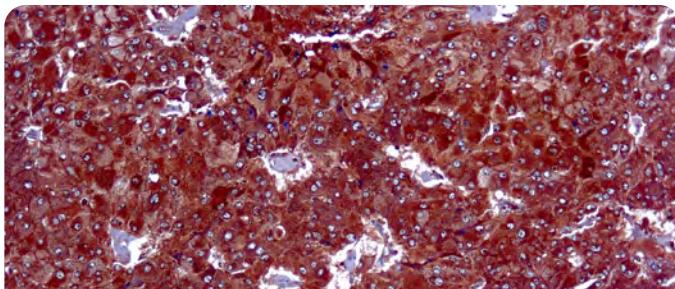
IVD RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob355, Mob355R - Concentrated
Clone:	M58+M73
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with adenovirus.
Isotype:	M58, IgG2a, kappa; M73, IgG2a, kappa

Positive Control: Adenovirus infected tissue

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody reacts with adenovirus. The adenovirus early gene product E1A is a potent stimulator of cellular proliferation, which when overexpressed can overcome the growth-inhibitory effects of TGF- β . The E1A region encodes a series of related proteins (35-46 kDa) with multifunctional capabilities and forms a specific complex with the retinoblastoma tumor suppressor gene product. The E1A and E1B regions together comprise the transforming region of adenovirus.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded adrenal carcinoma stained with Adipophilin

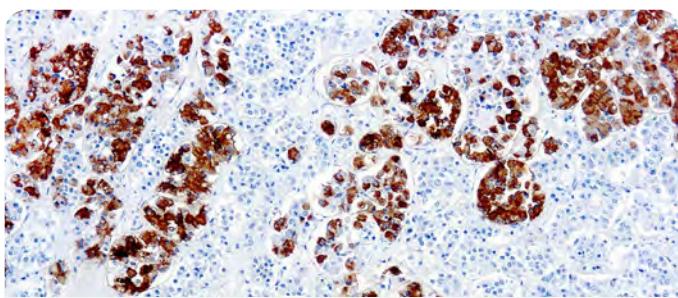
Adipophilin



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob534 Concentrated PDM534 Prediluted
Clone:	DBM15.60
Immunogen:	Recombinant human Adipophilin protein fragment.
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Adrenal gland
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This protein is associated with the lipid globule surface membrane material, and maybe involved in development and maintenance of adipose tissue. However, it is not restricted to adipocytes as previously thought, but is found in a wide range of cultured cell lines, including fibroblasts, endothelial and epithelial cells, and tissues, such as lactating mammary gland, adrenal cortex, Sertoli Leydig cells, hepatocytes in alcoholic liver cirrhosis, suggesting that it may serve as a marker of lipid accumulation in diverse cell types and diseases.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pituitary stained with Adrenocorticotropic Hormone

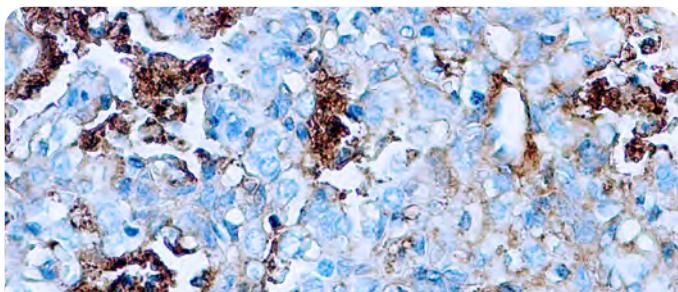
Adrenocorticotropic Hormone (ACTH)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob244 Concentrated PDM583 Prediluted
Clone:	AH26
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 1-24 from the N-terminal of human ACTH.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Pituitary
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to an epitope on the N-terminus of ACTH. This antibody stains corticotrophs in the adenohypophysis and is useful in the classification of pituitary adenomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human liver stained with Albumin

Albumin



IVD

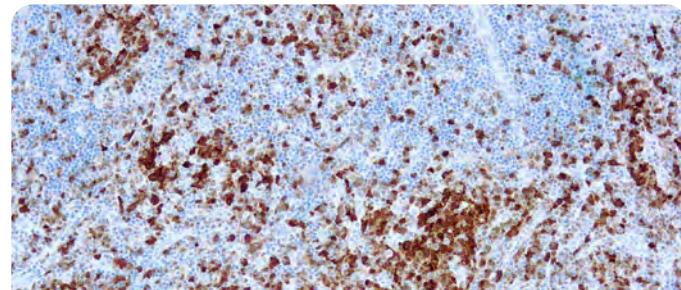
Catalog No.:	RP046 Concentrated
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Purified human albumin
Positive Control:	Liver
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with human albumin. This antibody is free of other rabbit serum proteins. Specificity is determined by Ouchterlony double diffusion (ODD) and immuno-electrophoresis (IEP) versus human serum and human albumin.

Three Step

SITVUETM

Rapid Three Step DAB Detection System



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded anaplastic lymphoma kinase stained with ALK/p80

(NSCLC).

ALK/p80

(Anaplastic Lymphoma Kinase)

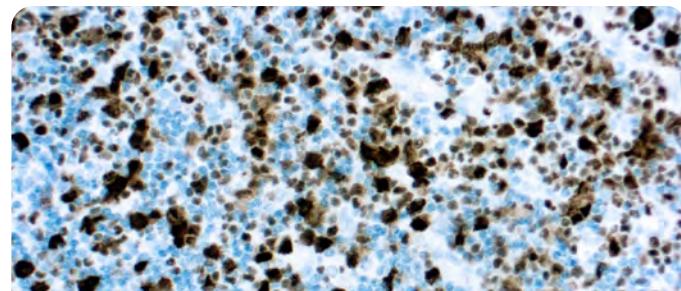


IVD

RUO

Catalog No.: Mob416, Mob416R - Concentrated**Clone:** 5A4**Immunogen:** Prokaryotic recombinant protein corresponding to a region which spans the tyrosine kinase catalytic domain and part of the C-terminus of NPM-ALK transcript (419-520 aa).**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Anaplastic lymphoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic and/or nuclear

Anaplastic large cell lymphoma (ALCL) is usually composed of large pleomorphic cells, which express CD30 antigen and the epithelial membrane antigen (EMA). These tumor cells tend to occur in younger patients and may be associated with cutaneous and extranodal involvement. Large cell lymphoma account for approximately 25% of all non-Hodgkin lymphomas in children and young adults.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded rhabdomyosarcoma stained with ALK

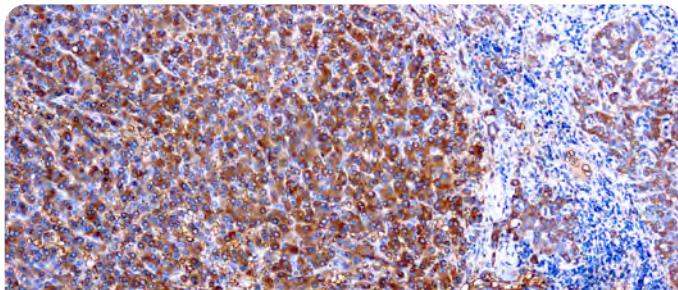
ALK

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.: Mob566, Mob566R - Concentrated
PDM566, PDM566R - Prediluted**Clone:** 4A4**Immunogen:** Recombinant human ALK protein fragment.**Isotype:** IgG2b**Positive Control:** Anaplastic large cell lymphoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic and nuclear staining (dot-like)

Anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) known as ALK tyrosine kinase receptor or CD246, is a tyrosine kinase receptor. ALK is an important biomarker for diagnosis of non-small cell lung cancer.



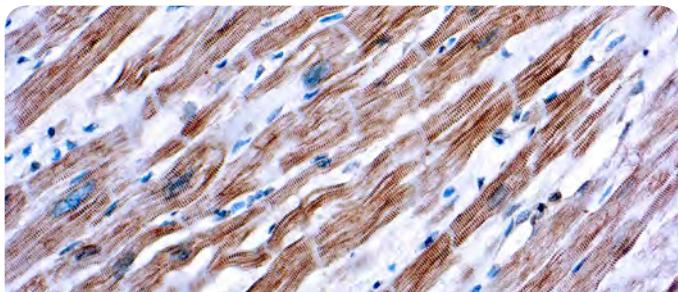
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human hepatosarcoma stained with α-1-Antitrypsin

α-1-Antitrypsin

IVD

Catalog No.: PDR021 Prediluted**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** α-1-antitrypsin isolated from human serum.**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

The antibody is specific against human α-1-antitrypsin. This antibody stains macrophages in human tissues and does not stain any other cell type.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skeletal muscle stained with α-Actinin, Sarcomeric

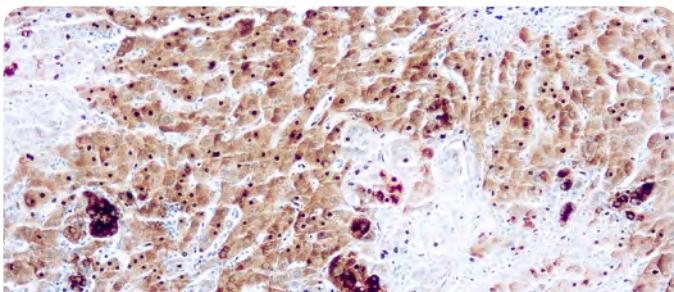
α-Actinin, Sarcomeric

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob227 Concentrated**Clone:** EA-53**Immunogen:** Purified rabbit skeletal α-actinin.**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Skeletal muscle**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

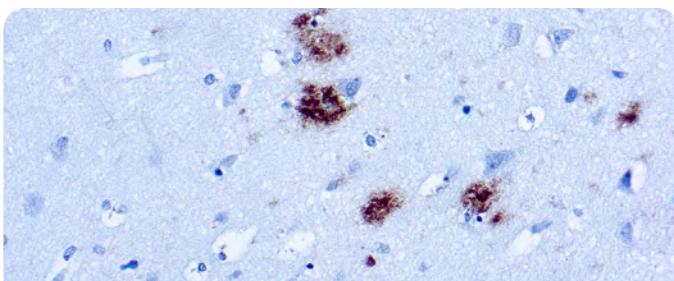
This antibody is specific for α-skeletal muscle actinin and α-cardiac actinin. It stains Z lines and dots in stress fibers of myotubes in skeletal and cardiac muscle but not in non-sarcomeric muscle elements.

**ImmunoHisto-Sealer™**Visit us at www.dbiostech.com

Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Fetal liver stained with α -Fetoprotein (AFP) **α -Fetoprotein (AFP)**

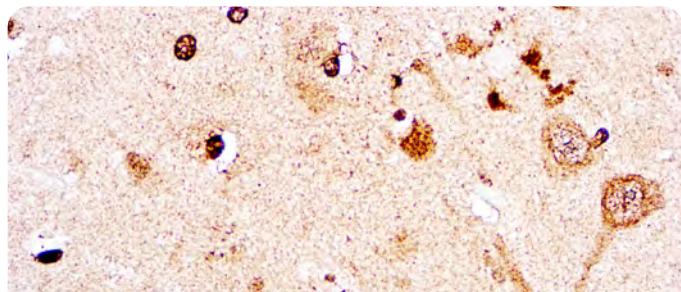
Catalog No.:	Mob129 Concentrated PDM057 Prediluted
Clone:	C3
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified human α -fetoprotein.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Fetal liver
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

α -fetoprotein (AFP) is a single chain glycoprotein of 70 kDa that is normally expressed in the fetal liver, gastrointestinal tract and yolk sac. This antibody recognizes an epitope of α -fetoprotein present in human and several other species.

Formalin fixed paraffin embedded amyloidosis stained with β -Amyloid Protein **β -Amyloid Protein**

Catalog No.:	Mob410 Concentrated
Clone:	BAM-10
Immunogen:	A synthetic β -amyloid peptide (1-40) conjugated to KLH.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Brain, Amyloidosis
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with β -amyloid protein. This antibody stains amyloid plaques within the cortex and amyloid deposits in blood vessels. β -amyloid deposits are also detected in Lewy body dementia, Down syndrome, amyloidosis and, in Gram-Parkinson dementia complex. The presence of a large number of neuritic plaques (senile) and neurofibrillary tangles in the cerebral cortex is used as a pathological marker for a disease state and presents the major criterion for the diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease at autopsy.

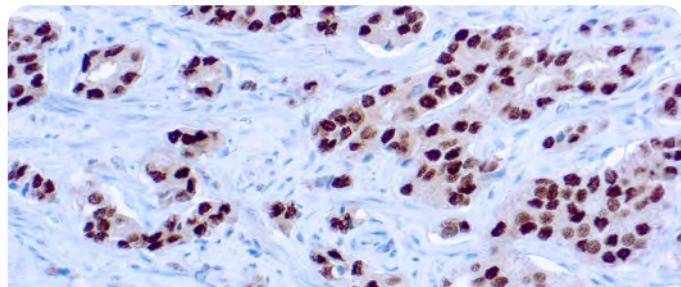


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human brain stained with APP

Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP)

Catalog No.:	RP123 Concentrated PDR178 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit Polyclonal
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to C-terminal of human APP
Positive Control:	Brain
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, Extracellular

This antibody reacts with a 95-100 kDa protein. This antibody recognizes amyloid precursor proteins APP695, APP751 and APP770. Amyloid precursor protein and APP-like proteins are transmembrane glycoproteins with a similar modular domain structure.

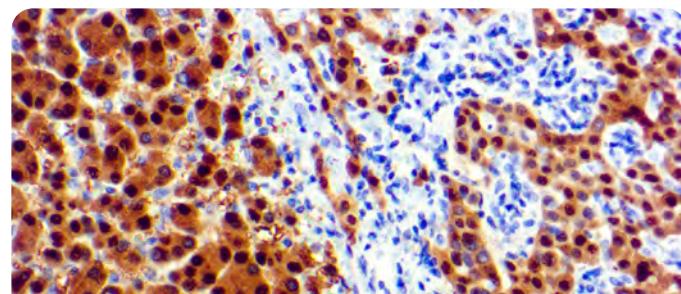


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate stained with Androgen Receptor

Androgen Receptor

Catalog No.:	Mob245 Concentrated PDM167 Prediluted
Clone:	AR 441
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the human androgen receptor.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Prostate carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody is specific to a protein of 110 kDa, identified as androgen receptor. This antibody reacts with full length AR and also with the newly described A form of the receptor. This antibody does not cross-react with estrogen, progesterone or glucocorticoid receptors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human hepatocellular carcinoma stained with Arginase 1

Arginase 1

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob484 Concentrated
PDM197 Prediluted

Clone: DBM15.12

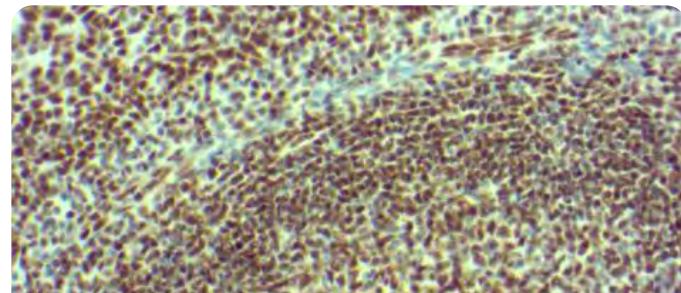
Immunogen: Recombinant fragment (87 Amino acid residues around aa 1- 150) of human ARG1 protein

Isotype: IgG3, kappa

Positive Control: Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC)

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Arginase is a manganese metallo-enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis of arginine to generate ornithine and urea. Arginase I and II are isoenzymes which differ in subcellular localization, regulation, and possibly function. Arginase I is a cytosolic enzyme, which is expressed mainly in the liver as part of the urea cycle, whereas arginase II is a mitochondrial protein found in a variety of tissues. Antibody to ARG-1 labels hepatocytes in normal tissues and granulocytes in peripheral blood. ARG-1 is a sensitive and specific marker for identification of hepatocellular carcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with ATRX

ATRX

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob600 Concentrated
PDM600 Prediluted

Clone: D-5

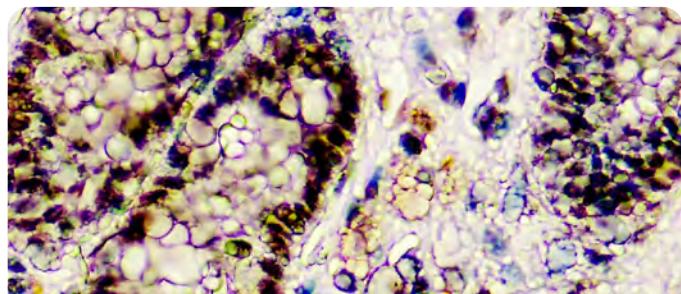
Immunogen: Raised against amino acids 2193-2492 mapping near the C-terminus of ATRX of human origin

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation X-linked (ATRX) is a transcriptional regulator and Helicase that belongs to the Snf2 family of chromatin remodelling proteins. Mutations in the ATRX gene correlates with a high incidence of severe X-linked form of syndromal mental retardation associated with a thalassemia or ATRX syndrome.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with BAP1

BAP1

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob603 Concentrated
PDM603 Prediluted

Clone: BAP1/2667

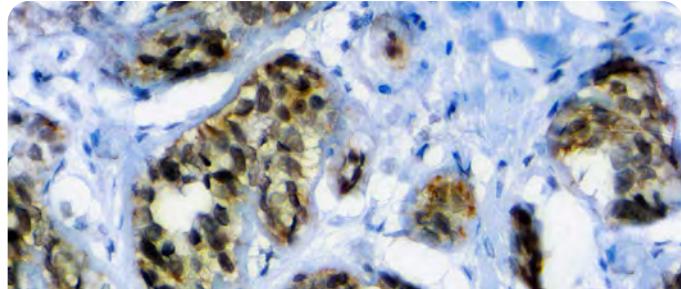
Immunogen: Recombinant human BAP1 protein fragment (aa191-aa326, exact sequence is proprietary)

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Breast Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear and Cytoplasmic

BAP1 (BRCA1-Associated Protein 1) was initially identified as a protein that binds to BRCA1. BAP1 is a tumor suppressor that is believed to mediate its effects through chromatin modulation, transcriptional regulation, and possibly via the ubiquitin-proteasome system and the DNA damage response pathway. BAP1 immunohistochemistry is particularly useful in differentiating malignant mesothelioma (nuclear negative) vs. reactive mesothelial proliferation (nuclear positive).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Breast Carcinoma stained with BAP1

BAP1

IVD

Catalog No.: PDM595 Prediluted

Clone: C-4

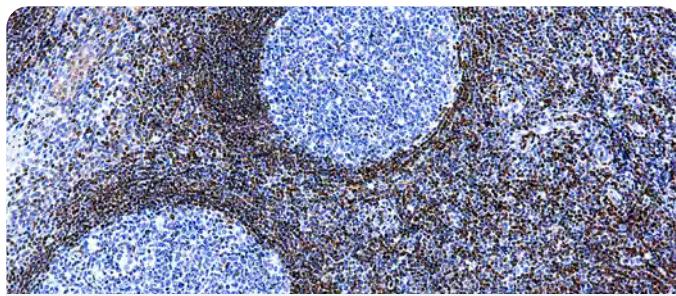
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide against 430-729 of human BAP1

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Breast Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: nuclear and cytoplasmic

BAP1 is a tumor suppressor believed to mediate its effects through chromatin modulation, transcriptional regulation, and possibly via the ubiquitin-proteasome system and the DNA damage response pathway. Somatic BAP1 mutations are seen in cutaneous melanocytic tumors (epithelioid atypical Spitz tumors and melanoma), uveal melanoma, mesothelioma, clear cell renal cell carcinoma, and other tumors. BAP1 is particularly useful in differentiating malignant mesothelioma (nuclear negative) vs. reactive mesothelial proliferation (nuclear positive).

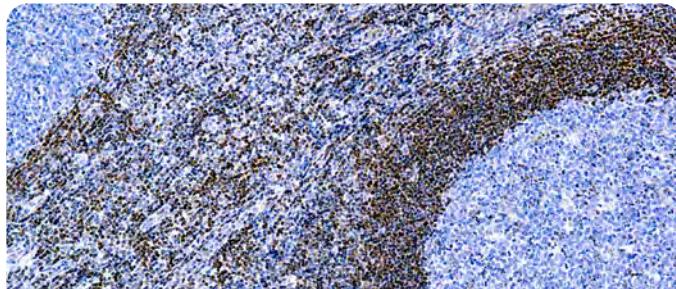


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Bcl-2 Oncoprotein

Bcl-2 Oncoprotein

Catalog No.:	Mob130 Concentrated PDM209 Prediluted
Clone:	100/D5
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with synthetic bcl-2 peptide.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

The bcl-2 product is considered to act as an inhibitor of apoptosis. Bcl-2 expression is inhibited in germinal centers where apoptosis forms part of the B cell production pathway. Reactive follicles show no staining for bcl-2, whereas the cells in neoplastic follicles exhibit membrane staining. Bcl-2 a oncoprotein has been shown to inhibit apoptosis.

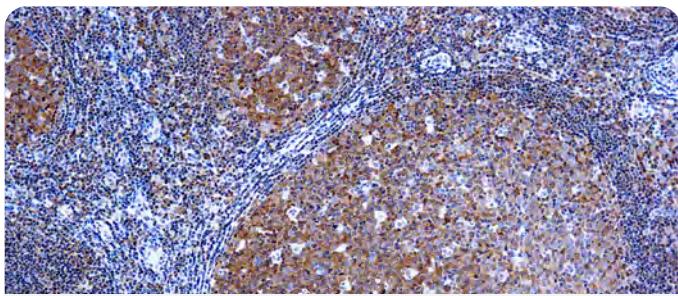


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Bcl-2 Oncoprotein

Bcl-2 Oncoprotein

Catalog No.:	Mob005 Concentrated PDM016 Prediluted
Clone:	124
Immunogen:	Recombinant bcl-2 peptide sequence comprising of 51-54 amino acids of bcl-2 oncoprotein.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to bcl-2 oncoprotein, encoded by a gene involved in the 14;18 chromosomal translocation. In lymphoid tissues, this antibody stains B lymphocytes as well as T cells.

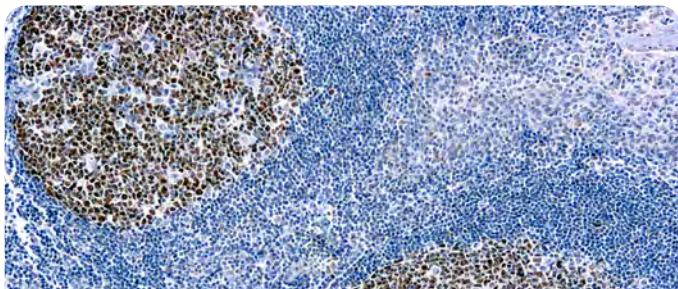


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Bcl-10

Bcl-10

Catalog No.:	Mob442 Concentrated PDM442 Prediluted
Clone:	151
Immunogen:	Human recombinant Bcl-10
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

Monoclonal anti-bcl-10 reacts specifically with human bcl-10. The epitope recognized by the antibody resides within amino acids 122-168 of human bcl-10 molecule. Bcl-10, also designated as CIPER, mE10, cE10, CARMEN, and CLAP, is an N-terminal CARD (caspase recruitment domain) containing protein. It is a cellular homologue of the equine herpesvirus-2 protein E-10 (vCLAP). Bcl-10 was implicated in the regulation of apoptosis by interacting with caspase 9, enhancing procaspase 9 processing, and triggering its activation when overexpressed in the cell. Bcl-10 cellular overexpression induces JNK, p38, and NF- κ B activation. Deregulation of bcl-10 expression was also demonstrated to be involved in cellular oncogenesis.

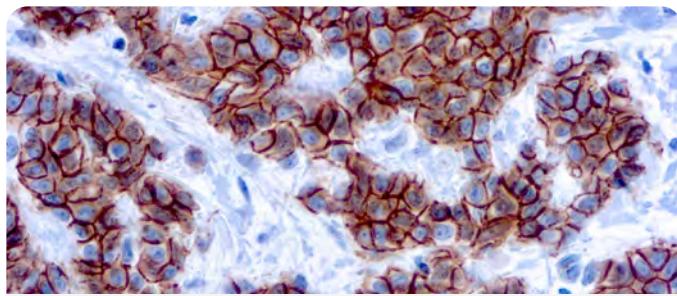


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Bcl-6 antibody

Bcl-6 Oncoprotein

Catalog No.:	Mob587 Concentrated PDM587 Prediluted
Clone:	PG-B6
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein from the N-terminus of human Bcl-6.
Isotype:	IgG2b
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody reacts with the Bcl-6 gene product in follicular lymphomas, diffuse large B cell lymphomas, Burkitt's lymphomas, and in nodular, lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin's disease. Bcl-6 is a proto-oncogene that encodes Kruppel-type Zinc-finger protein of 95 kDa and shares homology with transcription factor. Bcl-6 is mainly expressed in normal germinal center B cells and related lymphomas.



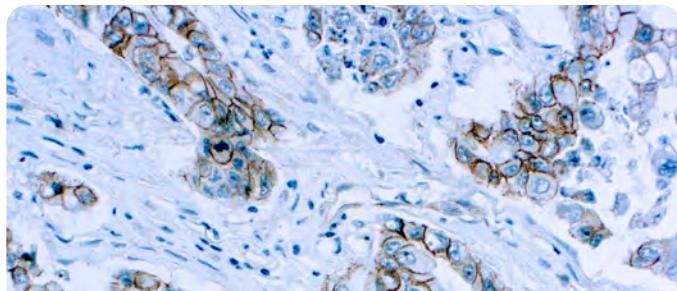
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Breast carcinoma stained with Beta Catenin

Beta Catenin (p120 Catenin)

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob529 Concentrated PDM529 Prediluted
Clone:	DBM15.55
Immunogen:	Recombinant human beta-Catenin (p120) protein Fragment
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell Surface and Cytoplasmic

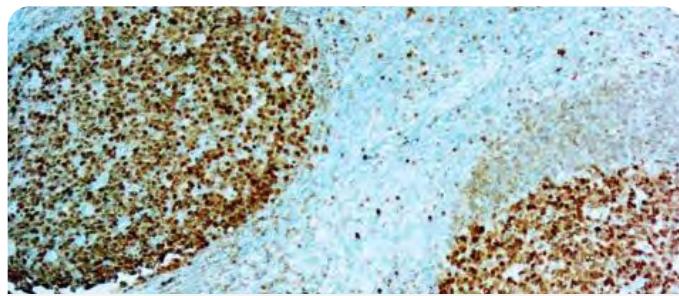
Beta-Catenin associates with the cytoplasmic portion of E-cadherin, which is necessary for the function of E-cadherin as an adhesion molecule. Immune staining of beta-catenin and E-cadherin helps accurately identify ductal and lobular neoplasms, including a distinction between low-grade ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS).

Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lung carcinoma stained with Catenin β **Beta-Catenin**

IVD

Catalog No.:	RP080 Concentrated PDR060 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide derived from the C-terminus of human β -catenin protein.
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma, Large intestine
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a 92 kDa protein known as β -catenin. The catenins (α , β and γ) are ubiquitously expressed cytoplasmic proteins, which are associated with E-cadherin. β -catenin can also bind to APC. Cadherin/catenin complexes are linked to the cytoskeleton via a direct association between α -actinin and α -catenin.



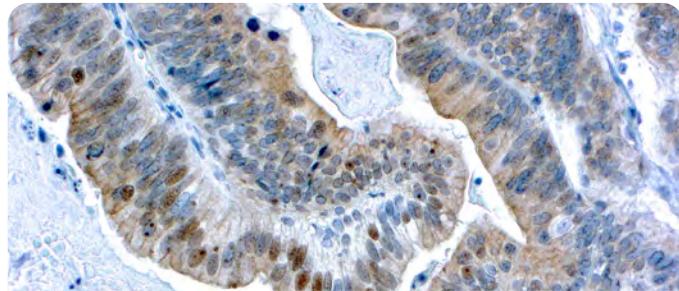
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with BOB.1

BOB.1

IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB110 Concentrated RMPD110 Prediluted
Clone:	SP92
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide within Human BOB1 aa 200 to the C-terminus (C terminal). The exact sequence is proprietary
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

Transcriptional coactivator that specifically associates with either OCT1 or OCT2. It boosts the OCT1 mediated promoter activity and to a lesser extent, that of OCT2. It has no intrinsic DNA binding activity. It recognizes the POU domains of OCT1 and OCT2. It is essential for the response of B-cells to antigens and required for the formation of germinal centers.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded ovarian cancer stained with BRCA1

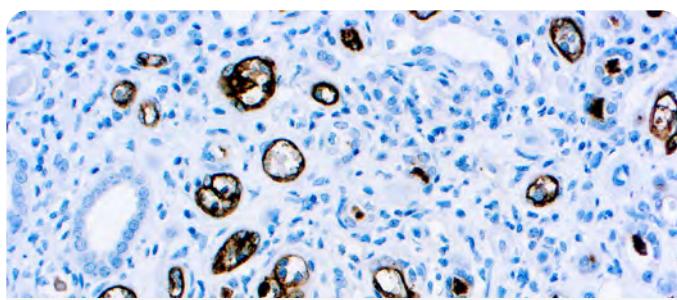
BRCA1

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob424, Mob424R - Concentrated
Clone:	GLK-2
Immunogen:	Peptide corresponding to amino acids 1839-1863 of the C-terminus of BRCA1.
Isotype:	IgM, kappa
Positive Control:	Ovarian carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

BRCA1 recognizes a 22kDa protein. This antibody stains 94% of ovarian carcinomas with a mutation in exon 11. However, staining was absent in 100% of tumors with mutations other than exon 11.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human rejected kidney stained with C4D

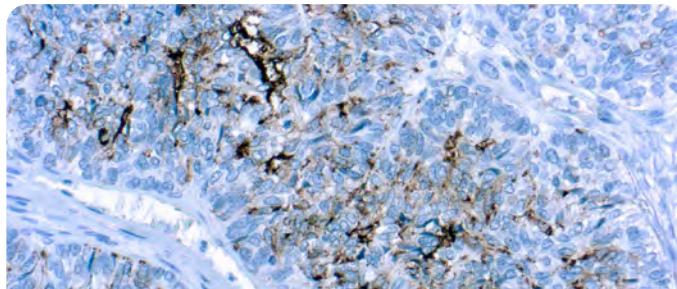
C4D



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob471 Concentrated PDM184 Prediluted
Clone:	C4D204
Immunogen:	A recombinant fragment specific to Complement 4d.
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1
Positive Control:	Rejected Kidney
Cellular Localization:	Membrane Cytoplasm

Complement 4d (C4d) is the most clinically used marker for humoral rejection. It is a degradation product of the activated complement factor C4b. Complement 4d is typically initiated by binding of antibodies to specific target molecules. Following activation and degradation of the C4 molecule, thio-ester groups are exposed, which allow transient, covalent binding of the degradation product complement 4d to endothelial cell surfaces and extracellular matrix components of vascular basement membranes near the sites of C4 activation. Complement 4d is also found in intracytoplasmic vacuoles of endothelial cells. Covalent binding renders C4d a stable molecule that can easily be detected by immunohistochemistry.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded ovarian carcinoma stained with CA 125

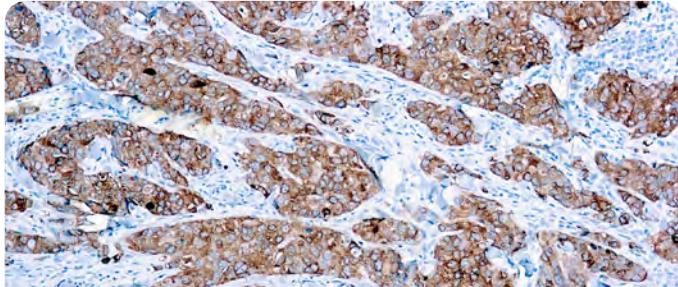
CA 125



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob110 Concentrated PDM323 Prediluted
Clone:	OV185:1
Immunogen:	Partially purified human mucin fraction from a pool of cancer tissues of patients with epithelial ovarian cancer.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Ovarian carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Extracellular membrane

This antibody reacts specifically with CA 125 ovarian cancer antigen. Several studies have shown that CA 125 is a useful tumor marker for ovarian epithelial malignancies. However, CA 125 has been described in other neoplasms such as seminal vesicle and anaplastic lymphomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with CA 15-3

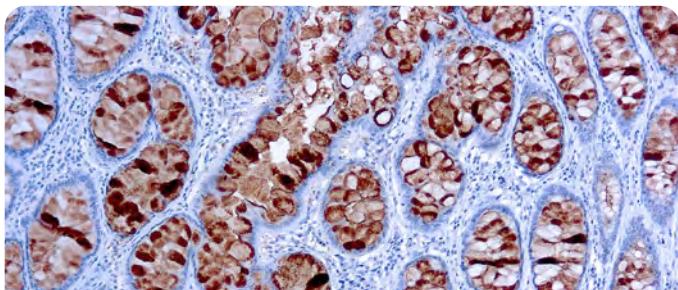
CA15-3/MUC1



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob549 Concentrated PDM549 Prediluted
Clone:	DBMM1
Immunogen:	Human breast cancer cell line ZR-75-1.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane

This antibody is specific to epithelial membrane antigen (EMA), CA 15-3, or polymorphic epithelial mucin. This antibody stains an underglycosylated MUC1 often present on carcinoma cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon cancer stained with CA 19-9

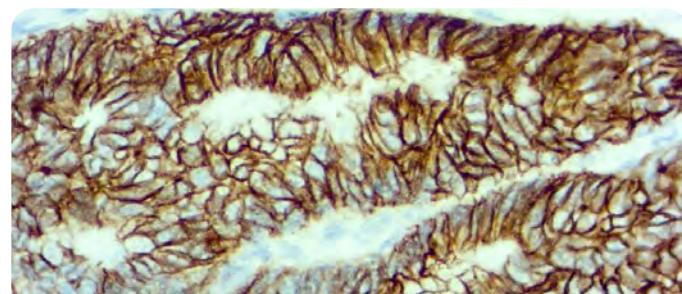
CA 19-9



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob109 Concentrated PDM567 Prediluted
Clone:	C241:5:1:4
Immunogen:	Human colorectal adenocarcinoma cell line COLO 205.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Colon carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts specifically with sialyl Lewis A and recognizes an epitope being designated CA 19-9. It does not cross-react with Lewis A and Lewis B. CA 19-9 has been shown to be useful marker in the diagnosis and management of gastrointestinal cancers.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colorectal carcinoma and normal colon stained with Cadherin 17

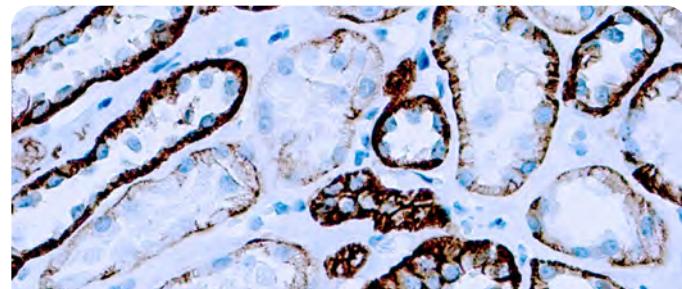
Cadherin 17



RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob604R Concentrated PDM604R Prediluted
Clone:	1H3
Immunogen:	Recombinant human cadherin 17 protein fragment (aa 24 -aa 131)
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Colorectal Carcinoma and normal colon
Cellular Localization:	Membranous and cytoplasmic

Cadherin-17, also called liver-intestine cadherin, is a calcium-dependent transmembrane glycoprotein that mediates cell-cell adhesion in intestinal epithelium. In human, expression of cadherin-17 is limited to intestinal epithelial cells and is not found in the liver. It has been shown to be a useful marker for distinguishing between gastrointestinal adenocarcinoma and pancreatic adenocarcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human renal cell carcinoma stained with Cadherin, Pan

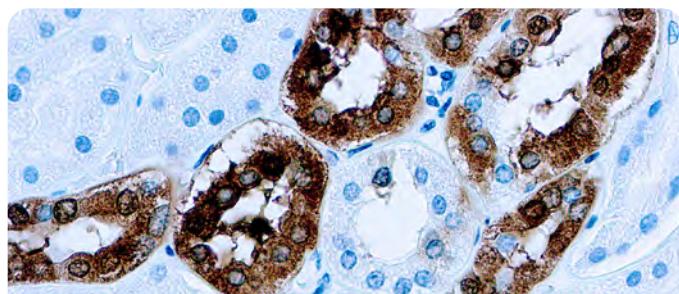
Cadherin, Pan



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob228 Concentrated
Clone:	CH-19
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide corresponding to the C-terminal amino acids of chicken N-cadherin with extra N-terminal lysine residue.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with pan cadherin with a distinct 135 kDa band from a wide variety of tissues. Cadherins are members of a multigene family of single chain glycoprotein receptors mediating Ca^{2+} dependent cell-cell adhesion.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human kidney stained with Calbindin-D-28K

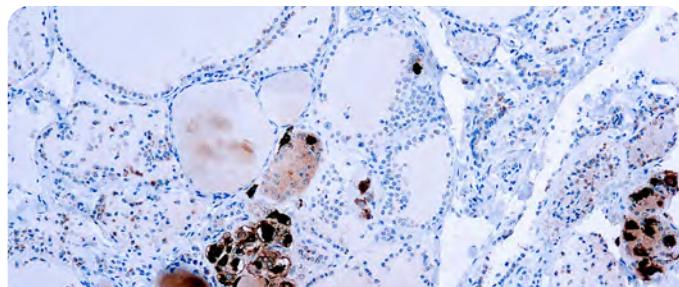
Calbindin-D-28K



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob554 Concentrated
Clone:	CB-955
Immunogen:	Purified bovine kidney calbindin-D-28K.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Kidney
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane

This antibody is specific to a protein of 28 kDa. Calbindin-D-28K is also known as vitamin D-dependent calcium-binding protein or cholecalciferol. Calbindin D-28K has a broad tissue distribution; however it exhibits a cell type-specific expression pattern. This antibody reacts specifically with calbindin-D-28K in brain and kidney tissues.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human thyroid stained with Calcitonin

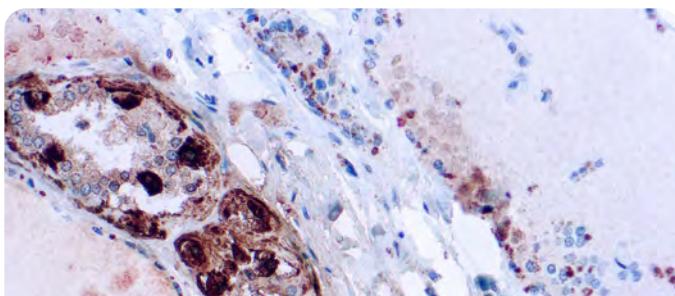
Calcitonin



IVD

Catalog No.:	RP050 Concentrated PDR024 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human calcitonin corresponding to amino acids 1-32.
Positive Control:	Thyroid
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody stains C cells of the thyroid. Staining for calcitonin may be used for the identification of a spectrum of C cell proliferative abnormalities ranging from C cell hyperplasia to invasive tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human thyroid medullary carcinoma stained with Calcitonin

Calcitonin



Catalog No.: RMAB009 Concentrated
RMPD009 Prediluted

Clone: SP17

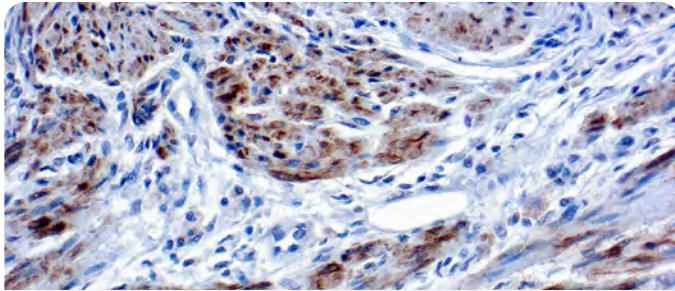
Immunogen: Synthetic human calcitonin 1-32 amino acid peptide.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Thyroid or medullary carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes calcitonin, a 32 amino acid peptide, which can be demonstrated in C cells of the normal and hyperplastic thyroid. Staining for calcitonin may be used for the identification of a spectrum of C cell proliferative abnormalities ranging from C cell hyperplasia to invasive tumors. Staining for calcitonin in medullary carcinoma of the thyroid produces a fine granular pattern in the cytoplasm. Amyloid deposits within the tumor may also exhibit varying degrees of calcitonin activity.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded endometrial cancer stained with Caldesmon

Caldesmon



Catalog No.: Mob556 Concentrated
PDM223 Prediluted

Clone: hHCD

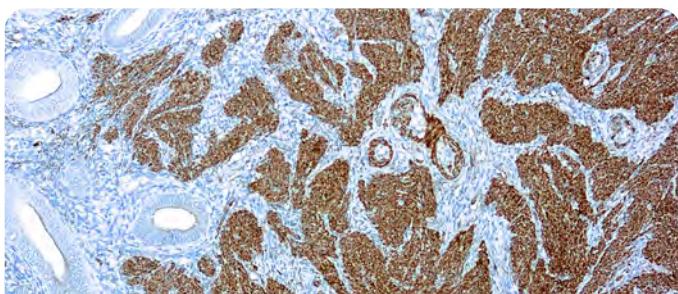
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with human uterus smooth muscle extract.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Endometrial cancer

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to high molecular weight (120-150 kDa) h-caldesmon. Caldesmon is involved in smooth muscle and non-muscle contraction. Two closely related variants of human caldesmon have been identified. The h-caldesmon variant is predominantly expressed in smooth muscle, whereas l-caldesmon (71-80 kD) is found in non-muscle tissue and cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human uterus stained with Calponin

Calponin-1



Catalog No.: Mob345 Concentrated
PDM219 Prediluted

Clone: CALP (same as hCP)

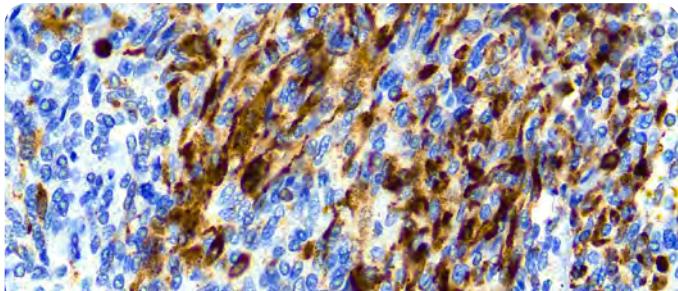
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with crude human uterus extract

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Breast

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with a 34 kDa protein known as calponin. Calponin, a calmodulin, binds tropomyosin and F-actin and is thought to be involved in the regulation of smooth muscle contraction. Expression of calponin is restricted to smooth muscle cells. Two isoforms of calponin exist whose molecular weights are 34 kDa and 29 kDa. 29 kDa isoform is primarily restricted to the muscle of the urogenital tract.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Mesothelioma stained with Calretinin (H-5)

Calretinin (H-5)



Catalog No.: Mob593 Concentrated
PDM593 Prediluted

Clone: H-5

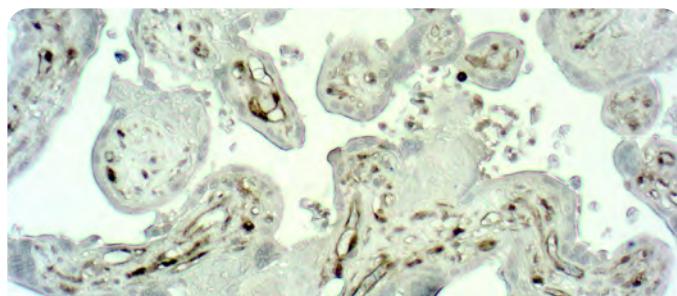
Immunogen: specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 2-27 at the N-terminus of Calretinin of human origin

Isotype: IgG2b, Kappa

Positive Control: Mesothelioma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Calretinin is an intracellular calcium-binding protein belonging to the troponin C superfamily characterized by a structural motif described as the EF-hand domain. The intensity of staining increases as the cerebellum matures. In tumors, calretinin has been detected in mesotheliomas and some pulmonary adenocarcinomas.

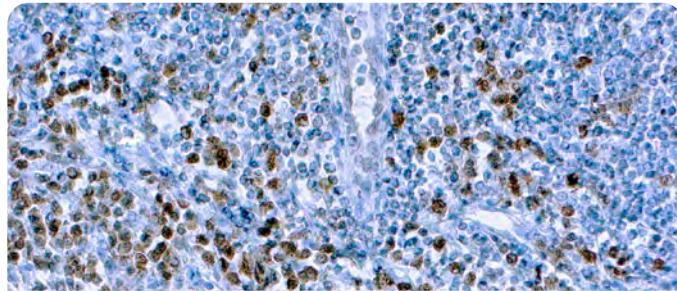


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Placenta stained with Caspase 1

Caspase 1

Catalog No.:	RP175, RP175R - Concentrated PDR175, PDR175R - Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Caspase1 (1-250aa) protein.
Positive Control:	Placenta
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear, cell membrane

Caspase 1 and is expressed as a proenzyme in many tissues. Active Caspase 1 is a tetramer of two subunits p10 and p20 in 2:2 ratio. Overexpression of caspase 1 can induce apoptosis in fibroblast, which can be inhibited by overexpression of CrmA, a protein from pox virus.

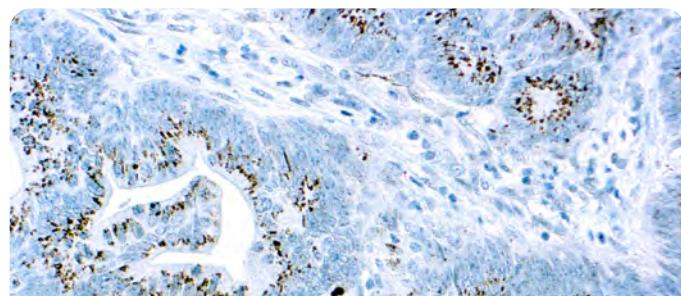


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Caspase 3/CPP32

Caspase 3/CPP32

Catalog No.:	Mob309, Mob309R - Concentrated
Clone:	3CSP03
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with recombinant full length human caspase 3 protein.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a 32 kDa protein. Caspase 3 is associated with induction of apoptosis. Caspase 3 is ubiquitously expressed and is synthesized as an inactive proenzyme.

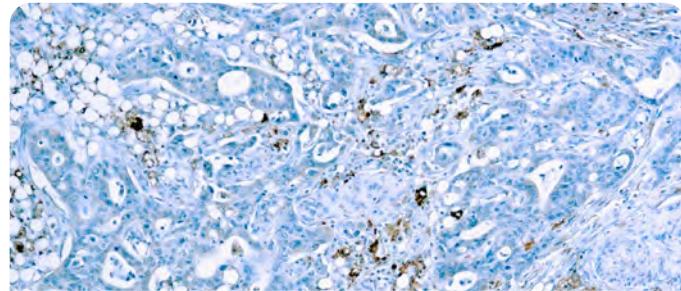


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Adeno Colon Ca stained with Caspase 3/CPP32

Caspase 3/CPP32

Catalog No.:	RP096 Concentrated PDR172 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to the cleavage site of human caspase 3 (amino acids 167-175), conjugated to KLH.
Positive Control:	Tonsil

This antibody reacts with the active form of caspase 3 (17 kD protein). Caspase 3 is a member of the interleukin-1 beta-converting enzyme family and is thought to be associated with the induction of apoptosis. Caspase 3 is synthesized as an inactive 32 kD proenzyme and is processed during apoptosis generating two subunits of 17 kD and 12 kD. Caspase 3 stains the epithelial cells of skin, renal proximal tubules, and collecting ducts.

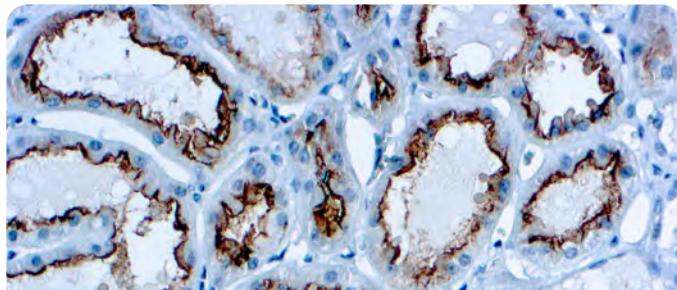


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate stained with Cathepsin D

Cathepsin D

Catalog No.:	RP004 Concentrated PDR004 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Cathepsin D isolated from human liver.
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma, Prostate

This antibody reacts with the zymogen as well as the activated form of cathepsin D. It stains fibroblasts and macrophages strongly but stains weakly with the myoepithelial cells of breast. It stains the sweat ducts and glands in the skin, islets cells, and granules of pancreatic acini.



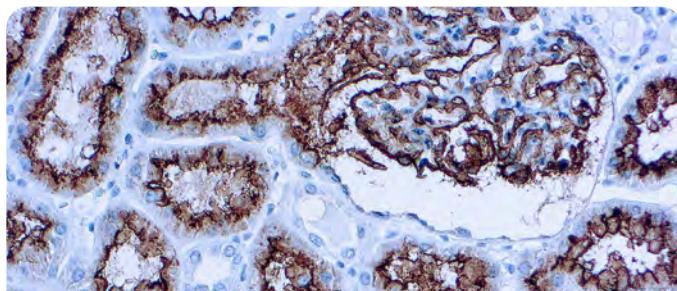
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded renal cell carcinoma stained with CD10

CD10



Catalog No.:	RMAB037 Concentrated RMPD037 Prediluted
Clone:	EP195
Immunogen:	A recombinant fragment corresponding to residues in human CD10 protein.
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil, Renal Cell Carcinoma, Follicular Lymphoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic Cell Membrane

CD10 is expressed by a number of hematopoietic cells such as immature T and B cells, B cells of the germinal centers of lymphoid follicles, and granulocytes. CD10 has been used for the identification and classification of certain types of malignant lymphoma and leukaemia. CD10 is expressed in a high percentage of cases of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia, follicular lymphoma, Burkitt lymphoma, some hematopoietic tumors, and chronic myelogenous leukaemia in lymphoid blast crisis.



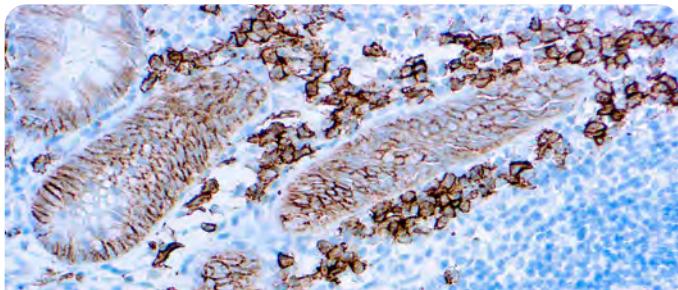
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human renal cell carcinoma stained with CD10.

CD10



Catalog No.:	Mob240 Concentrated PDM107 Prediluted
Clone:	56C6
Immunogen:	Prokaryotic recombinant protein corresponding to the external domain of the CD10 glycoprotein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil, Renal Cell Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to human CD10 antigen of 100 kDa, also known as common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen (CALLA). CD10 antigen has been identified on the surface of early lymphoid progenitor cells, immature B cells within adult bone marrow, and germinal center B cells within lymphoid tissue.



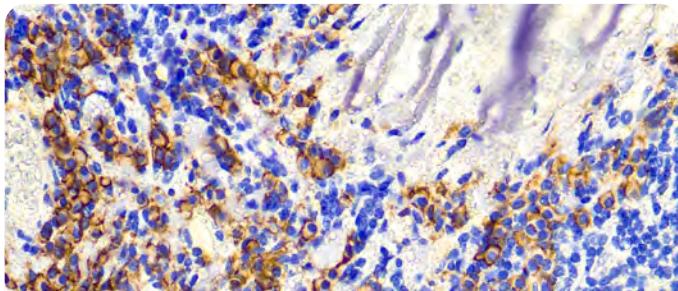
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue stained with CD138

CD138



Catalog No.:	Mob588 Concentrated PDM588 Prediluted
Clone:	B-A38
Immunogen:	U266 cell line
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

CD138, also known as Syndecan-1, is a member of the transmembrane heparan sulfate proteoglycan family, acts as an extracellular matrix receptor and is involved in many cellular functions, including cell-cell adhesion and cell-matrix adhesion. CD138 expression is found in both hematopoietic and non-hematopoietic cells. In the hematopoietic system, CD138 labels plasma cells. It is an excellent marker for plasmacytic differentiation within the spectrum of hematologic malignancy. Among non-hematolymphoid cells, CD138 reactivity is observed in many types of epithelial cells and stoma cells in both normal and tumor tissues.



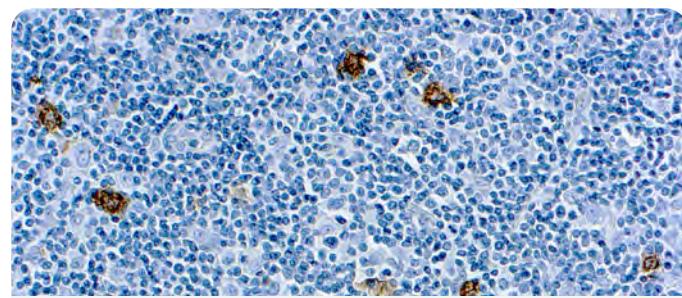
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD138.

CD138



Catalog No.:	RMAB040 Concentrated RMPD040 Prediluted
Clone:	EP201
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues in human CD138 protein.
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil, plasmacytoma
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

In the hematopoietic system, CD138 labels plasma cells. It is an excellent marker for plasmacytic differentiation within the spectrum of hematologic malignancy. Among non-hematolymphoid cells, CD138 reactivity is observed in many types of epithelial cells and stoma cells in both normal and tumor tissues.



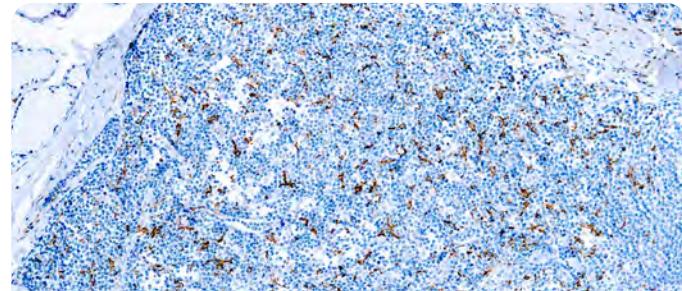
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD15

CD15

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob365 Concentrated PDM127 Prediluted
Clone:	MMA; same as LeuM1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with U937 histiocytic cell line.
Isotype:	IgM, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a 220 kDa protein. CD15 plays a role in mediating phagocytosis, bactericidal activity and chemotaxis. It is present on >95% of granulocytes including neutrophils and eosinophils and to a lesser degree on monocytes. CD15 is also expressed in Reed-Sternberg cells and some epithelial cells. CD15 is very useful in the identification of Hodgkin disease.



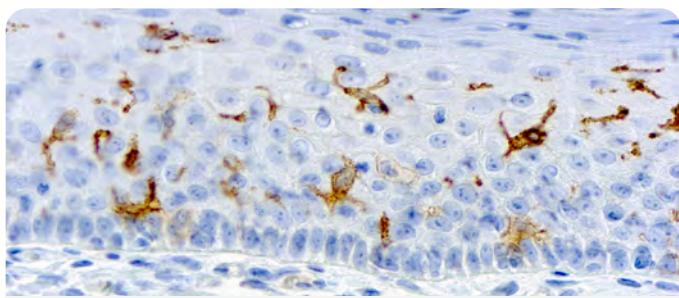
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD163 antibody.

CD163

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob460 Concentrated PDM579 Prediluted
Clone:	10D6
Immunogen:	Human CD163 antigen.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

The CD163 molecule is a type I membrane protein also known as M130 antigen, Ber-Mac3, Ki-M8 or SM4. CD163 protein is restricted in its expression to the monocytic/macrophage lineage. It is reported to be present on all circulating monocytes and most tissue macrophages except those found in the mantle zone and germinal centers of lymphoid follicles, interdigitating reticulum cells and Langerhans cells.



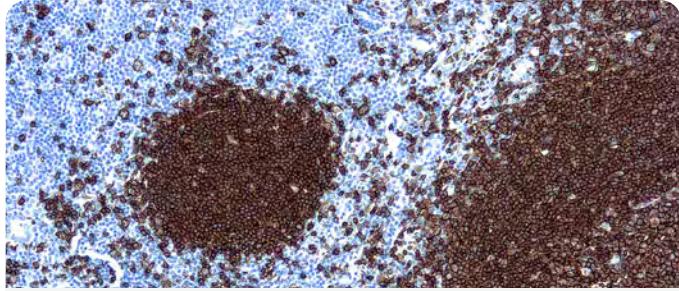
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD1a

CD1a

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob363 Concentrated PDM173 Prediluted
Clone:	O10
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with thymus cells.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane, cytoplasm

This antibody reacts with a 49 kDa protein. At least five CD1 genes are identified (CD1a, b, c, d, and e). This antibody reacts with cortical thymocytes, Langerhans cells in epidermis, dendritic cells of dermis, and Langerhans cells of mucosa of tonsil. This antibody may be useful in the characterization of leukemias and lymphomas.



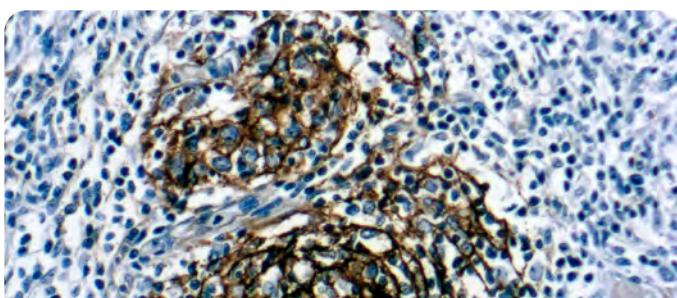
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD20

CD20

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob004 Concentrated PDM004 Prediluted
Clone:	L26
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with human tonsil B cells.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane and cytoplasm

This antibody is specific to a 33 kDa polypeptide present on the majority of B cells in peripheral blood and lymphoid tissue. No reactivity with other hematopoietic cells has been observed.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD21

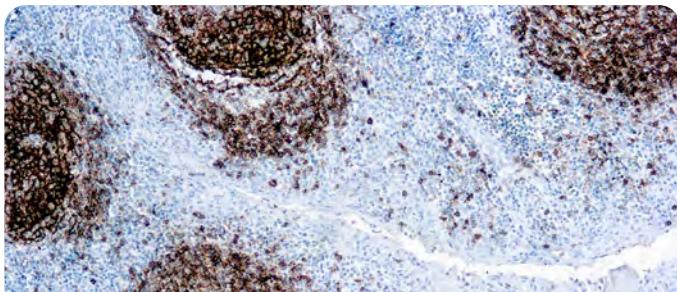
CD21, B Cell



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob028 Concentrated PDM122 Prediluted
Clone:	1F8
Immunogen:	Purified receptor for the C3d fragment of the third complement component CR2, from human tonsil.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with CD21 antigen of MW 145 kDa, present on the surface of mature B cells. The antigen is present at high density on follicular dendritic cells. CD21 is involved in transmitting growth-promoting signals to the interior of the B cell.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD23

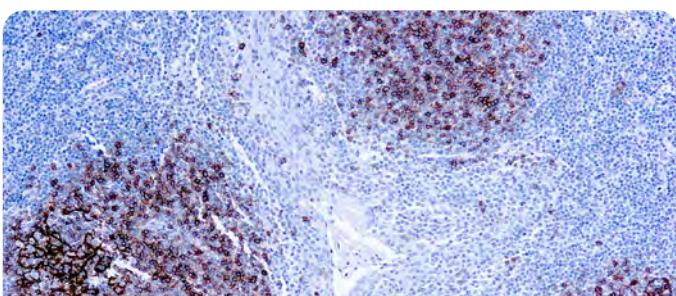
CD23



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob294 Concentrated PDM143 Prediluted
Clone:	1B12
Immunogen:	Prokaryotic recombinant fusion protein corresponding to the external domain of the CD23 molecule.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to a membrane glycoprotein of 45 kDa, designated as CD23. CD23 is found on a subpopulation of peripheral blood cells, B lymphocytes, and on EBV transformed B lymphoblastoid cell lines. Expression of CD23 has been detected in neoplastic cells from cases of B cell chronic lymphocytic leukemias.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD23 antibody.

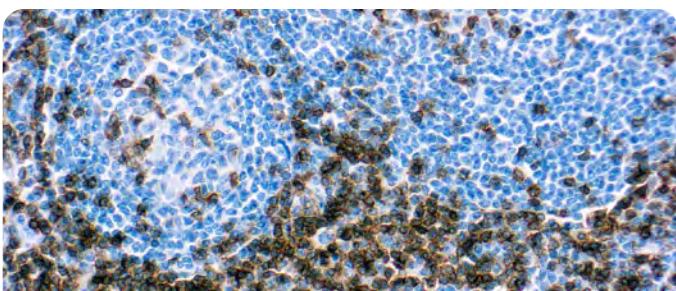
CD23



IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB013 Concentrated RMPD013 Prediluted
Clone:	SP23
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encoding human CD23 48-248 aa.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody recognizes CD23. CD23 is a 45kDa glycoprotein which is present on a subpopulation of freshly isolated peripheral blood and tonsil B cells and strongly expressed on EBV-transformed B lymphoblasts. The CD23 molecule is identical to the low affinity IgE receptor found on B cells. Expression of CD23 has been detected in neoplastic cells from cases of B cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia and some cases of centroblastic/centrocytic lymphoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with CD3.

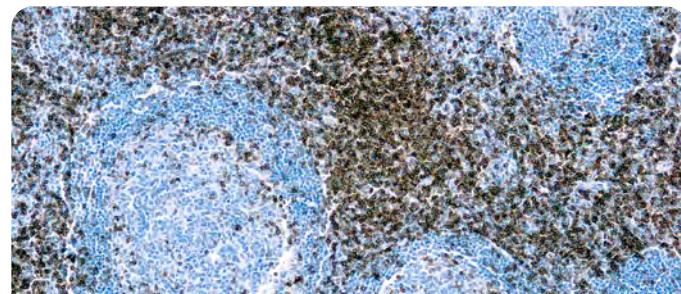
CD3



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob422 Concentrated PDM422 Prediluted
Clone:	F7.2.38
Immunogen:	Full length native protein (Purified) (Human)
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell Membrane, Cytoplasmic

CD3 is first detectable in early thymocytes, and its appearance probably represents one of the earliest signs of commitment to T cell lineage. In cortical thymocytes, the antigen is predominantly present as an intracytoplasmic constituent. This antibody labels CD3 ϵ and is a useful tool for the identification of T cells and related neoplasms.



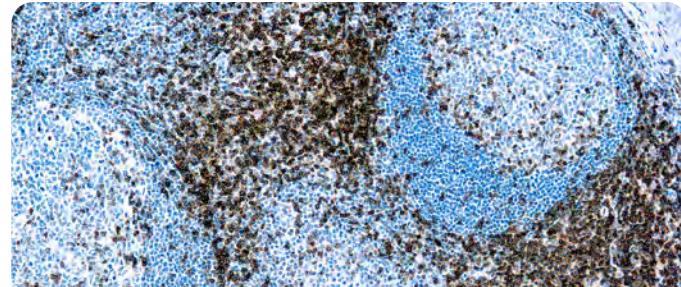
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD3

CD3



Catalog No.:	RMAB005 Concentrated RMPD005 Prediluted
Clone:	SP7
Immunogen:	A synthetic 13-mer peptide corresponding to aa 156-168 of the ϵ chain of human CD3 protein.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

The CD3 antigen is present on early thymocytes and mature T cells and is generally regarded as a pan-T cell marker. This antibody will help detect CD3 expression in normal and neoplastic tissues. This antibody reacts with the intracytoplasmic portion of the CD3 antigen expressed by T cells. It stains human T cells in both the cortex and medulla of the thymus and in peripheral lymphoid tissues. This antibody is suitable for staining normal and neoplastic T cells in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissues.



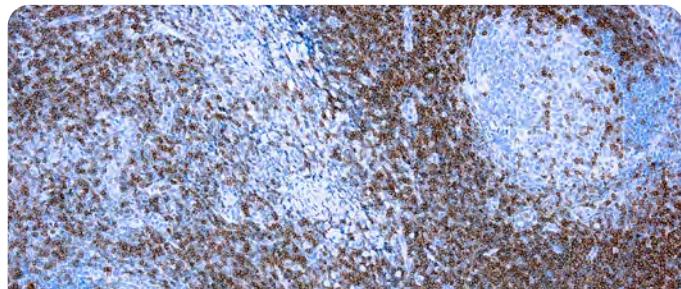
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with CD3.

CD3



Catalog No.:	Mob474 Concentrated PDM186 Prediluted
Clone:	LN10
Immunogen:	Prokaryotic recombinant protein corresponding to C terminal region of CD3
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell Membrane

The Clone LN10 is specific for the non-glycosylated epsilon chain of the human CD3 molecule. Clone LN10 recognizes T cells in thymus, bone marrow, peripheral lymphoid tissue and blood and is a pan T cell marker. The CD3 molecule consists of five different polypeptide chains with molecular weights ranging from 16 to 28 kD. The CD3 antigen is first detected in early thymocytes, and its appearance probably represents one of the earliest signs of commitment to the T cell lineage.



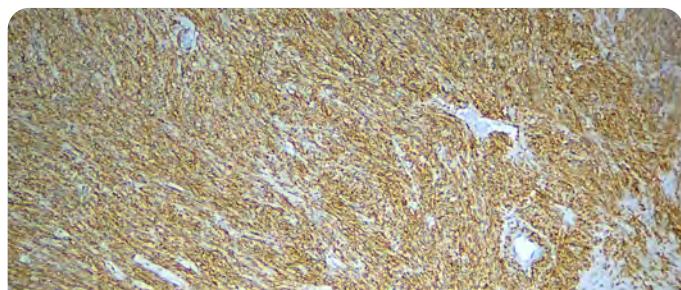
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with CD3.

CD3



Catalog No.:	RP005 Concentrated PDR002 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Synthetic human CD3 polypeptide conjugated to bovine serum albumin.
Positive Control:	Tonsil

This antibody reacts with intracytoplasmic portion of the CD3 antigen on the T cells. It stains T cells in cortex as well as medulla of the thymus and lymphoid tissues. This antibody also labels T cell neoplasm, malignant histiocytes and Reed-Sternberg cells in Hodgkin disease.



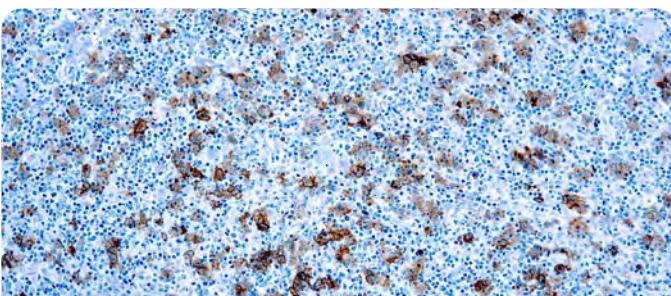
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human GIST stained with CD117/c-kit.

CD117/c-kit



Catalog No.:	RMAB119 Concentrated RMPD119 Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM1.17
Immunogen:	Recombinant human full KIT protein fragments (around aa 50- 200)
Isotype:	IgG, Kappa
Positive Control:	GIST
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell surface

This antibody reacts with a 145 kDa protein. CD117/c-kit is a transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinase and is expressed in many tissues and cells. CD117/c-kit is involved in the development of several lineages of stem cells, such as germ cells, neural crest derived melanocytes and hematopoietic precursor cells. This antibody can be used in the identification of gastrointestinal stromal tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Hodgkin's Lymphoma stained with CD30 antibody.

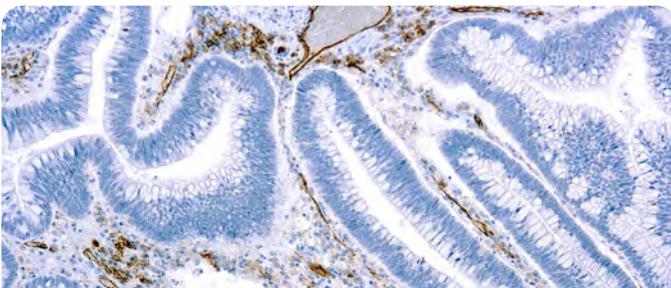
CD30/Ki-1 Antigen



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob032 Concentrated PDM018 Prediluted
Clone:	Ber-H2
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with L428 cell line.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil, Hodgkin's Lymphoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a 105 kDa glycoprotein expressed by Hodgkin and Reed-Sternberg cells and by tumor cells of a majority of large cell lymphomas. In normal lymphoid tissues, it reacts with a small population of large cells present around B cell follicles and sometimes at the rim of germinal centers.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Colon Ca stained with CD31 antibody.

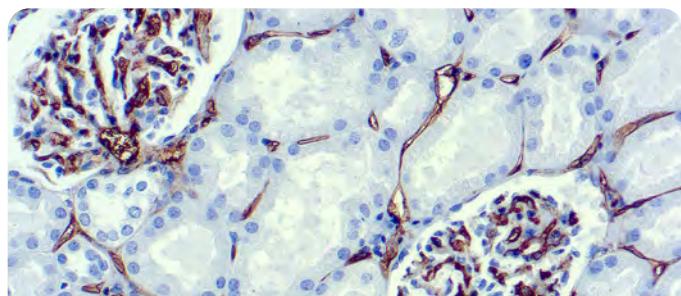
CD31, Endothelial Cell



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob034 Concentrated PDM020 Prediluted
Clone:	JC/70A
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with membrane preparation of a spleen from a patient with hairy cell leukemia.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil, Colon Ca
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a 100 kDa glycoprotein expressed by endothelial cells and a 130 kDa glycoprotein present in platelets. It stains endothelial cells in normal as well as malignant tissues.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human kidney stained with CD34 antibody.

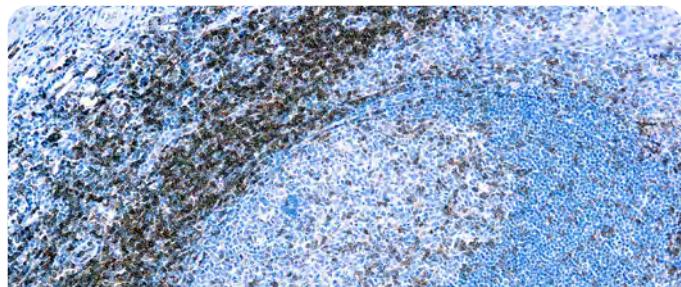
CD34, Endothelial Cell



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob098 Concentrated PDM050 Prediluted
Clone:	QBEND/10
Immunogen:	Endothelial cells (HUVE).
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil, kidney
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a glycoprotein of MW 110 kDa, present on the surface of hematopoietic cells i.e. myeloid and lymphoid progenitors. It stains the vascular endothelial cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD4.

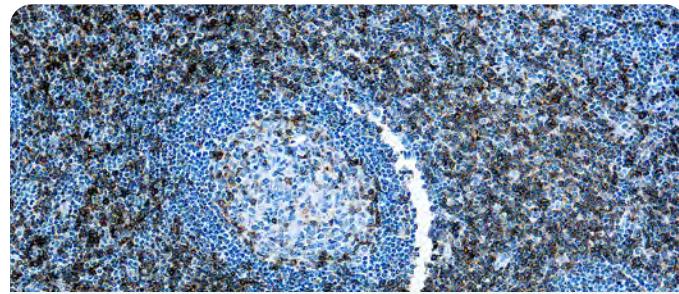
CD4



IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB083 Concentrated RMPD083 Prediluted
Clone:	EP204
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues of human CD4 protein.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

CD4 is glycoprotein found on the surface of immune cells such as T helper cells, monocytes, macrophages, and dendritic cells. It is co-receptor that assists the T-cell receptor (TCR) with antigen-presenting cell and also interacts directly with MHC class II molecules of the surface of antigen-presenting cells. Most mature T-cell lymphomas are CD4 positive with the exception of aggressive NK-cell leukemia and extranodal NK/T-cell lymphoma. CD4 plays important role in the classification of lymphocytes in inflammatory and malignant lymphomas.



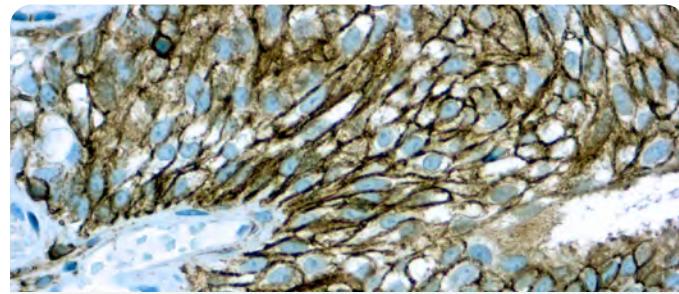
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD43 antibody.

CD43, T Cell

[IVD]

Catalog No.:	Mob039 Concentrated PDM060 Prediluted
Clone:	DF-T1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with myeloblast cell line KG1.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell Membrane

This antibody reacts with an antigen expressed by normal and neoplastic T cells and myeloid lineage cells. It strongly stains T cells in the interfollicular areas of normal lymphoid tissues.



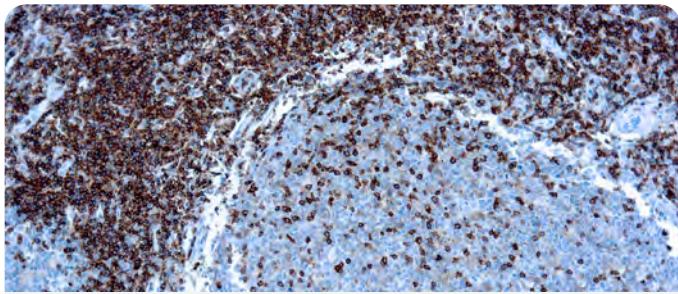
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human bladder carcinoma stained with CD44, HCAM antibody.

CD44/HCAM

[IVD]

Catalog No.:	Mob256 Concentrated PDM172 Prediluted
Clone:	156-3C11
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with stimulated human leukocytes.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Tonsil, bladder carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to a cell surface glycoprotein of 80-95 kDa, known as CD44. CD44 is expressed on the surface of lymphocytes, monocytes, and granulocytes. This antibody reacts with red cells pretreated with 2-aminoethyl isothiouronium bromide (AET).



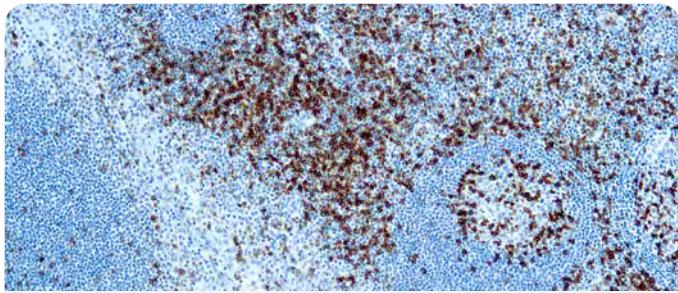
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD45/LCA antibody.

CD45, Leukocyte Common Antigen (LCA)

[IVD]

Catalog No.:	Mob040 Concentrated PDM009 Prediluted
Clone:	PD7/26 + 2B11
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with human peripheral blood lymphocytes to raise clone PD7/26 and with isolated neoplastic cells from T cell lymphoma to raise clone 2B11.
Isotype:	Both clones, IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

The human leukocyte common antigen is a family of five or more high molecular weight glycoproteins of MW 180, 190, 205 and 220 kDa, present on the surface of the majority of human leukocytes. This antibody labels lymphoid cells. It labels neoplastic B and T cells in non-Hodgkin lymphoma and in leukemias of B and T cell types.



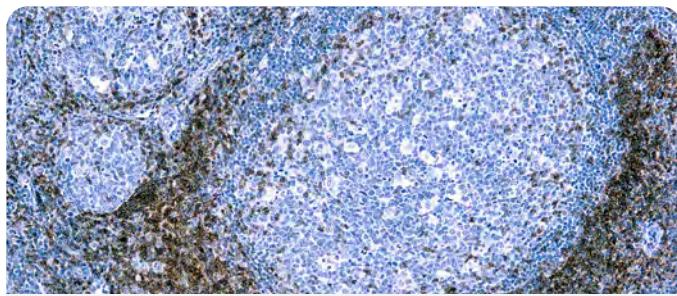
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD45RO antibody.

CD45RO, T Cell

[IVD]

Catalog No.:	Mob043 Concentrated PDM015 Prediluted
Clone:	UCHL1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with IL-2 dependent T cell line, CA1.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a 180 kDa glycoprotein of the CD45 family, found on most thymocytes and activated T cells but only on a portion of the resting T cells. It reacts with most thymocytes, a subpopulation of resting cells within both the CD4 and CD8 subsets and mature activated T cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD5

CD5

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob589 Concentrated
PDM589 Prediluted

Clone: 54/F6

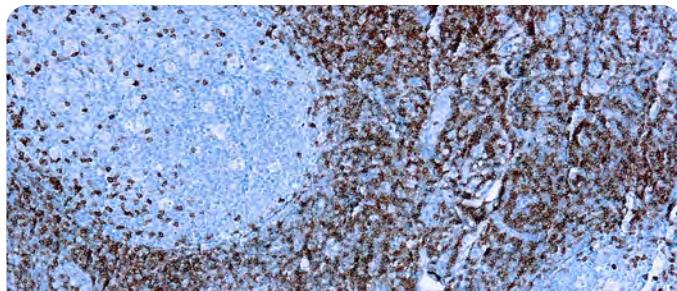
Immunogen: Recombinant prokaryotic fusion protein corresponding to the external domain of the CD5 molecule.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to CD5 antigen. It stains a cell surface glycoprotein of 67 kDa present on 95% of thymocytes and 72% of peripheral blood lymphocytes. CD5 is expressed by many T cell leukemias, lymphomas, and activated T cells. This antibody can be used for the detection of T cell acute lymphocytic leukemias.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD5

CD5

IVD

Catalog No.: RMAB011 Concentrated
RMPD011 Prediluted

Clone: SP19

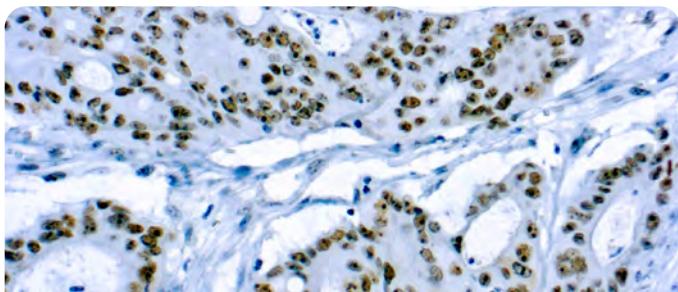
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from the intracellular region of CD5.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

CD5 is expressed by many T cell leukemias, lymphomas, and activated T cells. Occasionally, CD5 antigen is also expressed on a subset of B cells. Mantle cell lymphomas (same as diffuse centrocytic lymphomas) are CD5(+) while the follicle center cell lymphoma are CD5(-).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with CD56/NCAM-1 antibody.

CD56/Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule-1 (NCAM-1)

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob261 Concentrated
PDM110 Prediluted

Clone: 123C3.D5

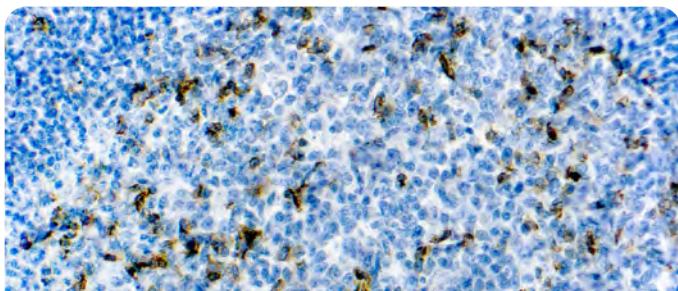
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with membrane preparation of a small cell lung carcinoma.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Neuroblastoma

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to two proteins of 185 kDa and 145 kDa, identified as two isoforms of neural cell adhesion molecules (NCAM/CD56). NCAM is expressed on most neuroectodermal derived cell lines, tissues, and neoplasms such as retinoblastoma, medulloblastoma, astrocytoma, and neuroblastoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD57 antibody.

CD57

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob163 Concentrated
PDM130 Prediluted

Clone: NK-1

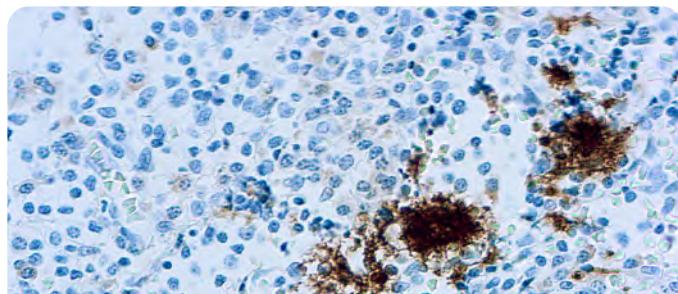
Immunogen: Human peripheral blood mononuclear cells.

Isotype: IgM

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to a 110kDa human CD57 myeloid associated glycoprotein. It stains mononuclear cells with natural killer activity, neuroendocrine cells, and their tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD61 antibody.

CD61/Platelet Glycoprotein IIIa



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob164 Concentrated
PDM064 Prediluted

Clone: Y2/51

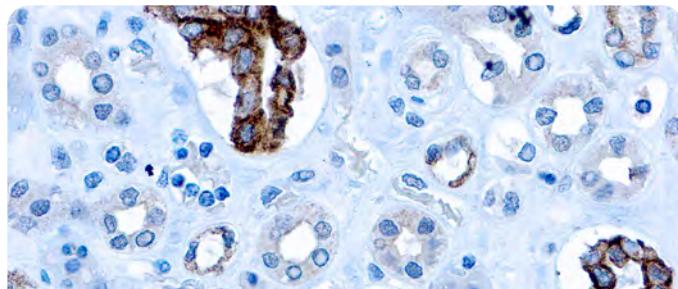
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with PHA-stimulated human mononuclear cells.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody recognizes a glycoprotein of 110 kDa molecular weight present on human platelets and also reacts with megakaryocytes and megakaryoblasts. The antigen is also present on endothelium and osteoclasts. The glycoprotein IIIa molecule produced by endothelium cells is identical in sequence to platelet glycoprotein IIIa.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human kidney stained with CD63 antibody.

CD63



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob301 Concentrated
PDM212 Prediluted

Clone: NKI/C3 (same as MX-49.129.5)

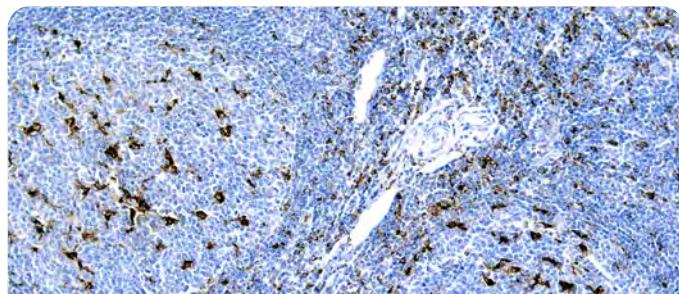
Immunogen: Smooth plasma membrane fraction of MeWo cells.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Melanoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 53 kDa protein, expressed on activated platelets. CD63 is a lysosomal membrane glycoprotein that is translocated to plasma membrane after platelet activation. It is also expressed on granulocytes, B cells, and T cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD68 antibody.

CD68, Macrophage



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob167 Concentrated
PDM066 Prediluted

Clone: KP1

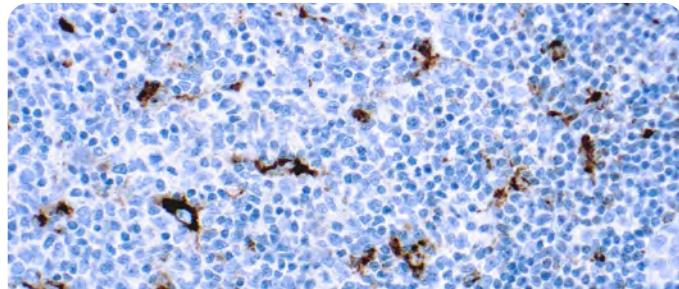
Immunogen: Subcellular fraction of human alveolar macrophages.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to macrophages in a wide variety of human tissues. It reacts with myeloid precursors and peripheral blood granulocytes. It also stains a cell population known as plasmacytoid T cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD68 antibody.

CD68/Macrophage



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob094 Concentrated
PDM065 Prediluted

Clone: PG-M1

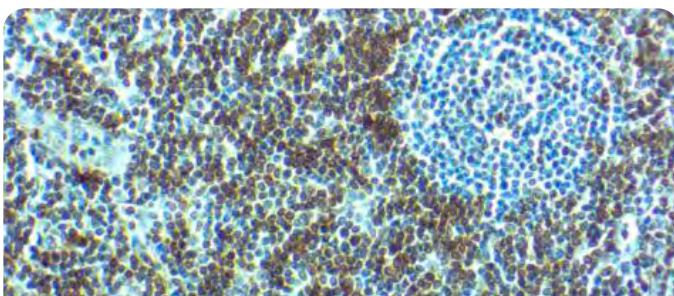
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with Gaucher's cells.

Isotype: IgG3, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with a glycoprotein of 110 kDa, expressed as an intracytoplasmic molecule. It stains macrophages in a wide variety of tissues. Myeloid precursor cells and peripheral granulocytes are negative. The PG-M1 differs from EMB11 (CD68) because of its non-reactivity with granulocytes and their precursor cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue stained with CD7

CD7

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob599 Concentrated
PDM599 Prediluted

Clone: CBC.37.80

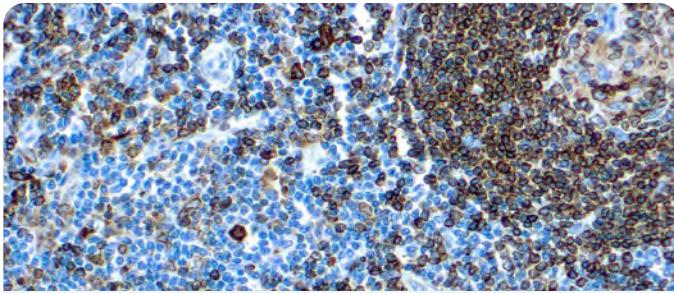
Immunogen: a T lymphoblastoid cell line, established from a patient with acute lymphoblastic leukemia

Isotype: IgG2b, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell surface/membrane

CD7 is expressed by most peripheral blood T cells, NK cells, and all thymocytes. It is one of the earliest surface antigens on T and NK-cell lineages. The antibody is a useful aid for classification of T-cell malignancies.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD74 antibody.

CD74, Lymphoid Marker

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob168 Concentrated
PDM033 Prediluted

Clone: LN2

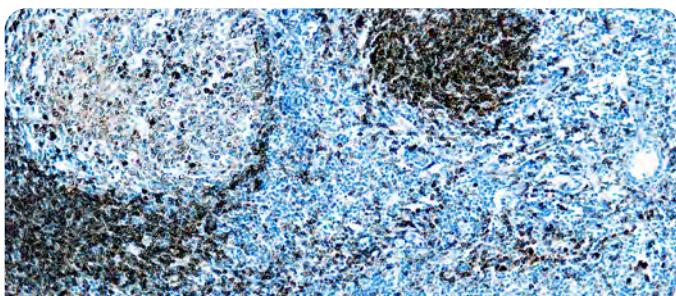
Immunogen: SU-DHL-4 lymphoma cells.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to CD74. This antibody can be used for the identification of B cell lymphomas and leukemias. It also stains activated neoplastic cells in T cell lymphomas and Reed-Sternberg cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD79a Antigen.

CD79a, Antigen

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob242 Concentrated
PDM125 Prediluted

Clone: HM47/A9

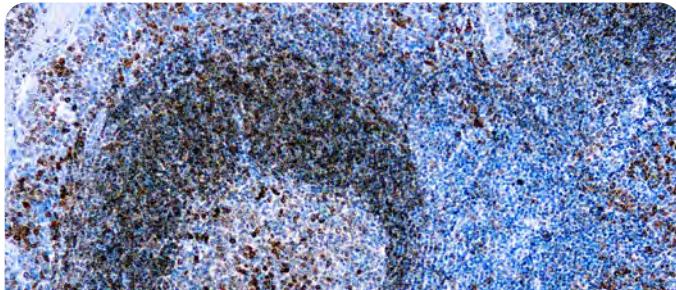
Immunogen: Synthetic polypeptide consisting of the amino acid sequence GTYQDVGSNIADVQ.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to human CD79a antigen complex, consisting of two polypeptides non-covalently associated with membrane-bound immunoglobulins on B cells. This complex of polypeptide and immunoglobulins constitute the B cell antigen receptor. The two components of this complex are designated CD79a and CD79b. The CD79a antigen appears at the pre-B cell stage, early in maturation and persists until the plasma cell stage. The CD79a antigen is found in majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, in B cell lines, and B cell lymphomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD79a antibody.

CD79a, B Cell

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob118 Concentrated
PDM271 Prediluted

Clone: HM57

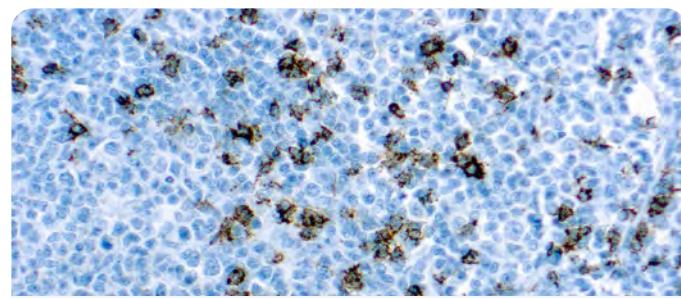
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide comprising of 202-216 C terminal amino acids part of mb-1 protein.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody reacts specifically with B cells at the pre B cell stage. It stains a majority of acute leukemias of precursor B cell type, B cell lymphomas, and some myelomas. The mb-1 polypeptide along with B29 polypeptide forms an antigen receptor complex on the B cell, performing signal transduction and phosphorylation functions.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD8

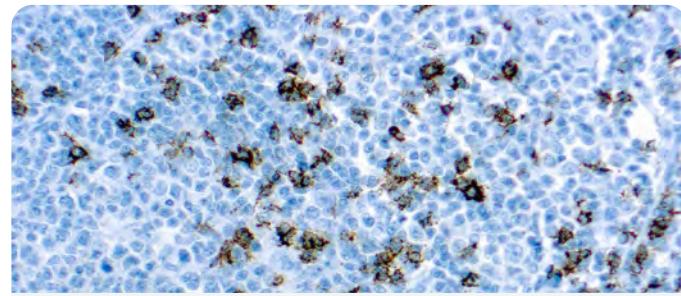
CD8



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob117 Concentrated PDM094 Prediluted
Clone:	144B
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide comprised of 13 C terminal amino acids from the cytoplasmic domain of the CD8 molecule.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts specifically with a 32 kDa protein similar to the CD8 molecule. This antibody stains cytotoxic/suppressor T cells and shows staining patterns similar to clustered CD8 monoclonal antibodies.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD8

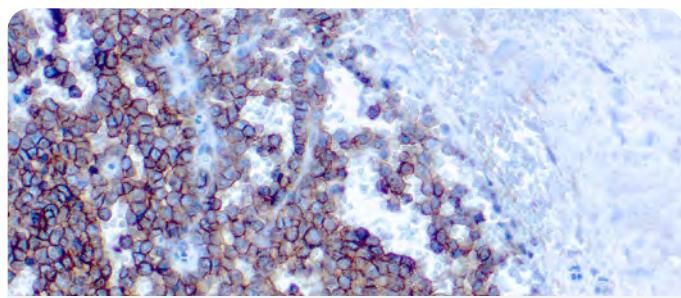
CD8



IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB012 Concentrated RMPD012 Prediluted
Clone:	SP16
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide sequence comprising the 13 C-terminal amino acids of the cytoplasmic domain of the CD8 α chain.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody recognizes the CD8. The CD8 molecule consists of two chains, α and β , which are expressed as a disulphide-linked α/β heterodimer or as an α/α homodimer on T cell subset, thymocytes, and NK cells. The majority of CD8+ T cells express CD8 as α/β heterodimer. CD8 functions as a coreceptor in concert with TCR for binding the MHC class I/peptide complex. The HIV-2 envelope glycoprotein binds CD8 α chain (but not β chain).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Ewing's sarcoma stained with CD99.

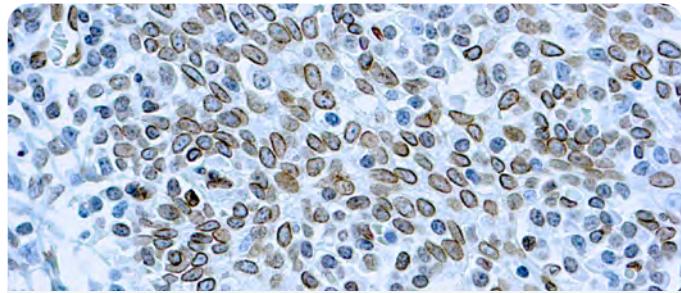
CD99



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob262 Concentrated PDM106 Prediluted
Clone:	HO36-1.1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified E-rosette forming cells from human peripheral blood lymphocytes.
Isotype:	IgM
Positive Control:	Ewing's sarcoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to a sialoglycoprotein of 27-32 kDa known as CD99 or MIC2 gene product. CD99 is expressed on the cell membrane of some lymphocytes, cortical thymocytes and granulosa cells of the ovary, Sertoli cells of the testis, pancreatic islet cells and some endothelial cells. Mature granulocytes express very little or no CD99.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cdc25A antibody.

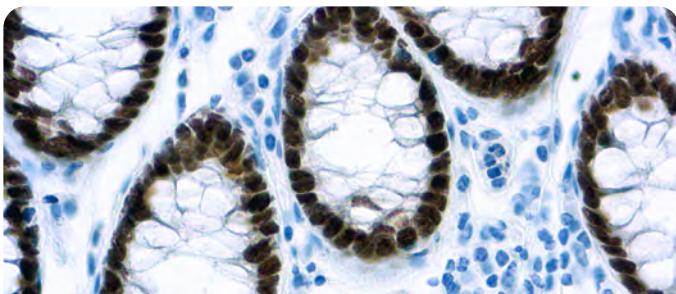
Cdc25A



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob337 Concentrated
Clone:	DCS-120
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified recombinant Cdc25A.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear membrane

This antibody reacts with a 65 kDa protein known as Cdc25A. The activity of cyclin-dependent kinases in cell cycle is regulated by the phosphorylation status, which is controlled by the antagonistic action of wee 1 kinase and Cdc25 phosphatases. Three Cdc25 genes are present in human cells: Cdc25A, Cdc25B and Cdc25C. Cdc25A and Cdc25B are expressed throughout the cell cycle, with peak expression in G1 for Cdc25A and in both G1-S phase and G2 for Cdc25B. Cdc25C is mainly expressed in G2 phase.

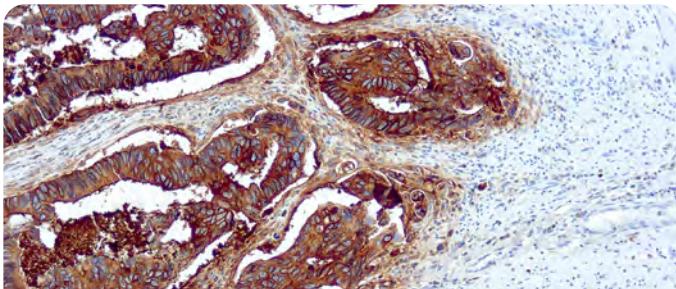


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon carcinoma stained with CDX2 antibody.

CDX2

Catalog No.:	RMAB059 Concentrated RMPD059 Prediluted
Clone:	EP25
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the C-term of human Cdx2 protein.
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Colon, colon adenocarcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

The caudal-related homeodomain protein 2, Cdx2, is a transcription factor expressed in the intestine and is thought to play an important role in proliferation and differentiation of intestinal epithelial cells. In human colorectal cancer, the expression of both Cdx2 and carbonic anhydrase 1, a gene regulated by Cdx2, is reduced or absent. Cdx2 is one of the important regulators in defining pathways for coordinate control of drug metabolism in the gastrointestinal tract.

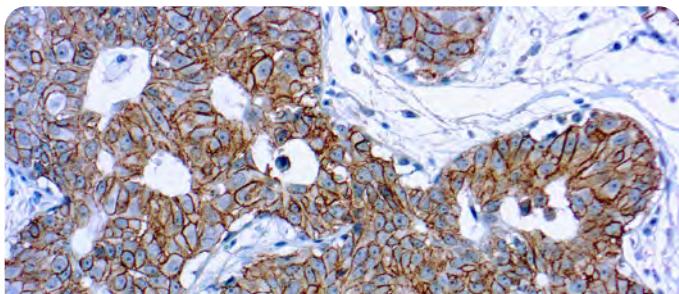


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon Ca stained with CEA antibody.

CEA (Carcinoembryonic Antigen)

Catalog No.:	Mob008 Concentrated PDM005 Prediluted
Clone:	COL-1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with extract of colon carcinoma cells.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Colon Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and luminal membrane

This antibody is a member of a family of complex antigens which also includes non-specific cross-reacting antigens (NCA). This antibody stains specific regions of CEA. It reacts with colorectal adenocarcinomas but does not show any staining with polymorphonuclear neutrophils and erythrocytes.

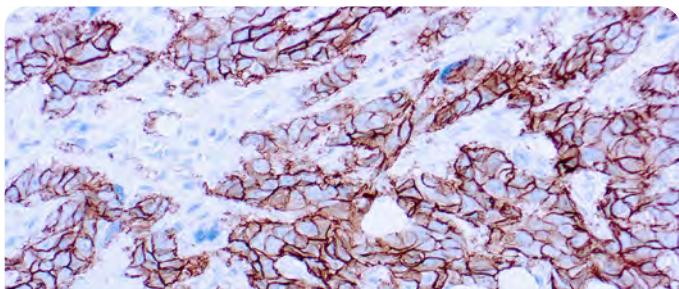


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with c-erbB-2 antibody.

c-erbB-2/Oncoprotein

Catalog No.:	RMAB008, RMAB008R - Concentrated RMPD008, RMPD008R - Prediluted
Clone:	SP3
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encoding extracellular domain of human c-erbB2.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody recognizes a c-erbB-2 protein, which is a receptor tyrosine kinase of the c-erbB family. It is closely related in structure to the epidermal growth factor receptor. c-erbB-2 oncogene is detectable in a subset of breast and other adenocarcinomas, as well as transitional cell carcinomas. In the case of breast cancer, expression determined by immunohistochemistry has been shown to be associated with poor prognosis.

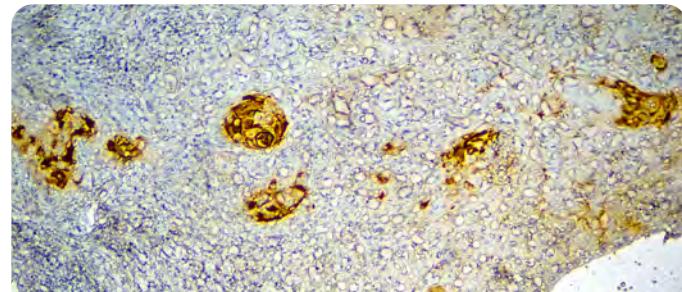


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with c-erbB-2 antibody.

c-erbB-2/Oncoprotein

Catalog No.:	RP006, RP006R - Concentrated PDR003, PDR003R - Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Keyhole limpet hemocyanin conjugated synthetic human peptide from c-erbB-2 oncogene.
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with the c-erbB-2 oncogene, a 190 kDa protein. The proto-oncogene for c-erbB-2 is located on the human chromosome 17, band 21. It has structural similarities to EGFR. Several studies have indicated that c-erbB-2 may be a good indicator of the prognosis of human carcinomas in the breast, ovary, uterus and gastrointestinal tract.



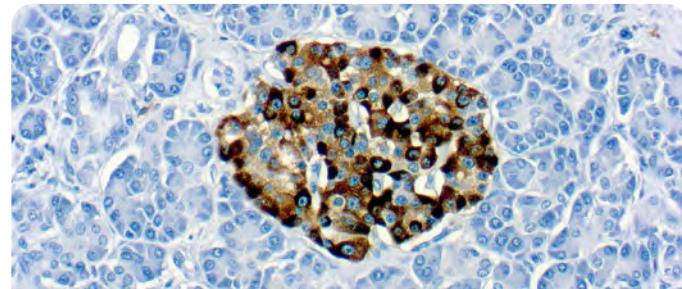
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human esophageal carcinoma tissue stained with CEACAM5

CEACAM5



Catalog No.:	RMAB118R Concentrated RMPD118R Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM2.85
Immunogen:	Recombinant human CEA protein fragment
Isotype:	IgG, kappa
Positive Control:	Colon Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell Surface

CEACAM are a family of Cell surface glycoproteins implicated in Cell adhesion and signaling as well as promotion of cancer progression and metastasis and are promising targets for novel anticancer agents. CEACAM5 is overexpressed in many epithelial tumors compared with normal tissue, and its presence appears to facilitate tumorigenesis and metastasis.



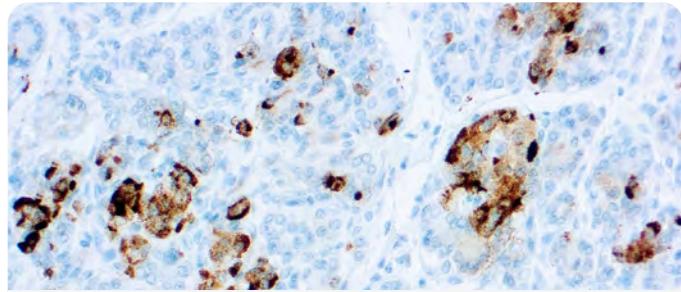
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Chromogranin A antibody.

Chromogranin A



Catalog No.:	Mob048 Concentrated PDM067 Prediluted
Clone:	LK2H10
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with human pheochromocytoma.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Chromogranin A is a 439 amino acid protein present in secretory granules of a wide variety of endocrine cells and neurons. A positive staining is seen in the secretory granules of parathyroid, adrenal medulla, anterior pituitary gland and Langerhans islets of pancreas. This antibody stains a variety of neuroendocrine tumors.



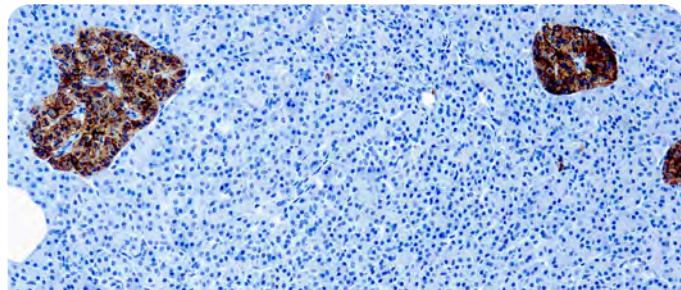
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Chromogranin A antibody.

Chromogranin A



Catalog No.:	RP008 Concentrated PDR061 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	C-terminal half of chromogranin A was purified from urine of patients with carcinoid syndrome.
Positive Control:	Pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with human chromogranin A in the neuroendocrine cells and neural tissues. It does not recognize the epitopes located on the N-terminal half of the chromogranin A molecule.



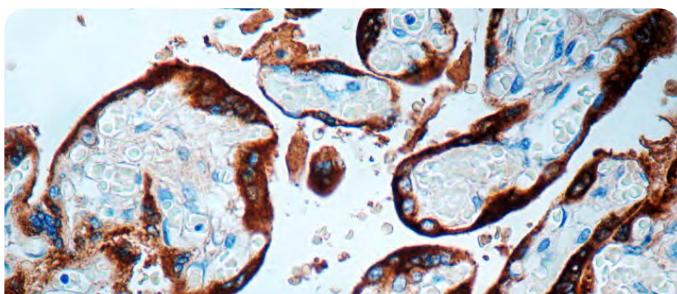
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Chromogranin A antibody.

Chromogranin A



Catalog No.:	RMAB015 Concentrated RMPD015 Prediluted
Clone:	SP12
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encoding human Chromogranin A.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes Chromogranin A. Chromogranin A (a protein of 439 amino acid which is encoded on chromosome 14) is present in neuroendocrine cells throughout the body, including the neuroendocrine cells of the large and small intestine, adrenal medulla and pancreatic islets. It is an excellent marker for carcinoid tumors, pheochromocytomas, paragangliomas, and other neuroendocrine tumors. Coexpression of chromogranin A and neuron specific enolase (NSE) is common in neuroendocrine neoplasms.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) antibody.

Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)



Catalog No.: RP007 Concentrated
PDR030 Prediluted

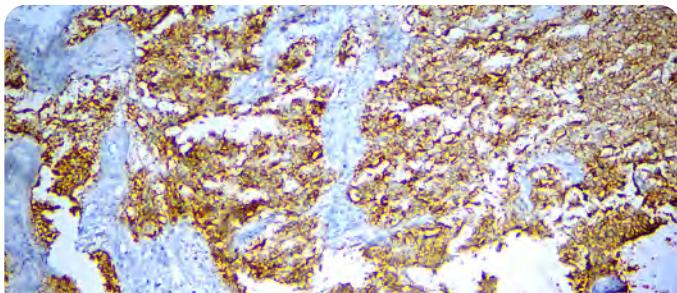
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: β chain of human chorionic gonadotropin

Positive Control: Placenta

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with hCG. It stains strongly with the human placenta and placental trophoblasts.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human gastric carcinoma tissue stained with Claudin18.2.

Claudin 18.2



Catalog No.: RMAB116R Concentrated
RMPD116R Prediluted

Clone: DBRRM1.82

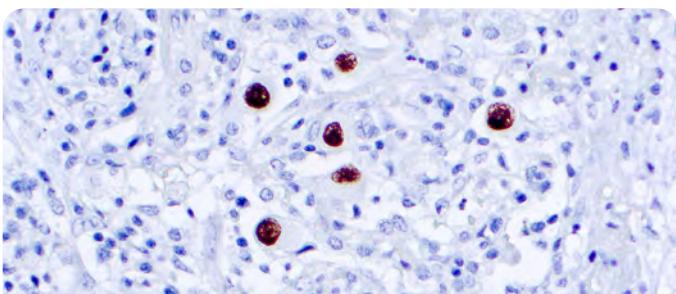
Immunogen: Recombinant human Claudin18.2 protein fragment (around aa 1-100)

Isotype: IgG, kappa

Positive Control: Stomach

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

Claudins are protein family and represent tight cell junctions in epithelial cells. One of the important protein is Claudin18, which is located on the epithelial cell surface. In particular, CLDN18.2 is a highly selective gastric lineage marker expressed in short lived differential cells but not in stem cell zone of stomach mucosa. A frequent CLDN18.2 alteration reported in different tumor types, including gastric, pancreaticobiliary, esophageal, Ovarian and non-small cell lung cancers. A higher prevalence of claudin18.2 positive gastric cancer, 38.4% of patients were deemed to have claudin18.2 positive tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human infected tissue stained with CMV antibody.

CMV Cocktail



Catalog No.: Mob049R Concentrated
PDM075R Prediluted

Clone: DGD9 + CCH2

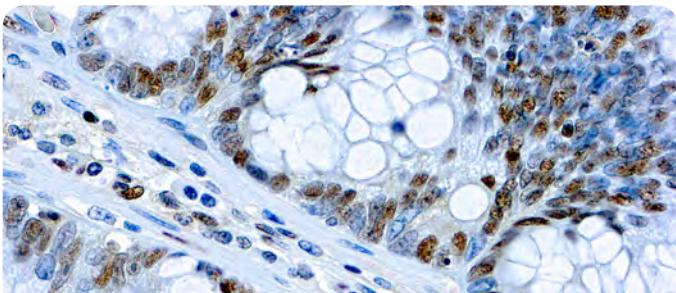
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with cytomegalovirus infected cell lysate.

Isotype: DGD9, IgG2a, kappa; CCH2, IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Infected lung

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This cocktail antibody stains infected cells giving a nuclear staining pattern with an immediate early and an early CMV antigen.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon adenocarcinoma stained with c-myc.

c-myc



Catalog No.: Mob231 Concentrated
PDM211 Prediluted

Clone: 9E10

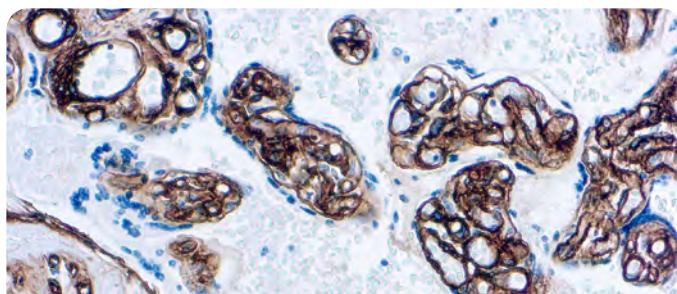
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues 408-439 of the human p62c-myc protein.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Breast carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody recognizes an epitope located in the amino acid residue 410-419 of human oncogene product c-myc. This antibody reacts with both components of the p62 and p64 c-myc.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Collagen Type IV antibody.

Collagen Type IV



Catalog No.: Mob229 Concentrated
PDM276 Prediluted

Clone: COL-94

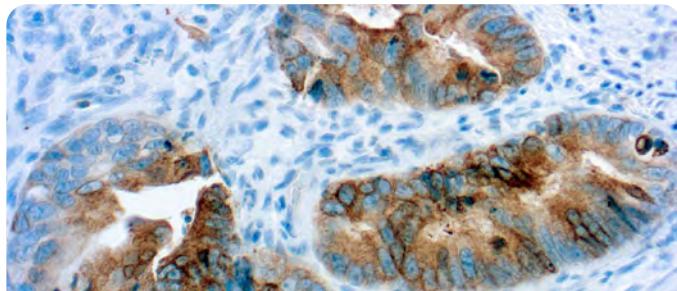
Immunogen: Human collagen type IV.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Skin

Cellular Localization: Basement membrane

This antibody recognizes collagen type IV epitope located on the $\alpha 1$ and/or $\alpha 2$ chains of human collagen type IV. This antibody shows no cross-reactivity with collagen types I, II, III, V, VI and VII and does not react with human vitronectin, fibronectin or chondroitin sulfate A, B and C.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon carcinoma stained with COX-2 antibody.

COX-2 (Cyclooxygenase-2)



Catalog No.: RP111 Concentrated

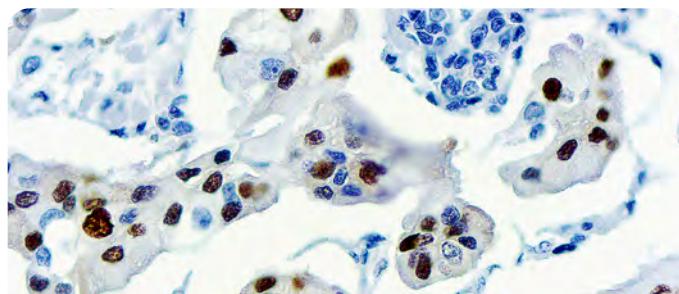
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Recombinant protein corresponding to C-terminus of rat COX2.

Positive Control: Lung and colon carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic, membrane

This antibody reacts with a 70 kDa protein. COX-2 (Cyclooxygenase-2) is an inducible enzyme. It is involved in the response of cells to growth factors, tumor promoters and cytokines that induce its expression. COX-2 expression markedly increased in 85-90% of human colorectal adenocarcinoma whereas COX-1 levels remained unchanged.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Breast Carcinoma stained with Cyclin D1.

Cyclin D1



Catalog No.: RMAB106 Concentrated
RMPD106 Prediluted

Clone: EP12

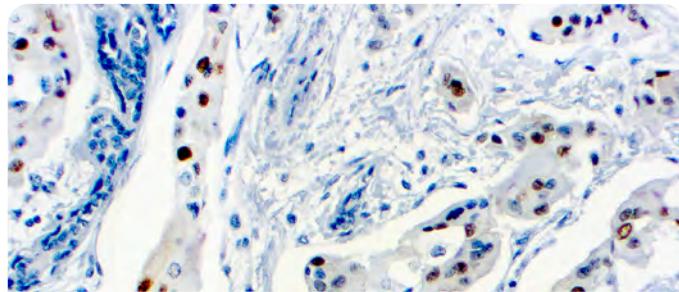
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near C terminus of human Cyclin D1 protein.

Isotype: Rabbit IgG

Positive Control: Breast Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Cyclin D1 belongs to the Cyclin D family. Cyclin D1 is required for the cell cycle G1/S transition. Amplification or overexpression of Cyclin D1 plays a pivotal role in the development of various human cancers including breast cancer, colon cancer, melanoma, prostate cancer, and lymphoma. It is useful to differentiate mantle cell lymphoma from small, cleaved cell lymphoma. Rabbit monoclonal antibodies to Cyclin D1 showed the highest sensitivity to detect this antigen in formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue as compared to several other clones.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Breast stained with Cyclin D1.

Cyclin D1



Catalog No.: RMAB003 Concentrated
RMPD003 Prediluted

Clone: SP4

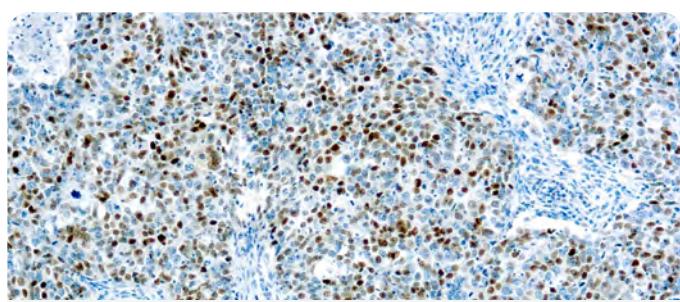
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide from C-terminus of human cyclin D1.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Breast carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Cyclin D1 or PRAD-1 or bcl-1 is one of the key cell cycle regulators, and functions in association with cdk4 and/or cdk6 by phosphorylating the Rb protein. It is a putative proto-oncogene overexpressed in a wide variety of human neoplasms including mantle cell lymphomas (MCL).



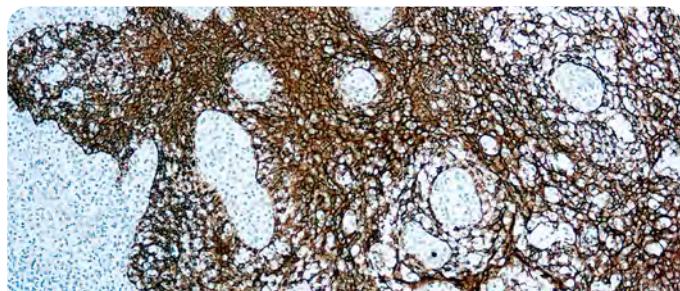
Cyclin E Protein



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob266 Concentrated PDM145 Prediluted
Clone:	HE12
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide corresponding to human cyclin E protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody recognizes a doublet of 50 kDa and a single band of 42 kDa identified as cyclin E. Cyclin proteins are a family of related proteins, which control the progression of the eukaryotic cell cycle. Overexpression of cyclin E shortens the length of the G1 phase, accelerating progression of S phase. The activity of cyclin E is mediated through its activation of cyclin dependent kinase 2 (cdk2) protein and is modulated by the presence of tumor suppressor proteins such as p16.



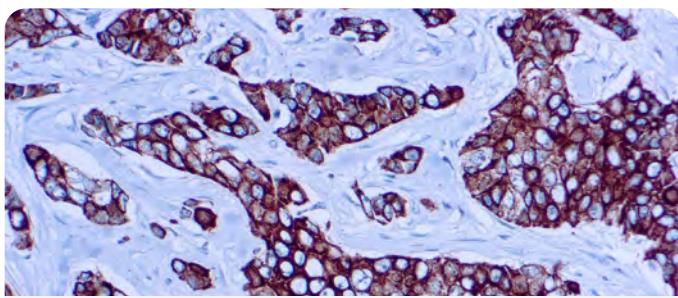
Cytokeratin



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob052 Concentrated PDM116 Prediluted
Clone:	MNF116
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with crude extract of splenic cells from a nude mouse engrafted with MCF-7 cells.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Skin
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes cytokeratin polypeptides ranging from 40 through 58kDa, corresponding to cytokeratins 5, 6, 8, 17 and 19. It shows a broad pattern of reactivity with human epithelial tissues from simple glandular epithelia to stratified squamous epithelia, like epidermis, mammary gland ducts and tracheal epithelium.



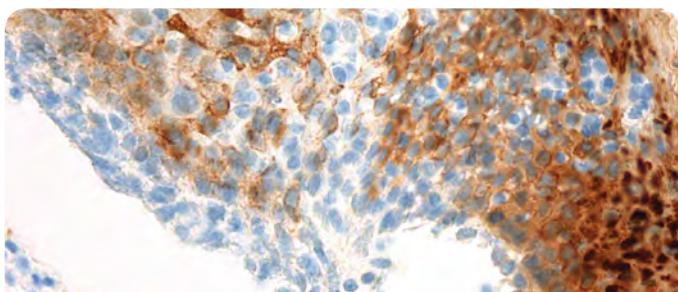
Cytokeratin (CAM 5.2)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob469 Concentrated PDM181 Prediluted
Clone:	CAM 5.2
Immunogen:	Anti-Cytokeratin, clone CAM 5.2, is derived from hybridization of mouse P3/NS-1/1-Ag4-1myeloma cells with spleen cells from BALB/c mice immunized with the human colorectal carcinoma cell line HT29.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Lung, colon, prostate and breast tissue.
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic.

Anti-Cytokeratin (CAM 5.2) reagent has a primary reactivity with human keratin proteins that correspond to Moll's peptides #7 and #8, Mr 48 and 52 kDa (kd), respectively. Anti-Cytokeratin (CAM 5.2) stains most epithelial-derived tissue, including: liver, renal tubular epithelium, hepatocellular and renal cell carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin 13 antibody.

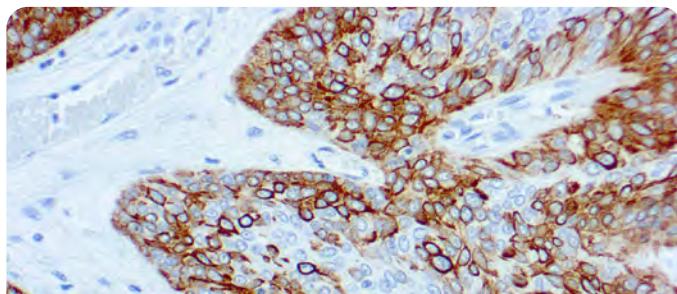
Cytokeratin 13



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob443 Concentrated
Clone:	KS-1A3
Immunogen:	Cultured A431 cells from a human epidermoid carcinoma of the vulva.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Skin
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 54 kDa protein. Cytokeratin 13 belongs to the type A (acidic) subfamily of low molecular weight cytokeratins and exists in combination with cytokeratin 4. Cytokeratin 13 is expressed in squamous, non-keratinized epithelium, transitional epithelium and myoepithelium. This antibody is useful for the identification of carcinomas of trachea, sweat glands, bladder, ectocervix, tongue, esophagus, anal canal and the basal layer of keratinized epidermis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded lung squamous cell carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 14 antibody.

Cytokeratin 14



Catalog No.: Mob186 Concentrated
PDM138 Prediluted

Clone: LL002

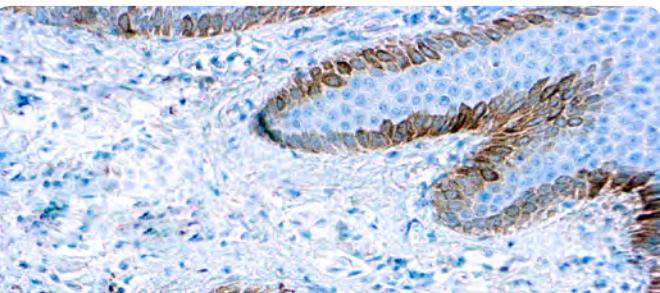
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide of 15 aa residues from the C-terminus of human keratin 14.

Isotype: IgG3

Positive Control: Skin, Squamous Cell Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 50 kDa cytokeratin protein designated cytokeratin 14. Cytokeratin 14 belongs to the type A (acidic) subfamily of low molecular weight cytokeratins and exists in combination with cytokeratin 15. This antibody can be used to distinguish stratified epithelial cells from simple epithelial cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skin stained with Cytokeratin 15 antibody.

Cytokeratin 15



Catalog No.: Mob305 Concentrated
PDM596 Prediluted

Clone: LHK15

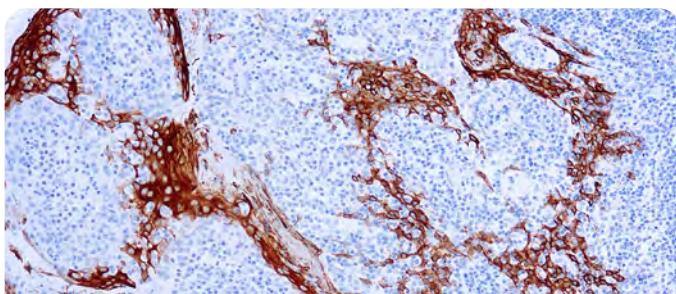
Immunogen: A 17-mer synthetic peptide from the C-terminus of human cytokeratin 15.

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa

Positive Control: Skin

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Cytokeratin 15 is a type I cytokeratin without a defined type II partner. Cytokeratin 15 is expressed primarily in the basal keratinocytes of stratified tissues, including the fetal epidermis and fetal nail.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin 16 antibody.

Cytokeratin 16



Catalog No.: Mob273 Concentrated
PDM273 Prediluted

Clone: LL025

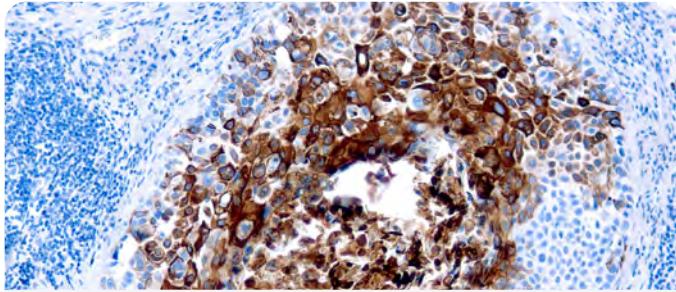
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with a synthetic peptide from the C-terminus of human cytokeratin 16.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Skin, Squamous Cell Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a 48 kDa protein, which is identified as cytokeratin 16. Cytokeratin 16 is expressed in keratinocytes, which are undergoing rapid turnover in the suprabasal region. High concordance was found between the carcinomas immunostaining with the basal cell and the hyperproliferation-related keratins.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lung squamous cell carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 17 antibody.

Cytokeratin 17



Catalog No.: Mob127 Concentrated
PDM206 Prediluted

Clone: E3

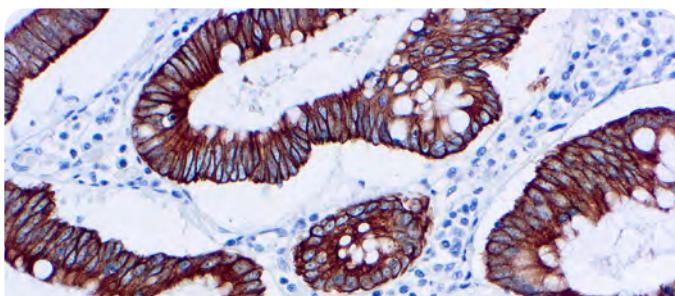
Immunogen: Cytoskeletal fraction of rat colon epithelium.

Isotype: IgG2b, kappa

Positive Control: Skin

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 46 kDa cytokeratin protein designated cytokeratin 17. It reacts with basal cells in complex epithelia and reacts strongly with squamous cell carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human human colon carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 18 antibody.

Cytokeratin 18



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob187 Concentrated
PDM164 Prediluted

Clone: DC10

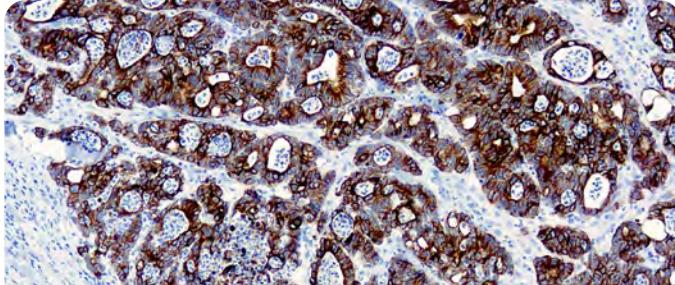
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with PMC-42 human breast carcinoma cell line.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Skin

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to human cytokeratin 18 of 45 kDa. Cytokeratin 18 belongs to a family of acidic type A keratins and exists along with cytokeratin 8 in most simple ductal and glandular epithelia. This antibody does not react with squamous epithelium. It reacts with benign and malignant epithelial lesions as well as a majority of adenocarcinomas and basal cell carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human human colon carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 19 antibody.

Cytokeratin 19



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob274 Concentrated
PDM192 Prediluted

Clone: A53-B/A2.26

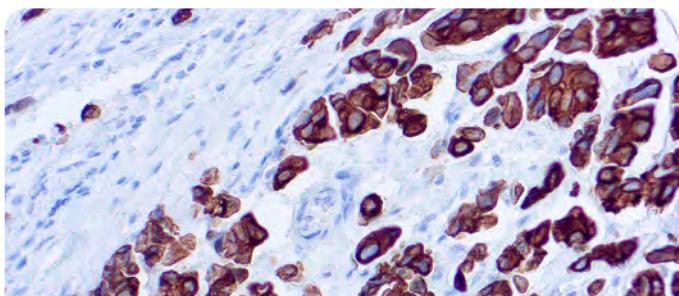
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with human breast cancer MCF-7 cells.

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa

Positive Control: Skin, Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a 40 kDa protein, cytokeratin 19. Its epitope maps between amino acids 312-335. This antibody reacts with MCF-7 cells, which are known to contain cytokeratin 19.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 20 antibody.

Cytokeratin 20



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob123 Concentrated
PDM049 Prediluted

Clone: KS 20.8

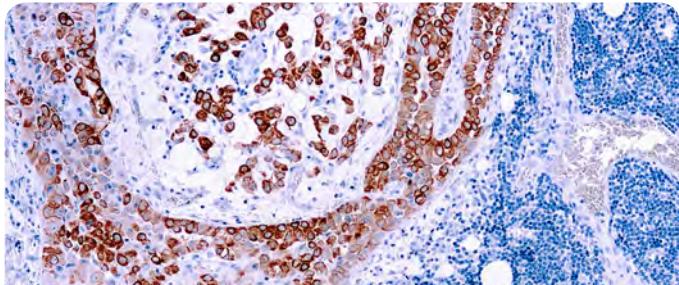
Immunogen: Cytokeratins isolated from human micro-dissected villi of human duodenal mucosa.

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa

Positive Control: Skin, Colon Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Cytokeratin 20 is less acidic than the other type I cytokeratins and is of particular interest because of its restricted range of expression. This antibody reacts with cytokeratin polypeptide of 46 kDa in immunoblot analyses. Studies have shown that a marked difference exists in the expression of Cytokeratin 20 among various carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon stained with Cytokeratin 5.

Cytokeratin 5



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob361 Concentrated
PDM139 Prediluted

Clone: XM26

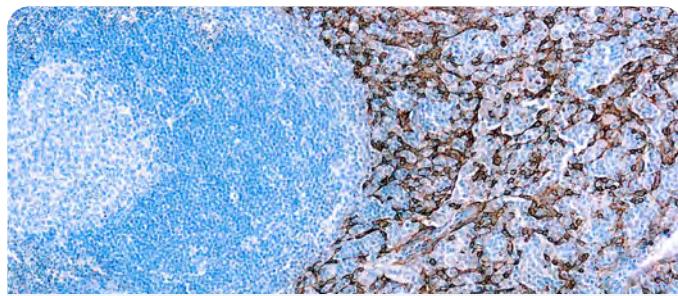
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with prokaryotic recombinant protein corresponding to 103 amino acid portion of C-terminal region of the human cytokeratin 5 molecule.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Skin

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Cytokeratin 5 is a 58 kDa protein and reacts with cytokeratin 5 intermediate filament protein. Cytokeratin 5 and 6 are expressed in basal cell epithelioma, basal cells of prostate, urothelium, vagina, squamous cell carcinomas of skin, tongue, epiglottis and rectal-anal region. Cytokeratin 5 can be useful in the distinction of mesotheliomas from most adenocarcinomas.

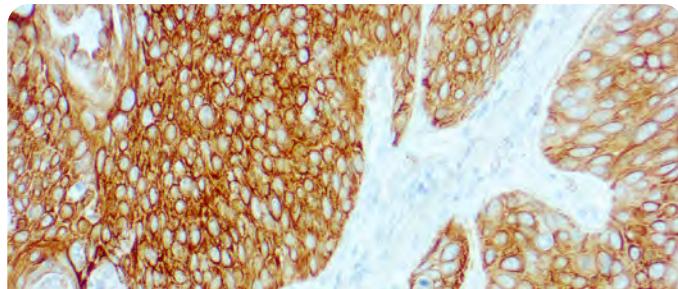


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin 5/14.

Cytokeratin 5/14

Catalog No.:	Mob433 Concentrated PDM140 Prediluted
Clone:	XM26 + LL002
Immunogen:	XM26: prokaryotic recombinant protein, 103 amino acid portion of C-terminal region LL002: Synthetic peptide of the extreme C-terminal of human keratin-14.
Isotype:	XM26, IgG1; LL002, IgG3
Positive Control:	Skin, Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody cocktail reacts with cytokeratin 5 intermediate filament protein as well as the 50 kDa cytokeratin 14. Cytokeratin 5 can be useful in the distinction of mesotheliomas from most adenocarcinomas. Cytokeratin 14 can be useful to distinguish stratified epithelial cells from simple epithelial cells.

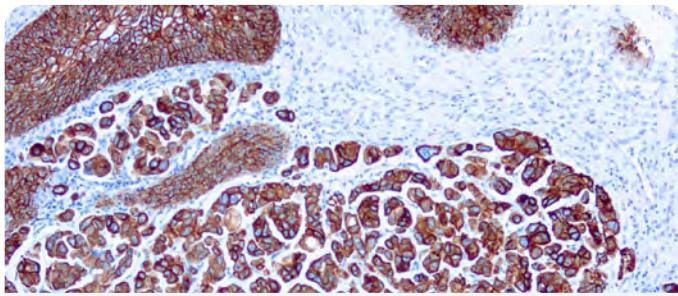


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded lung squamous cell Ca. stained with Cytokeratin 5/6.

Cytokeratin 5/6

Catalog No.:	Mob362 Concentrated PDM123 Prediluted
Clone:	D5/16 B4
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with cytokeratin 5.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Skin
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Cytokeratin 5 (58 kDa) is a high molecular weight, basic type of cytokeratin expressed in basal, intermediate and superficial cell layers of stratified epithelia as well as transitional epithelia, complex epithelia and in mesothelial cells and mesothelioma. Cytokeratin 6 (56 kDa) is also a high molecular weight, basic type cytokeratin expressed by proliferating squamous epithelium often paired with cytokeratin 16.

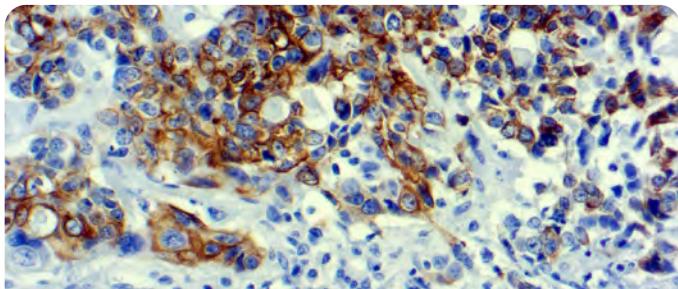


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lung adenocarcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 7 antibody.

Cytokeratin 7

Catalog No.:	Mob057 Concentrated PDM097 Prediluted
Clone:	OV-TL 12/30
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with ovarian carcinoma cell line, OTN11.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Skin, Lung
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes keratin polypeptide of 54 kDa. It stains a number of epithelial cells including ductal and glandular epithelia. This antibody labels adenocarcinomas and transitional cell carcinomas but does not react with squamous cell carcinomas.

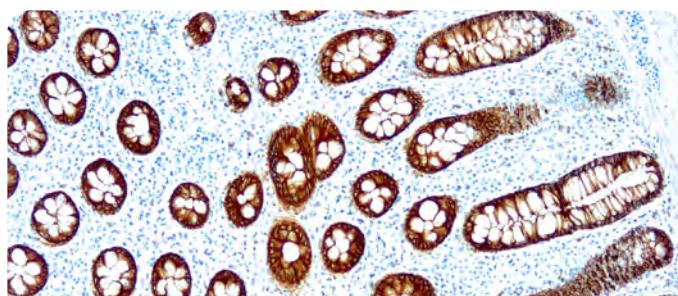


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded breast carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 7.

Cytokeratin 7

Catalog No.:	Mob563 Concentrated PDM563 Prediluted
Clone:	LP1K
Immunogen:	Sonicated cytoskeleton fractions from SV40 transformed neonatal keratinocytes.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

Cytokeratin 7 is expressed in epithelial cells of ovary, lung and breast. It is often used in conjunction with cytokeratin 20 and CDX-2 in distinguishing pulmonary, ovarian and breast carcinomas (CK7+) from most colon carcinomas (CK7-).

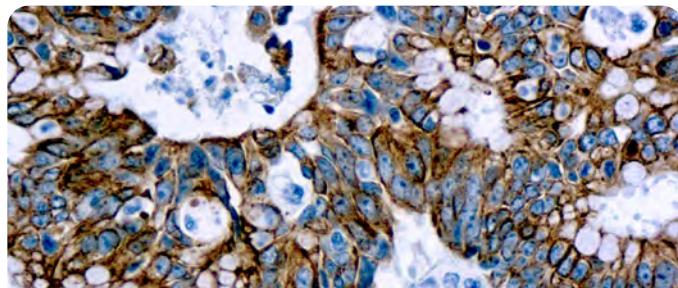


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon stained with Cytokeratin 8 antibody.

Cytokeratin 8, LMW

Catalog No.:	Mob054 Concentrated PDM117 Prediluted
Clone:	35 β H11
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with cytoskeletal extract of human hepatocellular carcinoma cell line, Hep3B.
Isotype:	IgM, kappa
Positive Control:	Skin, Colon
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes keratin polypeptide of 54 kDa. It stains strongly with non-squamous epithelium but does not stain squamous epithelium. It reacts with the sweat gland and ducts in the skin. Adenocarcinomas of the ovary, gastrointestinal tract, ductal carcinoma of breast, pancreas and bile ducts, stain positive with this antibody.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon adenocarcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 8/18 antibody.

Cytokeratin 8/18

Catalog No.:	Mob189 Concentrated PDM070 Prediluted
Clone:	5D3
Immunogen:	Cytokeratins from the human breast carcinoma cell line MCF-7.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Skin
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to human cytokeratins 8 (52.5 kDa) and 18 (45 kDa). This antibody stains simple and glandular epithelium. This antibody can be useful for the identification of adenocarcinomas and most squamous cell carcinomas.

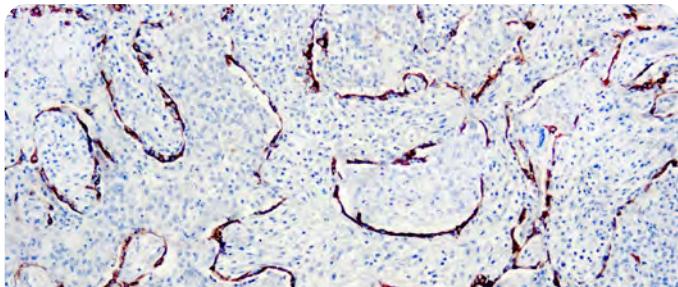


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lung squamous cell carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin AE1 antibody.

Cytokeratin, Acidic (AE1)

Catalog No.:	Mob092 Concentrated PDM043 Prediluted
Clone:	AE1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with human epidermal keratin.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Squamous Lung Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

This antibody recognizes most of the acidic (Type I) keratins. It recognizes keratin polypeptides of 50 and 56.5 kDa. In keratinized epidermis, 50 kDa keratin is present in the basal layer, while 56.5 kDa keratin is present in suprabasal layers. This antibody can be used to stain distinct cell layers in an epithelial tissue and various neoplasms of epithelial origin.

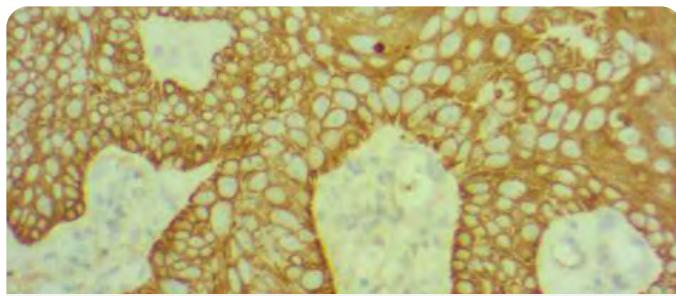


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lung squamous cell carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin AE1/AE3.

Cytokeratin, Pan (AE1/AE3)

Catalog No.:	Mob190 Concentrated PDM072 Prediluted
Clone:	AE1/AE3
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with human epidermal keratin.
Isotype:	AE1, IgG1, kappa; AE3, IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Squamous lung carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This AE1/AE3 antibody cocktail recognizes most of the acidic (Type I) keratins as well as basic (Type II). It recognizes keratin polypeptides of 40, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56.5, 58, 59 and 64 to 67 kDa. In keratinized epidermis, 50 kDa keratin is present in the basal layer, while 56.5 kDa keratin is present in suprabasal layers. 58 kDa keratin is present in the basal and suprabasal layers, while 65 to 67 kDa keratin is present in the cells above the basal layers. This antibody can be used to stain distinct cell layers in an epithelial tissue and various neoplasms of epithelial origin.



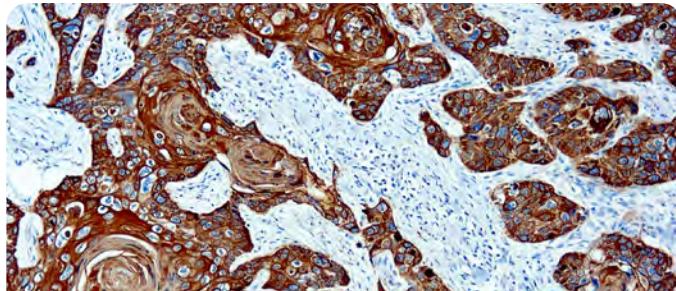
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue stained with CKAE1/AE3/8+18 cocktail

Cytokeratin



Catalog No.:	Mob601, Mob601-01, Mob601-05 - Concentrated PDM601 Prediluted
Clone:	AE1+AE3+ 5D3
Immunogen:	Human epidermal keratin +Cytoskeleton preparation from human breast cancer MCF-7 cells
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Squamous Lung Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

AE1/AE3 is a broad-spectrum anti pan-keratin antibody cocktail, which differentiates epithelial tumors from non-epithelial tumors e.g., squamous vs. adenocarcinoma of the lung, liver carcinoma, breast cancer, and esophageal cancer.



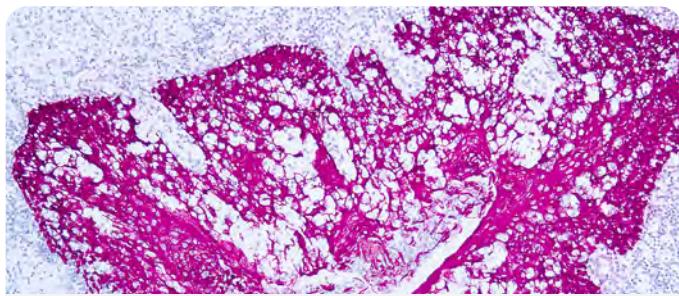
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Squamous Lung Carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin antibody.

Cytokeratin, Basic (AE3)



Catalog No.:	Mob093 Concentrated PDM044 Prediluted
Clone:	AE3
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with human epidermal keratin.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Squamous Lung Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

This antibody recognizes most of the basic (Type II) keratins. It recognizes keratin polypeptides of 58 and 65 to 67 kDa. In keratinized epidermis, 58 kDa keratin is present in the basal and suprabasal layers, while 65 to 67 kDa keratin is present in the cells above the basal layers. This antibody can be used to stain different cell layers in an epithelial tissue and various neoplasms of epithelial origin.



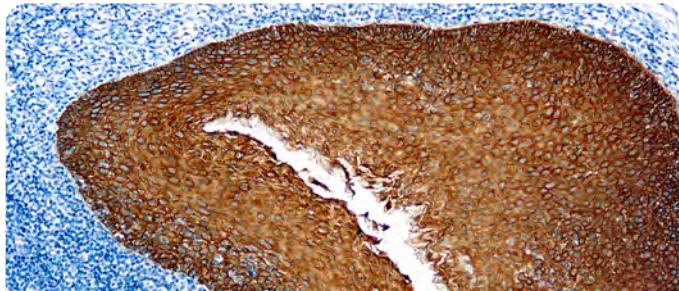
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin HMW antibody.

Cytokeratin, HMW (34βE12)



Catalog No.:	Mob059 Concentrated PDM074 Prediluted
Clone:	34βE12
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with solubilized keratin extract from human stratum corneum.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Skin, Prostate
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes keratin polypeptides of 68, 58, 56.5 and 50 kDa in the stratum corneum. The antibody reacts with squamous, ductal and other complex epithelia. It stains adenocarcinomas, breast, pancreas, bile duct, salivary gland and transitional cell carcinomas.



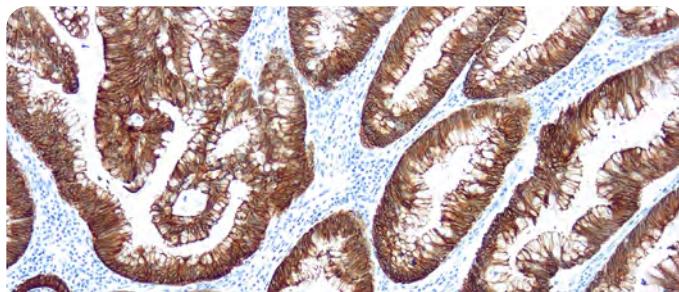
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skin stained with Cytokeratin Wide Spectrum antibody.

Cytokeratin, Wide Spectrum



Catalog No.:	RP010 Concentrated PDR035 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Cytokeratin isolated from bovine muzzle epidermis.
Positive Control:	Skin
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with cytokeratins of 58, 56, 52, 60, 51, 48 and 68 kDa MW. This antibody is well suited for the staining of a broad spectrum of human keratins.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon adenocarcinoma stained with Cyto keratin, Pan antibody.

Cyto keratin, Pan



Catalog No.: RP167 Concentrated
PDR167 Prediluted

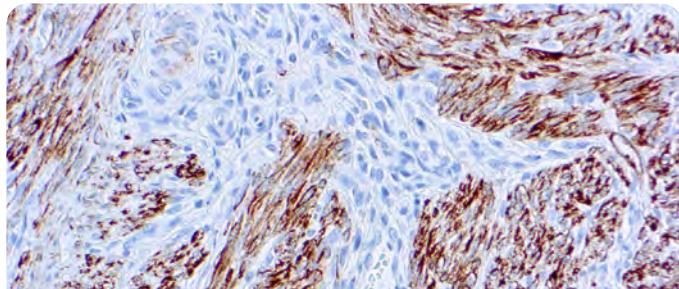
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Recombinant Full-length human KRT76 and KRT77 proteins.

Positive Control: Colon adenocarcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Many studies have shown the usefulness of keratins as markers in cancer research and tumor diagnosis. It is a broad spectrum anti pan-cytokeratin antibody, which differentiates epithelial tumors from non-epithelial tumors e.g. squamous vs. adenocarcinoma of the lung, liver carcinoma, breast cancer, and esophageal cancer. This antibody stains cytokeratins present in normal and abnormal human tissues and has high sensitivity in the recognition of epithelial cells and carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human uterus stained with Desmin antibody.

Desmin



Catalog No.: Mob060 Concentrated
PDM006 Prediluted

Clone: D33

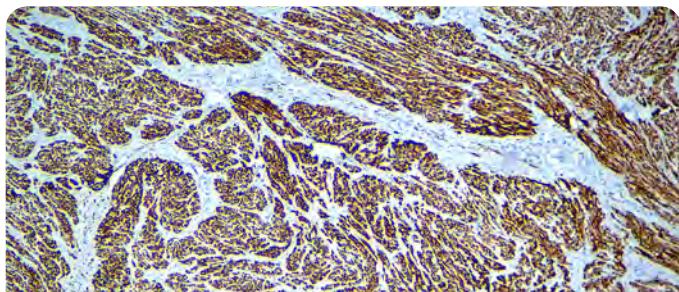
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with purified desmin from human muscle.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Leiomyoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with desmin protein of 53 kDa. Both striated as well as smooth muscle cells stain well with this antibody.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Leiomyoma stained with Desmin (DE R 11)

Desmin (DE-R-11)



Catalog No.: Mob610 Concentrated
PDM610 Prediluted, PDM610-HL

Clone: DE-R-11

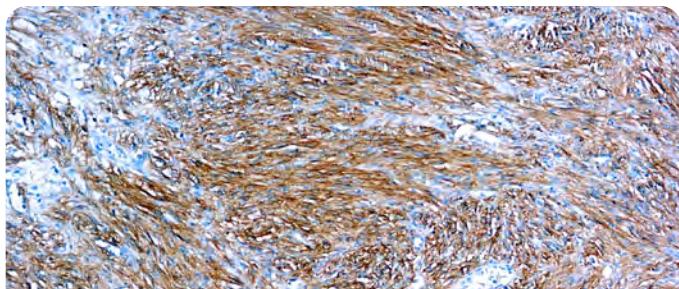
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with purified desmin from human muscle.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Leiomyoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Desmin, a 469 amino acid protein found near the Z line in sarcomeres, is expressed more frequently in adult differentiated state tissues. Anti-desmin detects cells of normal smooth, skeletal, and cardiac muscles. Antibody reacts with leiomyomas, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyomas, rhabdomyosarcoma, and perivascular cells of glomus tumors of the skin.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded gastrointestinal stromal tumor stained with D0G1 antibody.

DOG 1



Catalog No.: Mob466 Concentrated
PDM170 Prediluted

Clone: DOG1.1

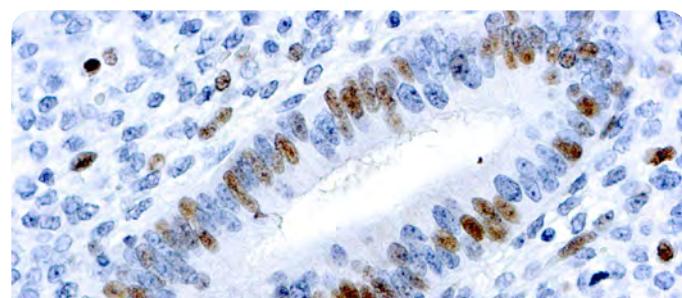
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide of human DOG1 protein.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Gastrointestinal stromal tumor tissue

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic and membrane

DOG1 is expressed ubiquitously in gastrointestinal stromal tumors irrespective of c-Kit or PDGFR alpha mutation status. Reactivity for DOG1 may aid in the diagnosis of gastrointestinal stromal tumors, including PDGFRA mutants that fail to express c-Kit antigen, and lead to appropriate treatment with imatinib mesylate, an inhibitor of the c-Kit tyrosine kinase.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human uterus stained with E2F-1 Transcription Factor antibody.

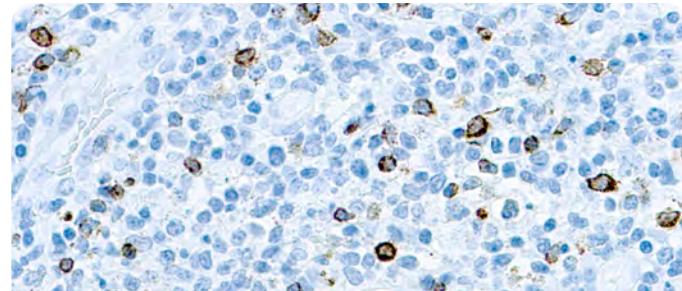
E2F-1 Transcription Factor



IVD RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob381, Mob381R - Concentrated
Clone:	KH95
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with a recombinant human E2F-1 protein.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Tonsil, breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a protein of 60 kDa. E2Fs are DNA-binding proteins, which associate with negative regulators, such as the retinoblastoma p107 protein, resulting in an altered rate of gene transcription. E2F-1 is proposed to be involved in several cellular processes that range from tumor suppression, cell progression and oncogenesis. E2F-1 over expression can also drive cells into apoptosis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human infected tissue stained with EBV.

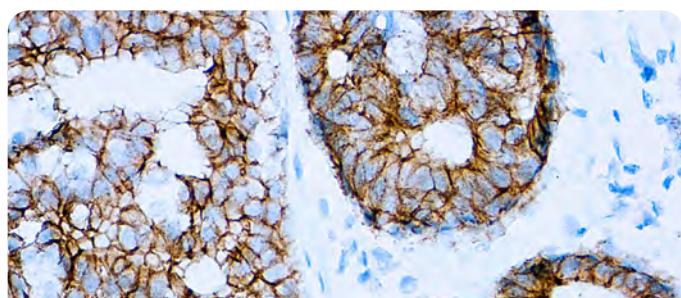
Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV)



IVD RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob194, Mob194R - Concentrated PDM128, PDM128R - Prediluted
Clone:	CS1, CS2, CS3, CS4
Immunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing sequences of bacterial β -galactosidase and EBV encoded latent membrane protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Infected lymphoblastoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 60 kDa latent membrane protein (LMP-1) encoded by the BNLF1 gene of the EBV. Each clone reacts with different epitopes on the hydrophilic C-terminus of the cytoplasmic domain of LMP-1. This antibody stains strongly with EBV positive lymphoblastoid cell lines and EBV infected B cell immunoblasts in infectious mononucleosis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with E-Cadherin antibody.

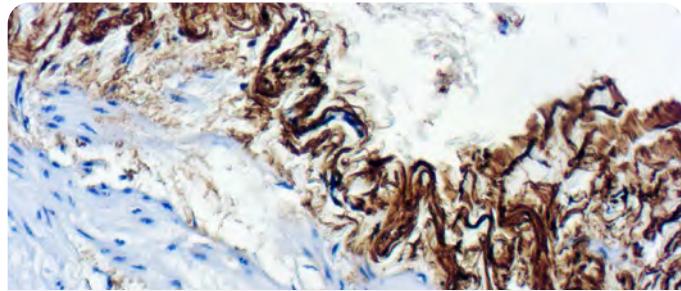
E-Cadherin



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob550 Concentrated PDM182 Prediluted
Clone:	SPM471
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encoding human Cadherin-E 600-707aa
Isotype:	IgG 2b/k
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma, Colon carcinoma, Appendix
Cellular Localization:	Cell Membrane

E-cadherin (uvomorulin, cell-CAM120/80) is a calcium dependent cell adhesion molecule expressed predominately in epithelial tissues. It plays an important role in the growth and development of cells via the mechanisms of control of tissue architecture and the maintenance of tissue integrity.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human renal cell carcinoma stained with Elastin antibody.

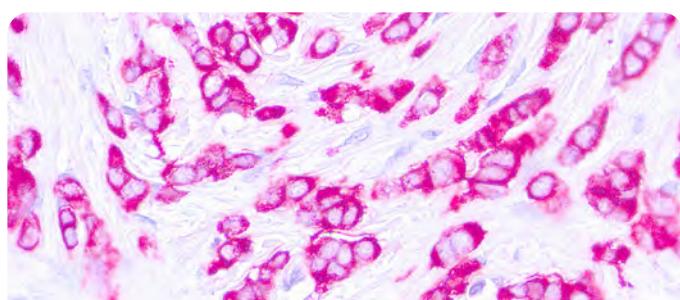
Elastin



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob230 Concentrated PDM300 Prediluted
Clone:	BA4
Immunogen:	Bovine α -elastin.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Heart, Kidney
Cellular Localization:	Connective tissue

This antibody recognizes insoluble elastin, α -elastin, soluble non-cross linked precursor of elastin (tropoelastin). Elastin is an important polymeric protein of connective tissue that imparts elasticity to vertebrate elastic tissues.

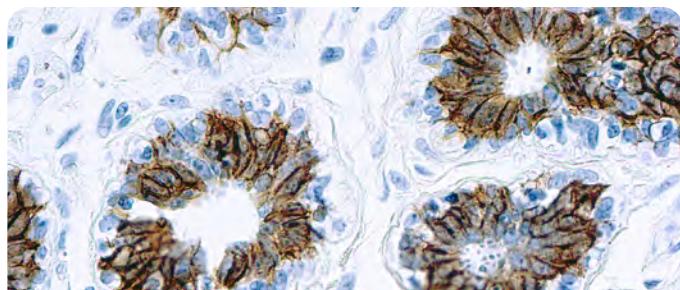


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with Epithelial Antigen.

Epithelial Membrane Antigen (EMA) IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob401 Concentrated PDM204 Prediluted
Clone:	E29
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with delipidated human milk fat globule membrane preparation.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane and cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with an antigen of 265-400 kDa belonging to a heterogeneous group of heavily glycosylated proteins called human milk fat globule proteins. It stains both normal and neoplastic cells. Among normal epithelia, it reacts strongly with mammary epithelium and glandular epithelia but shows a patchy staining with squamous epithelium.

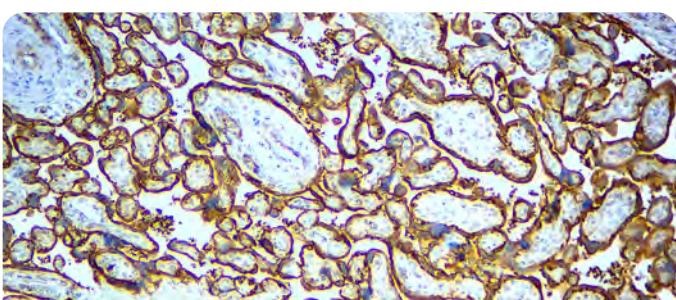


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with Epithelial Antigen.

Epithelial Antigen IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob406 Concentrated PDM131 Prediluted
Clone:	Ber-EP4
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with human breast carcinoma cell line, MCF-7.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Kidney, Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

Epithelial antigen is a cell surface glycoprotein and is broadly distributed in epithelial cells and displays a highly conserved expression in carcinomas. Epithelial antigen has been shown to play an important role as a tumor cell marker in lymph nodes from patients with esophageal carcinoma. Epithelial antigen can be used to distinguish between basal cell and basosquamous carcinomas and squamous cell carcinoma of the skin.

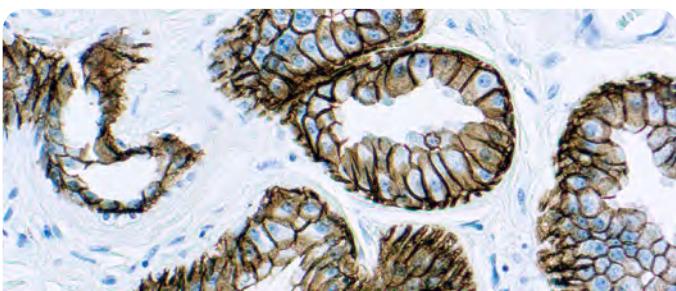


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placental tissue stained with EGFR.

Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFR) IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob615 Concentrated PDM615 Prediluted
Clone:	A-10
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 1114-1147 at the C terminus
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Placenta
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane

The epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) is a 170 kDa transmembrane protein consisting of an extracellular EGF-binding domain, a short transmembrane region and an intracellular domain with ligand-activated tyrosine kinase activity. EGFR is expressed in many normal epithelial tissues, particularly in the basal layers of stratified epithelium and in squamous epithelium. Over expression of EGFR has been observed in many types of neoplasia, as a result of gene amplification and/or increased protein transcription.

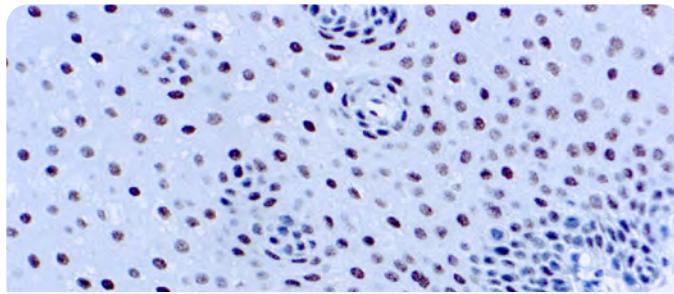


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with Epithelial Antigen.

Epithelial Antigen IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob062 Concentrated PDM077 Prediluted
Clone:	VU-1D9
Immunogen:	ALB/C mice were immunized with small cell lung carcinoma.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with two glycoproteins of 34 and 49 kDa present on the epithelial cells. It stains with simple epithelia and basal layers of stratified non-keratinized squamous epithelium.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with ERCC1 antibody.

ERCC1

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob336 Concentrated
PDM151 Prediluted

Clone: 8F1

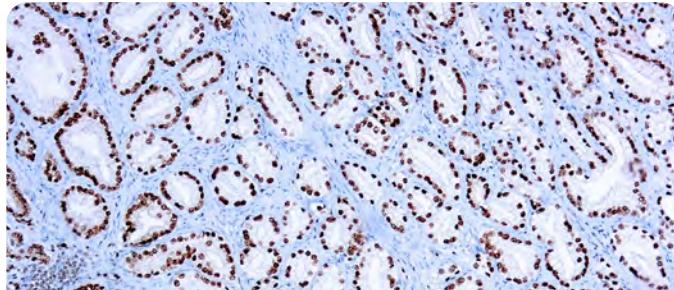
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with full length recombinant human ERCC1 protein.

Isotype: IgG2b

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a 33-36 kDa protein known as ERCC1 (excision repair cross complementing) polypeptide. ERCC1 is required for nucleotide excision repair of damaged DNA and is homologous to RAD10. In mammalian cells, XPG cleaves 3' of the DNA lesion while ERCC1-XPF complex makes the 5' incision.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with ERG antibody.

ERG

IVD

Catalog No.: RMPD034 Prediluted

Clone: EP111

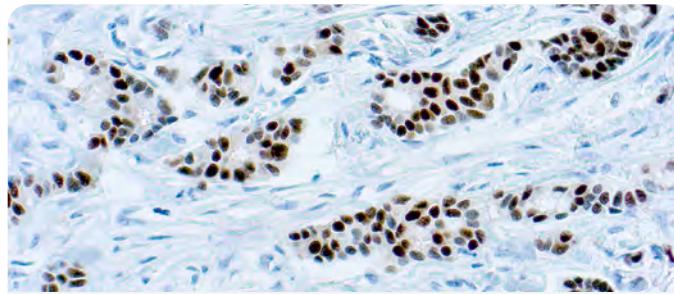
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues on the C-terminus of the human ERG protein.

Isotype: Rabbit IgG

Positive Control: Prostate carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

ERG, the ETS related gene, belongs to the ETS family that plays important roles in cell development, differentiation, proliferation, apoptosis and tissue remodeling. The ERG antibody identifies endothelial cells, lymphocytes and prostate cancer cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with Estrogen Receptor antibody.

Estrogen Receptor (ER)

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.: Mob121, Mob121R - Concentrated
PDM048, PDM048R - Prediluted

Clone: 6F11

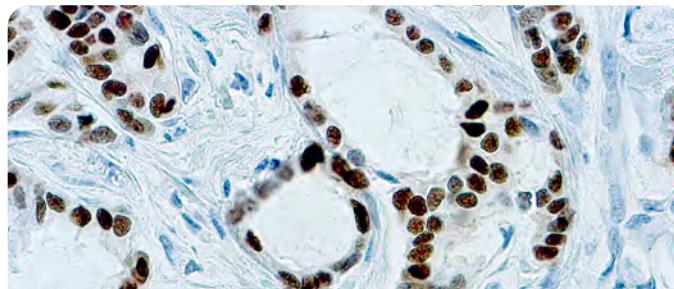
Immunogen: Prokaryotic recombinant protein corresponding to the full-length estrogen receptor molecule.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Breast carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody is specific to estrogen receptor, which is associated with superior prognosis and a better response to anti-estrogen therapy. The nuclei of the estrogen receptor positive cells stain very strongly with this antibody, without any staining in the cytoplasm.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with Estrogen Receptor antibody.

Estrogen Receptor (ER)

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.: RMAB001, RMAB001R - Concentrated
RMPD001, RMPD001R - Prediluted

Clone: SP1

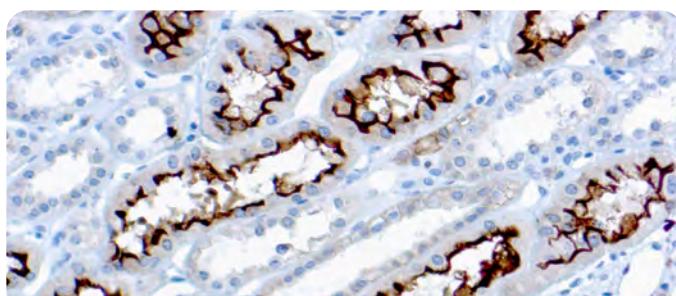
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide derived from C-terminal of human estrogen receptor.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Breast Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

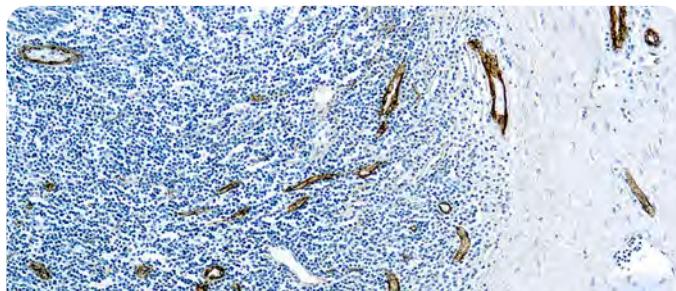
This antibody recognizes a protein of 67kDa, which is identified as estrogen receptor (ER). ER content of breast cancer tissue is an important parameter in the prediction of prognosis and response to endocrine therapy. This antibody strongly stains the nucleus of epithelial cells in breast carcinomas. The ER is an important regulator of growth and differentiation in the mammary gland. Presence of ER in breast tumors indicates an increased likelihood of response to anti-estrogen (e.g. tamoxifen) therapy.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded renal cell carcinoma stained with Ezrin antibody.

Ezrin/p81/Cytovillin**Catalog No.:** Mob380 Concentrated**Clone:** 3C12**Immunogen:** BALB/C mice were immunized with a recombinant fragment of human ezrin corresponding to amino acid 362-585.**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Lung**Cellular Localization:** Cell membrane

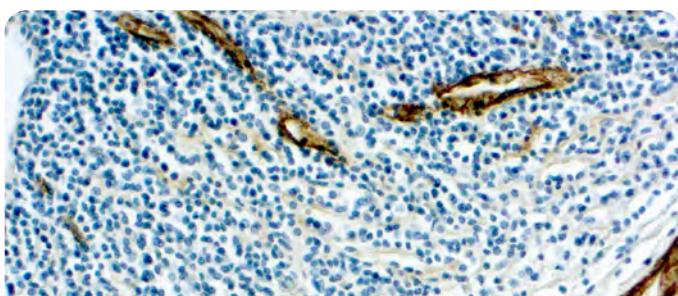
This antibody reacts with a protein of 81 kDa. Ezrin serves as a tyrosine kinase substrate and is phosphorylated in EGF-stimulated cells. Ezrin is a cytoplasmic protein, enriched in microvilli and other cell surfaces. Ezrin has an actin-binding capacity. Ezrin is expressed in epithelial cells but not in mesenchymal cells. Ezrin is also expressed by certain epithelial tumors, such as renal cell adenocarcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Factor VIII antibody.

Factor VIII (Von Willebrand Factor)**Catalog No.:** Mob196 Concentrated
PDM019 Prediluted**Clone:** F8/86**Immunogen:** Von Willebrand factor isolated from human plasma.**Isotype:** IgG1, kappa**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

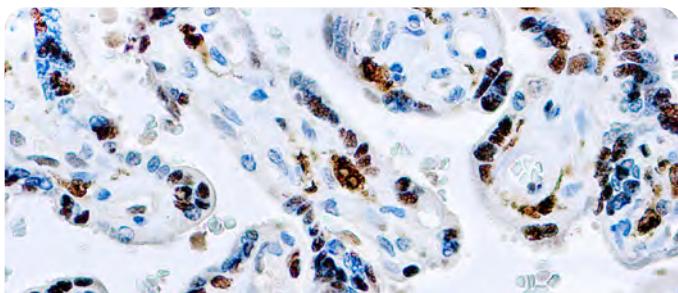
This antibody reacts with Von Willebrand factor in endothelial cells. It also reacts with megakaryocytes in human bone marrow.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Factor VIII antibody.

Factor VIII (Von Willebrand Factor)**Catalog No.:** RP012 Concentrated
PDR014 Prediluted**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** Factor VIII related antigen isolated from human plasma**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

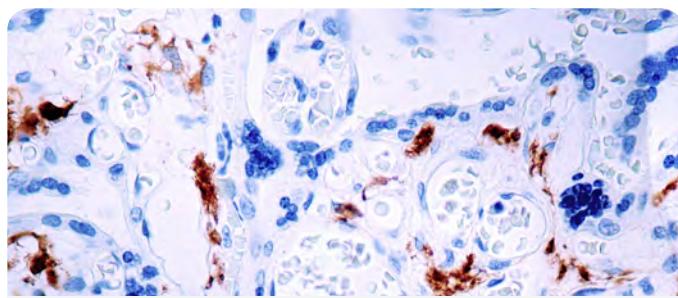
This antibody reacts with human factor VIII related antigen. It stains endothelial cells and megakaryocytes in various human tissues. This antibody does not cross-react with any other cell types.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Factor XIII-A antibody.

Factor XIII-A**Catalog No.:** RP103 Concentrated
PDR054 Prediluted**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** Recombinant protein corresponding to A-subunit of coagulation Factor XIII a.**Positive Control:** Placenta**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic, nuclear

This antibody reacts with a 160 kDa (unreacted dimer) and 80 kDa (reduced monomer) protein. Factor XIII is a β -globulin found in plasma and is composed of two subunits, Factor XIII-A and Factor XIII-B. Factor XIII-A is the catalytic subunit and is a dimer of M.W. 160 kDa. Factor XIII is a dermal dendrocyte marker and shows variable reaction with these types of tumors. Factor XIII can be used for histiocytic phenotyping and has been reported to mark capillary hemangiomas and tumors of the central nervous system.

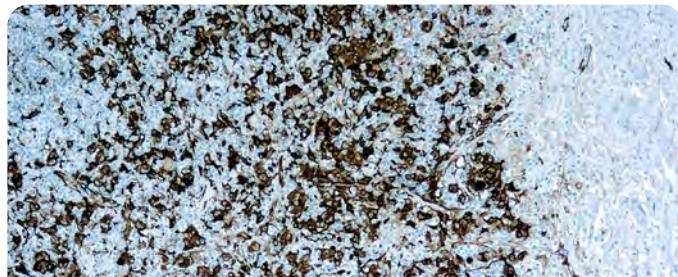


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Factor XIII-A antibody.

Factor XIII-A

Catalog No.:	Mob321 Concentrated PDM141 Prediluted
Clone:	AC-1A1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with recombinant human protein corresponding to A-subunit of coagulation Factor XIII.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Placenta
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, nuclear

This antibody is specific to 160 kDa protein known as Factor XIII-A. Factor XIII is a β -globulin found in plasma and is composed of two subunits, Factor XIII-A and Factor XIII-B. Factor XIII-A is the catalytic subunit and is a dimer of M.W. 160 kDa. Factor XIII is a dermal dendrocyte marker and reacts with these types of tumors.

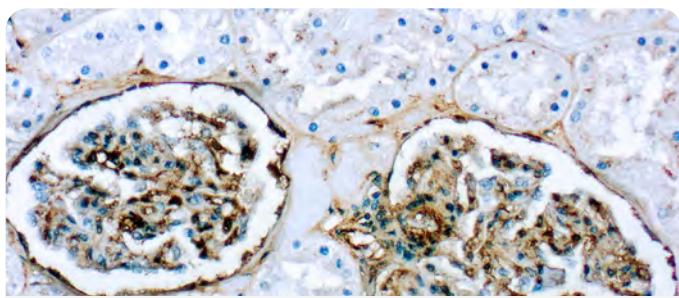


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Hodgkin's lymphoma stained with Fascin-1 antibody.

Fascin-1

Catalog No.:	Mob560 Concentrated PDM560 Prediluted
Clone:	55k-2
Immunogen:	Human fascin-1
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Hodgkin's lymphoma, ovary
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This marker may be helpful to distinguish between Hodgkin lymphoma and non-Hodgkin lymphoma in difficult cases. Antibody to fascin-1 has been suggested as a prognostic marker in neuroendocrine neoplasms of the lung as well as in ovarian cancer. Fascin-1 expression may be induced by Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) infection of B cells with the possibility that viral induction of fascin in lymphoid or other cell types must also be considered in EBV-positive cases.

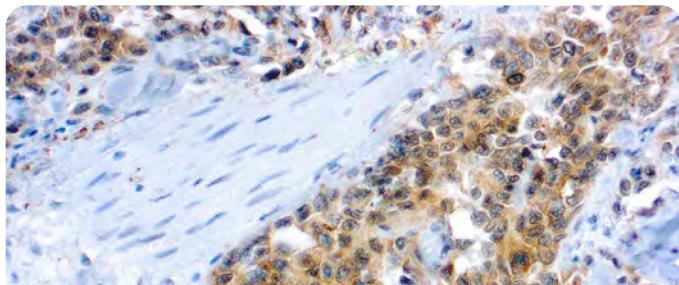


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human kidney stained with Fibronectin antibody.

Fibronectin

Catalog No.:	RP013 Concentrated PDR170 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Fibronectin isolated from a pool of normal human plasma.
Positive Control:	Kidney
Cellular Localization:	Basement membrane, connective tissue

This antibody reacts with human fibronectin in liver, tonsil, skin and kidney. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid-phase adsorption. Only the fibronectin arch was observed in crossed immunoelectrophoresis.

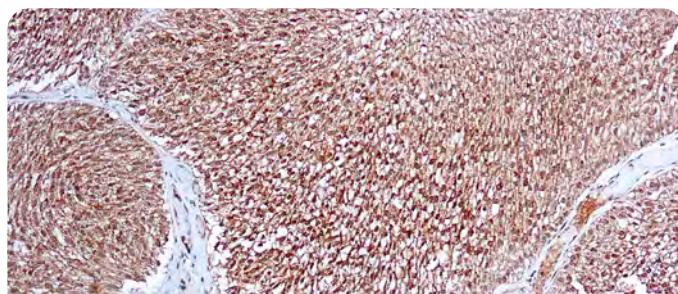


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skin stained with Flk-1 antibody.

Flk-1/KDR/VEGFR2

Catalog No.:	RP076 Concentrated PDR171 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide derived from the C-terminus of the precursor form of the mouse Flk-1.
Positive Control:	Angiosarcoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

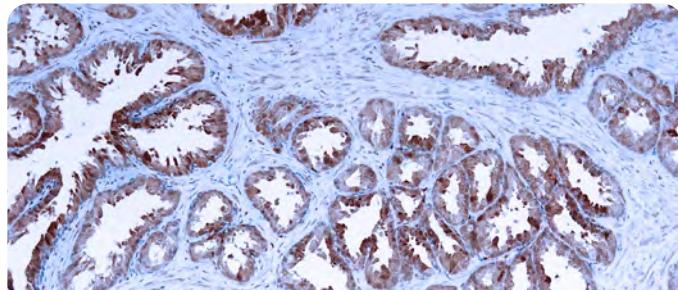
This antibody reacts with a 180 kDa protein, known as Flk-1, KDR or vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 (VEGFR2). Flk-1 is a cell membrane receptor kinase. Flk-1 is a high affinity receptor for vascular endothelial growth factor and is putatively involved in the growth of endothelial cells and angiogenesis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human bladder carcinoma stained with Flt-1 antibody.

Flt-1/VEGFR1**Catalog No.:** RP077 Concentrated**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** A synthetic peptide derived from the C-terminus of the Flt-1 precursor of human origin.**Positive Control:** Angiosarcoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

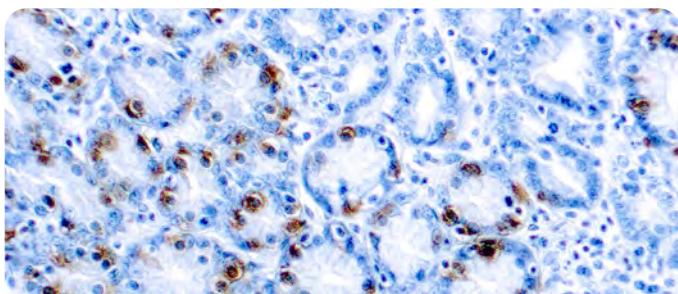
This antibody reacts with a 180 kDa protein, known as Flt-1 or vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1 (VEGFR1). Flt-1 is a cell membrane receptor kinase. Flt-1 has a high affinity receptor for vascular endothelial growth factor and is putatively involved in the growth of endothelial cells and angiogenesis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with Galectin-3.

Galectin-3**Catalog No.:** Mob541 Concentrated
PDM541 Prediluted**Clone:** H-5**Immunogen:** Raised against a synthetic sequence of amino acids 2-31 of human origin**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Colon carcinoma, papillary thyroid carcinoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic and Nuclear

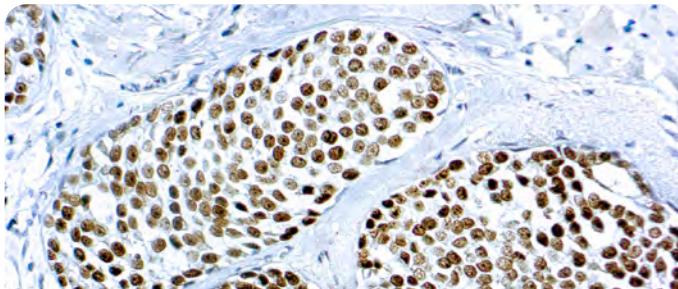
Galectin-3 is expressed in colonic and intestinal epithelium, inflammatory macrophages, papillary and follicular carcinomas, neoplastic astrocytes and some B and T lymphocytes. Upregulated expression of galectin-3 is involved in cancer progression and metastasis. Galectin-3 mediates the endocytosis of $\beta 1$ Integrins in a lactose-dependent manner and is associated with thyroid malignancy and Crohn's disease. It may also be used as a marker for diagnosing cases involving Hurthle cell adenomas and carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded stomach stained with Gastrin antibody.

Gastrin**Catalog No.:** RP044 Concentrated
PDR027 Prediluted**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** Recombinant gastrin conjugated to KLH.**Positive Control:** Stomach**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

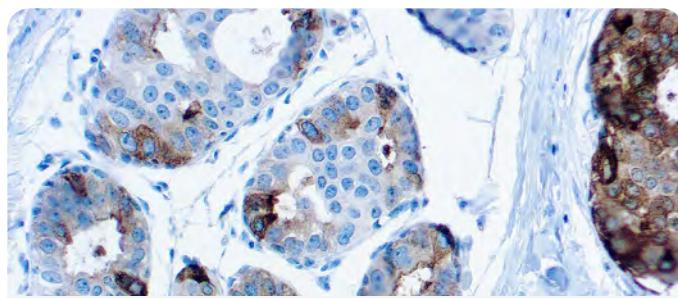
The antibody is specific against gastrin-containing cells. This anti-body reacts with human gastrin I and human gastrin I fragments. No cross-reactivity was observed with rat gastrin, human big gastrin, human gastrin releasing peptide, sulfated cholecystokinin amide, non-sulfated cholecystokinin amide and cholecystokinin.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded breast carcinoma stained with GATA-3.

GATA-3**Catalog No.:** Mob564 Concentrated
PDM564 Prediluted**Clone:** L50-823**Immunogen:** Peptide between trans-activation and DNA-binding domains of GATA-3.**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Breast carcinoma, urothelial carcinomas**Cellular Localization:** Nuclear

GATA3 expression is primarily seen in breast carcinoma and urothelial carcinoma. Anti-GATA3 can also be useful in the identification of unknown primary carcinoma when carcinomas of the breast or bladder are a possibility.



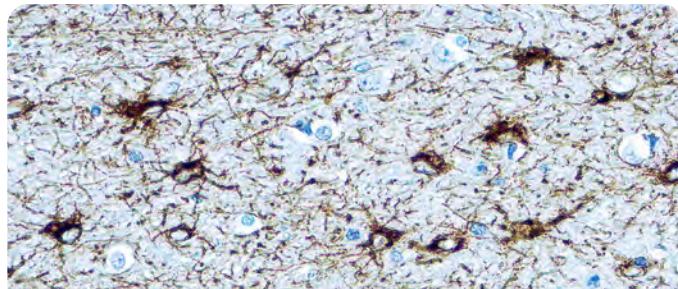
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with GCDFP-15.

GCDFP-15 (Gross Cystic Disease Fluid Protein-15)



Catalog No.:	Mob526 Concentrated PDM261 Prediluted
Clone:	DBM15.52
Immunogen:	Recombinant human GCDFP-15 protein fragment (aa 41-146).
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic (Golgi bodies) and Secreted

It recognizes a protein of 15kDa, identified as Gross cystic disease fluid protein 15 (GCDFP-15). It is a major protein component of benign breast gross cysts. It is a known marker of breast cancer, as it is found in approximately 50% of all breast cancer specimens. GCDFP-15, also known as PIP, for prolactin inducible protein, is a prolactin and androgen controlled protein. This antibody is useful in the identification of metastatic breast carcinoma, or fluid analysis.



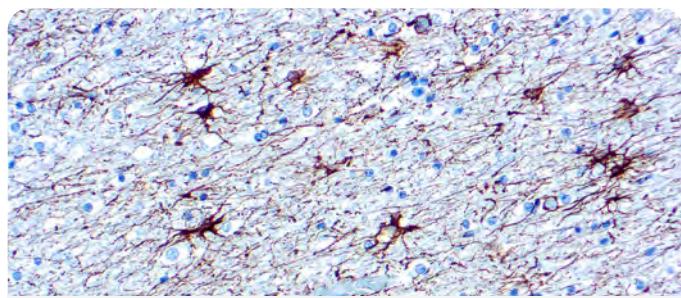
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human brain stained with GFAP antibody.

GFAP (Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein)



Catalog No.:	RP014 Concentrated PDR028 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Glial fibrillary protein isolated from cow spinal cord.
Positive Control:	Brain
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with human GFAP. In the central nervous system, this antibody stains astrocytes and some groups of ependymal cells. However, in the peripheral nervous system, it stains Schwann cells, satellite cells and enteric glial cells.



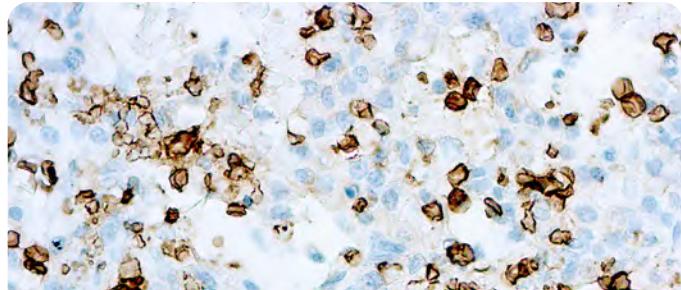
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human brain stained with GFAP antibody.

GFAP (Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein)



Catalog No.:	Mob064 Concentrated PDM008 Prediluted
Clone:	GA5
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with glial fibrillary protein from porcine spinal cord.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Brain
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

This antibody reacts with the 52 kDa intermediate filament protein GFAP in brain and spinal cord. It labels some astrocytes and some CNS ependymal cells but not oligodendrocytes or neurons. This antibody does not react with other intermediate filament proteins.



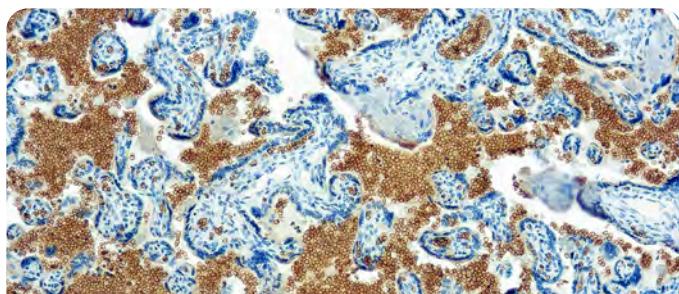
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human bladder stained with GLUT-1 antibody.

GLUT-1



Catalog No.:	RP128, RP128R - Concentrated
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide derived from C-terminal of human GLUT-1.
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with a 55 kDa protein. Glucose is fundamental to the metabolism of mammalian cells. Several glucose transporter protein (Glut) isoforms have been identified and shown to function in response to insulin and IGF-1 induced signaling. GLUT-1 is detectable in many human tissues including those of the colon, lung, stomach, esophagus and breast. GLUT-1 immunoreactivity in some cancers, including trans-carbonia of the urinary bladder, has been associated with aggressive behavior.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Glycophorin A antibody.

Glycophorin A

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob066 Concentrated
PDM124 Prediluted

Clone: JC159

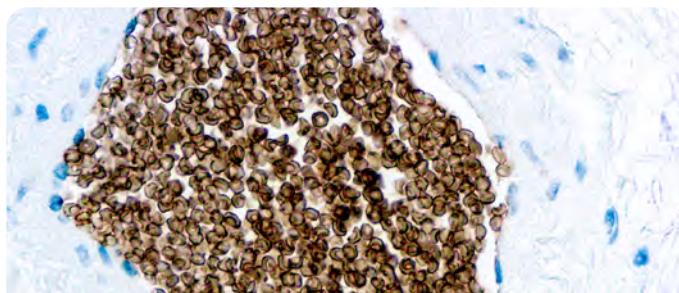
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with formalin fixed membrane from a hairy cell leukemia.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to erythroid cells at various stages of differentiation from the erythroblast to the mature red cell.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Glycophorin C antibody.

Glycophorin C

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob067 Concentrated
PDM578 Prediluted

Clone: Ret40f

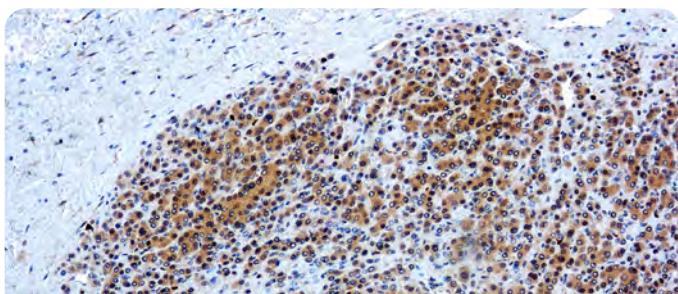
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with red cell ghosts.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody is specific to β sialoglycophorin also known as glycophorin C. Glycophorin C is found on the human erythrocyte membrane and is one of four sialic acid-rich polypeptides.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human hepatocellular carcinoma stained with Glycican-3.

Glycican-3

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob561 Concentrated
PDM561 Prediluted

Clone: YP7

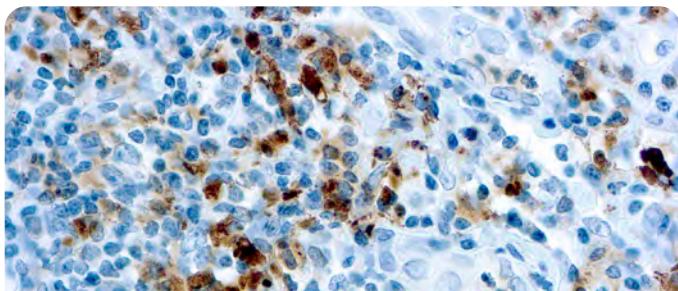
Immunogen: Human Glycican-3

Isotype: IgG1, Kappa

Positive Control: Thyroid carcinoma, hepatocellular carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Glycican-3 (GPC3) is a glycosylphosphatidyl inositol-anchored membrane protein, which may also be found in a secreted form. Anti-GPC3 has been identified as a useful tumor marker for the diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), hepatoblastoma, melanoma, testicular germ cell tumors, and Wilms' tumor. In contrast, GPC3 is not expressed in anaplastic carcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Hodgkin's lymphoma stained with Granzyme B antibody.

Granzyme B

IVD

Catalog No.: RP105 Concentrated
PDR050 Prediluted

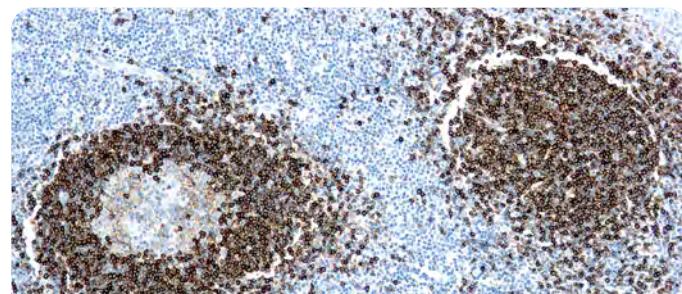
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: A synthetic peptide from the N-terminus of human granzyme B.

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with a 32 kDa protein. Granzymes are neutral serine proteases, which are stored in specialized lytic granules of cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTL) and in natural killer (NK) cells. A number of granzymes (A to G) have been isolated and cloned. Human granzyme B is involved in target cell apoptosis during lymphocyte-mediated cytotoxicity. This antibody is useful in the localization of granzyme B containing lytic granules and for the characterization of activated CTL or NK cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Hairy Cell Leukemia antibody.

Hairy Cell Leukemia

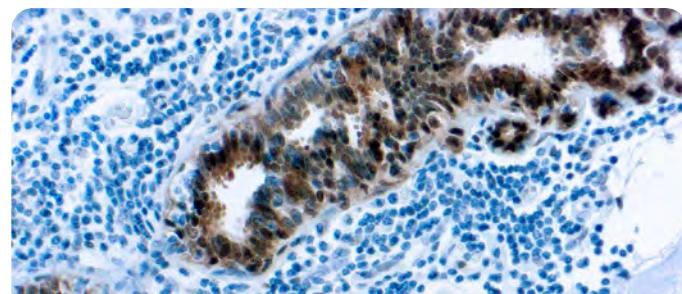


IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob200 Concentrated PDM024 Prediluted
Clone:	DBA.44
Immunogen:	DEAU cell line established from a large cell lymphoma.
Isotype:	IgM, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane, cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with a subset of B-lymphocytes localized in the follicular mantle zone. It reacts with 97% of hairy cell leukemia cases. This antibody shows strong positive staining of about 35% of cases of high grade B cell lymphomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with Heat Shock Protein 70 antibody.

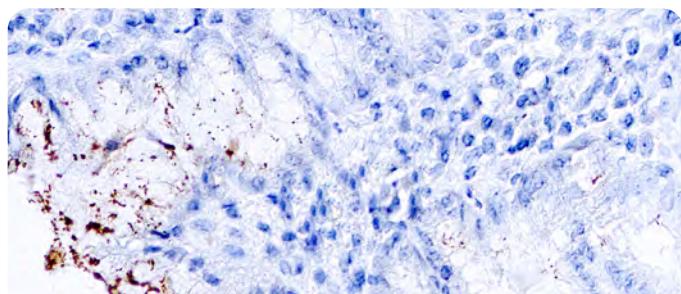
Heat Shock Protein 70 (HSP 70)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob269 Concentrated PDM597 Prediluted
Clone:	W27
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified HSP70 protein.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and nuclear

This antibody is specific to constitutive (HSP73) and inducible (HSP72) form of HSP70. HSP70 is found to be associated with steroid receptors, actin, p53, polyoma T antigen, nucleotides and other known proteins. HSP70 has been shown to be involved in protective roles against thermal stress, cytotoxic drugs and other damaging conditions.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human stomach infected with H.pylori and stained with H.pylori antibody.

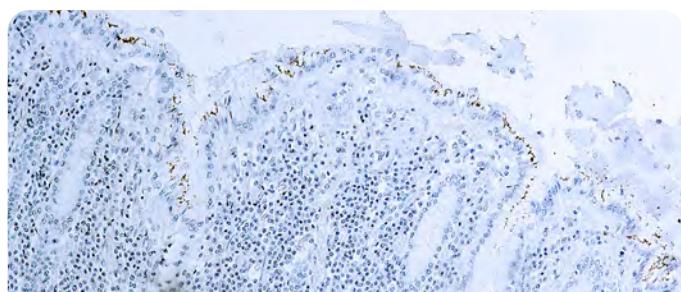
H. pylori



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob559 Concentrated PDM559 Prediluted
Clone:	DBM15.75
Immunogen:	Helicobacter pylori
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Infected stomach
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with the 54 kDa (flagellin) of H. pylori. The antibody stains the bacteria present on the surface of the epithelium or in the cytoplasm of the epithelial cells. H. pylori is known to cause peptic ulcer and chronic gastritis in humans.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human infected tissue stained with H.pylori.

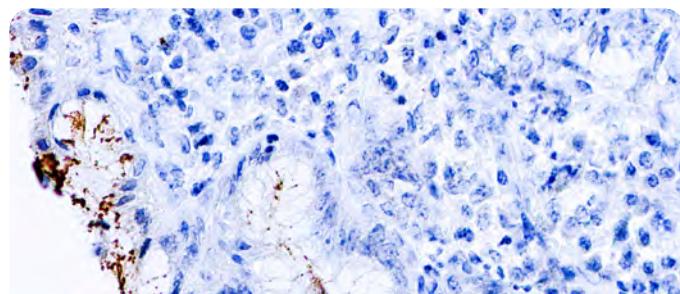
H. pylori



IVD

Catalog No.:	RP169 Concentrated PDR169 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Total Lysate of H.Pylori
Positive Control:	Infected stomach
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with the 54 kDa (flagellin) of H. pylori. The antibody stains the bacteria present on the surface of the epithelium or in the cytoplasm of the epithelial cells. H. pylori is known to cause peptic ulcer and chronic gastritis in humans.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human stomach infected with *H. pylori* and stained with *H. pylori* antibody.

H. pylori (*Helicobacter pylori*) (IVD)

Catalog No.: RP016 Concentrated
PDR053 Prediluted

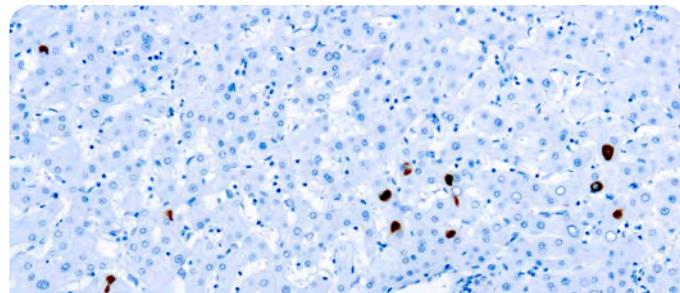
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Total lysate of *H. pylori*.

Positive Control: Infected stomach

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with the whole *H. pylori*. The antibody stains the bacteria present on the surface of the epithelium or in the cytoplasm of the epithelial cells. *H. pylori* is known to cause peptic ulcer and chronic gastritis in humans.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human liver stained with Hepatitis B Surface Antigen.

HBsAg (RUO)

Catalog No.: Mob570R Concentrated
PDM570R Prediluted

Clone: 5C3

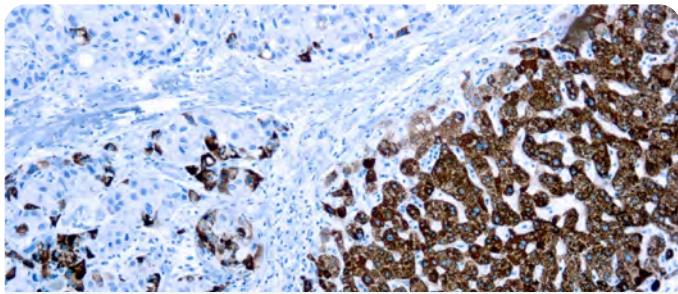
Immunogen: HBsAg (ad/ay) protein.

Isotype: IgG2a

Positive Control: Infected liver

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody stains the cytoplasm of antigen-positive liver cells in patients with Type B viral hepatitis. This antibody reacts with the 'a' determinant present on the HBsAg subtypes ayw1, ayw2, ayw3, ayw4, ayr, adw2, adw4 and adr. It does not react with normal tissues.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded liver stained with Hepatocyte Specific Antigen antibody.

Hepatocyte Specific Antigen (HSA/HepPar-1) (IVD)

Catalog No.: Mob426 Concentrated
PDM162 Prediluted

Clone: OCH1E5

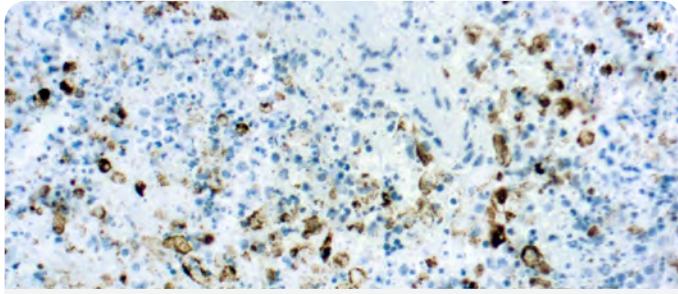
Immunogen: Human liver fixed in formalin.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Liver

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Hepatoblastoma is the most common primary tumor of the liver in children. The use of specific hepatocyte markers and also of a fetoprotein or carcinoembryonic antigen are useful for the identification of normal and malignant fetal hepatocytes. This antibody recognizes an uncharacterized antigen present in both adults and fetal normal hepatocytes to produce a distinct granular cytoplasmic staining. This antibody stains majority of hepatocellular carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human infected tissue stained with Herpes Simplex Virus Type II antibody.

Herpes Simplex Virus Type II (HSV II) (IVD RUO)

Catalog No.: Mob542, Mob542R - Concentrated
PDM542, PDM542R - Prediluted

Clone: DBM15.69

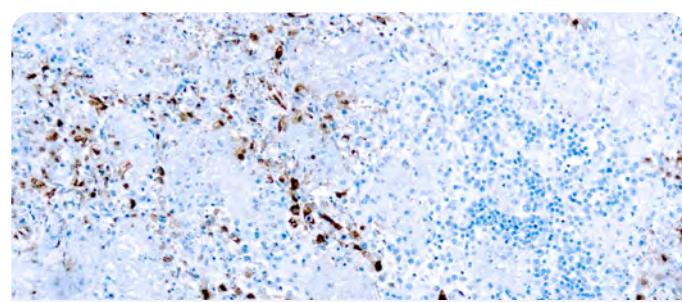
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with Parker strain of herpes simplex virus type 2.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Infected tissue

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic, nuclear

This antibody reacts with herpes simplex virus type 2. It is specific for the viral glycoprotein D (gD) protein.



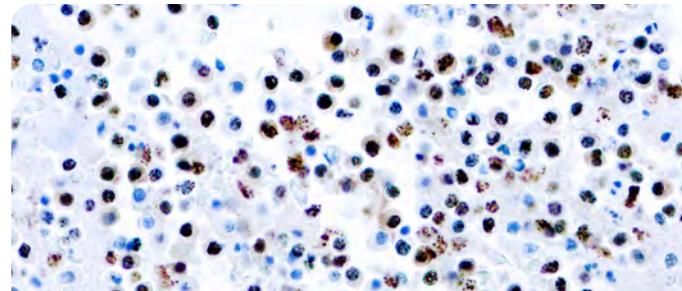
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Infected tissue stained with HSV I antibody.

Herpes Simplex Virus Type I (HSV1)



Catalog No.:	RP018, RP018R - Concentrated PDR032, PDR032R - Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Whole rabbit corneal cells, infected with herpes simplex virus type I (strain Mac Intyre), were solubilized with detergent.
Positive Control:	Infected tissue
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, nuclear

This antibody reacts with HSV type I specific antigens and with antigens common to HSV type I and II virus. It reacts with all the major glycoproteins present in the viral envelope as well as with at least one core protein.



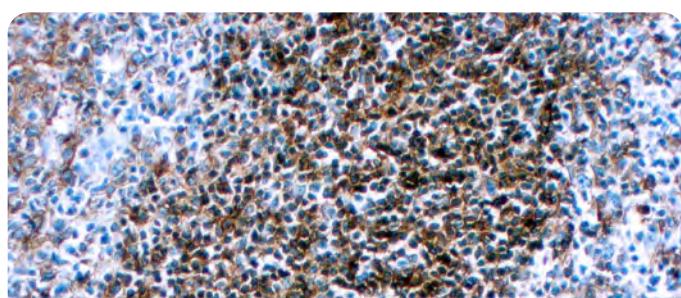
Cultured cells infected with HHV8 stained with HHV8 antibody.

Herpesvirus 8 (HHV8)



Catalog No.:	Mob395, Mob395R - Concentrated PDM395, PDM395R - Prediluted
Clone:	LN53
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein corresponding to the latent nuclear antigen-1 molecule of HHV8.
Isotype:	IgG2c
Positive Control:	Kaposi sarcoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody stains with ORF-73 of human herpesvirus 8 (HHV8). HHV8 is the likely etiological agent of Kaposi sarcoma (KS). HHV8 encodes a latent nuclear antigen (LNA), which is the product of the viral gene ORF 73. LNA is capable of forming a complex with retinoblastoma susceptibility gene product, which may be related to its oncogenic activity.



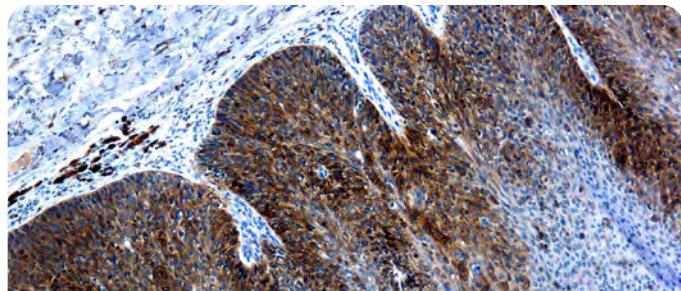
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with HLA-DR antibody.

HLA-DR (β chain of DP, DQ & DR)



Catalog No.:	Mob069R Concentrated PDM082R Prediluted
Clone:	CR3/43
Immunogen:	Tonsil cells
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with the β chain of all products of the gene sub regions DP, DQ, and DR. It stains B cells, interdigitating reticulum cells, Langerhans cells and many macrophages. This antibody does not react with normal T cell and polymorphs but stains activated T cells.



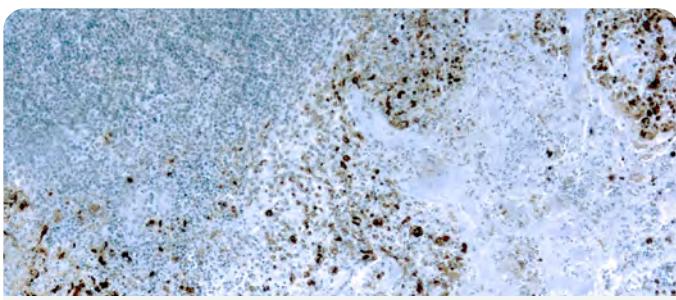
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded cervix Ca stained with HPV-16 antibody.

Human Papilloma Virus Type 16 (HPV 16)



Catalog No.:	Mob394, Mob394R - Concentrated PDM166, PDM166R - Prediluted
Clone:	CAMVIR-1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with recombinant HPV-16 L1 protein.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	HPV type 16 infected cervix
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody stains with HPV type 16. L1 protein is a major capsid protein of HPV type 16. HPV 6 and 11 have been associated with relatively benign diseases such as genital warts but type 16 and 18 are strongly associated with cervical, vaginal and vulvar malignancies.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human infected tissue stained with Herpes Simplex Virus Type I and Type II antibody.

HSV Cocktail

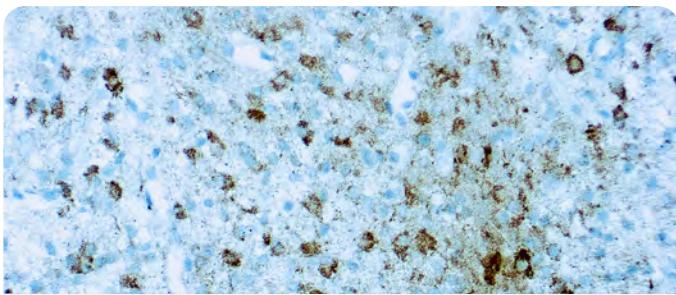
(Rabbit anti-HSV I + Mouse anti-HSV II)



IVD RUO

Catalog No.:	PDRM001, PDRM001R Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit and DBM 15.69
Immunogen:	Whole rabbit corneal cells, infected with herpes simplex virus type I (strain Mac Intyre) and BALB/C mice immunized with Parker strain of herpes simplex virus type 2.
Positive Control:	Infected tissue
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, nuclear

This antibody reacts with HSV type I and II specific antigens and with antigens common to HSV type I and II virus. It reacts with all the major glycoproteins present in the viral envelope as well as with at least one core protein.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Anaplastic Oligodendroglom stained with IDH1.

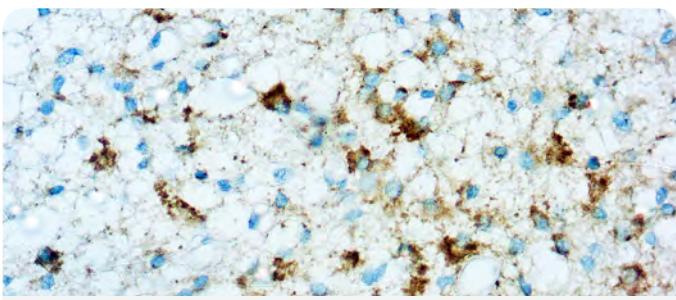
IDH1



IVD RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob580R Concentrated PDM580R Prediluted
Clone:	Hmab-1
Immunogen:	KLH-conjugated linear peptide corresponding to human Isocitrate Dehydrogenase 1 (IDH1).
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Human Glioma tissue
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

Monoclonal Anti-IDH1 (R132H) recognizes only the R132H mutation of human IDH1 (R132H) and does not cross react with other mutations. The most frequent known mutation (>90%) is the alteration of arginine to histidine (R132H).6. Hence, antibodies that recognize the IDH1R132H mutation can be useful for the diagnosis of mutation-bearing tumors like gliomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Anaplastic Oligodendroglom stained with IDH1.

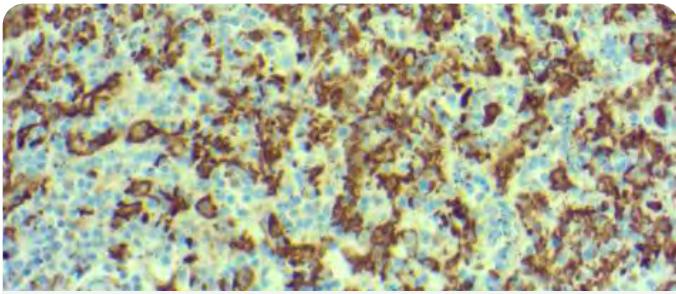
IDH1



RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob582R Concentrated PDM582R Prediluted
Clone:	Smab-1
Immunogen:	KLH-conjugated linear peptide corresponding to human Isocitrate Dehydrogenase 1 (IDH1)-R132S.
Isotype:	IgG1κ
Positive Control:	Human Glioma tissue
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic/nuclear

Isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 (IDH1) is a 46 kDa NADP-dependent enzyme, which catalyzes the decarboxylation of isocitrate into α -ketoglutarate. IDH1 may also play a role in the prevention of oxidative damage, and the shuttling of proteins to peroxisomes. It is widely reported that mutations in IDH1 result in multiple forms of gliomas. The Arginine to Serine substitution at amino acid 132 is seen in gliomas, abolishes magnesium binding and alters enzyme activity so that isocitrate is no longer converted to alpha-ketoglutarate but instead alpha-ketoglutarate is converted to R(-)-2-hydroxyglutarate.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human spleen tissue stained with Iba1

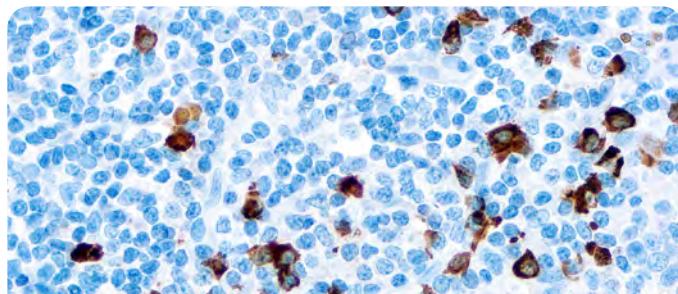
Iba1



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob602 Concentrated PDM602 Prediluted
Clone:	AIF1
Immunogen:	Purified fragment of human recombinant AIF1 protein (around aa 1-146) (exact sequence is proprietary)
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Spleen
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and Cell Surface

Actin-binding protein that enhances membrane ruffling and RAC activation. Enhances the actin-bundling activity of LCP1. Binds calcium. Plays a role in RAC signaling and in phagocytosis. AIF1 colocalizes with actin, and upon stimulation, translocates to lamellipodia. It is also a marker of human microglia and is expressed by macrophages in injured skeletal muscle.

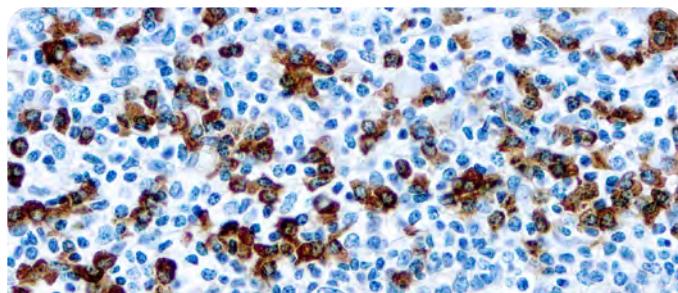


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with IgA antibody.

IgA

Catalog No.:	RP020 Concentrated PDR017 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	IgA isolated from a pool of normal human sera.
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with α -chains of human IgA. This antibody has been adsorbed to a very high level of specificity.

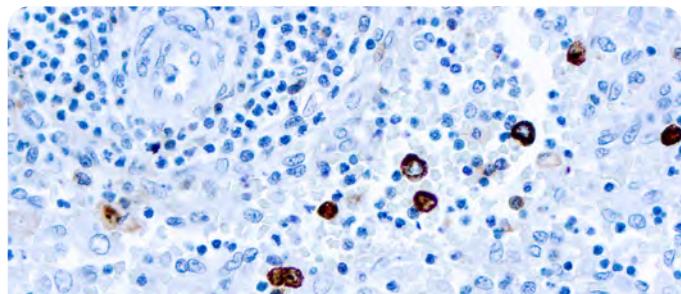


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with IgG antibody.

IgG

Catalog No.:	RP023 Concentrated PDR018 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	IgG isolated from a pool of normal human sera.
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with γ -chains of human IgG. Nonspecific antibodies have been removed by solid-phase adsorption.

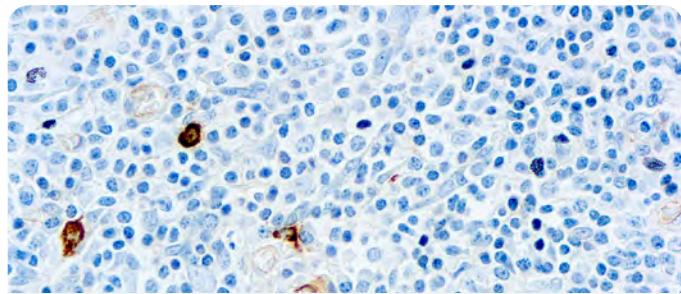


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human spleen stained with IgM antibody.

IgM

Catalog No.:	Mob074 Concentrated PDM053 Prediluted
Clone:	R1/69
Immunogen:	Human lymphoid cells.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

This antibody reacts with the heavy chain present in all types of human IgM. It stains B cell follicles in human lymphoid tissues. In lymphoid tissues, IgM containing plasma cells stain strongly but immune complexes are usually undetectable.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with IgM antibody.

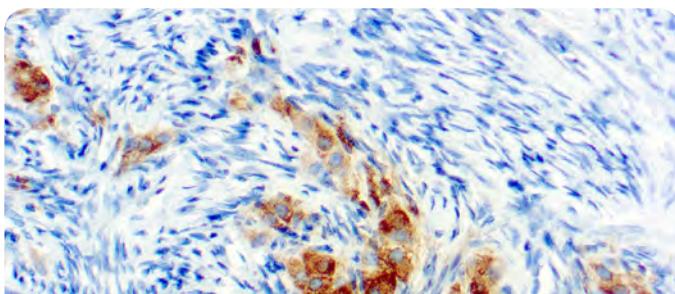
IgM

Catalog No.:	RP024 Concentrated PDR019 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	IgM isolated from human serum of a patient.
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with the mu-chains of human IgM. Nonspecific antibodies have been removed by solid-phase adsorption.



UNOVUE™
One Step DAB Detection System

Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human ovary stained with Inhibin α antibody.**Inhibin α** 

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob435 Concentrated
PDM178 Prediluted

Clone: R1

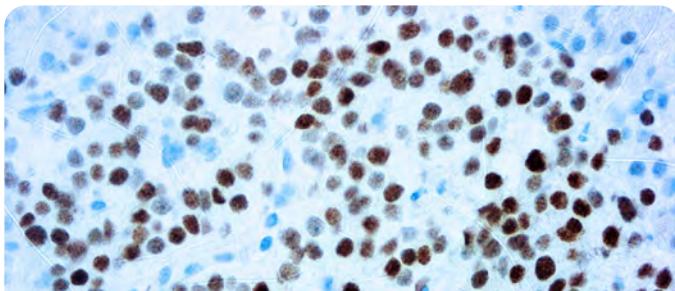
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to the 1-32 amino terminal peptide of the α subunit of human inhibin.

Isotype: IgG2a

Positive Control: Ovary

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Inhibin is a dimeric glycoprotein hormone from the TGF- β family made of α and β subunits. This antibody recognizes the 32kDa α subunit of human inhibin. Inhibin α is expressed in a wide variety of human tissues, such as brain, prostate, adrenal, granulose cells of ovary, sertoli cells of testis and in fetoplacental unit.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Pancreas stained with INSM1 25x.

INSM1

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob586 Concentrated
PDM586 Prediluted

Clone: A-8

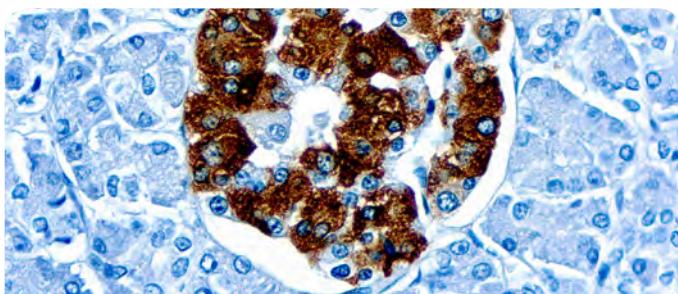
Immunogen: Amino acid 81-125 at the N-terminus of human INSM1.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Neuroendocrine tumor

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody is raised against amino acids 81-125 mapping near the N-terminus of INSM1 of human origin.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Insulin antibody.

Insulin

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob234 Concentrated
PDM270 Prediluted

Clone: K36aC10

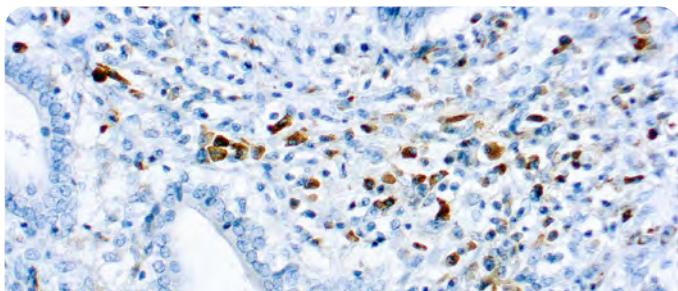
Immunogen: Human insulin

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Pancreas

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes purified insulin from the pancreas of human, as well as proinsulin from human.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with Kappa Light Chain.

Kappa Light Chain

IVD

Catalog No.: RP025 Concentrated
PDR015 Prediluted

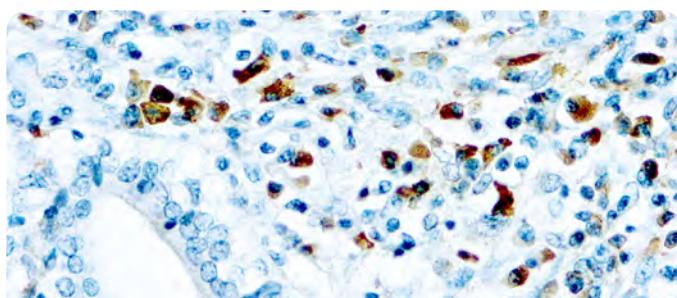
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: kappa light chains isolated from pooled urine of patients with Bence Jones proteinuria.

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with free as well as bound kappa light chains. Contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase adsorption.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Kappa Light Chain antibody.

Kappa Light Chain

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob544 Concentrated
PDM055 Prediluted

Clone: KP-53

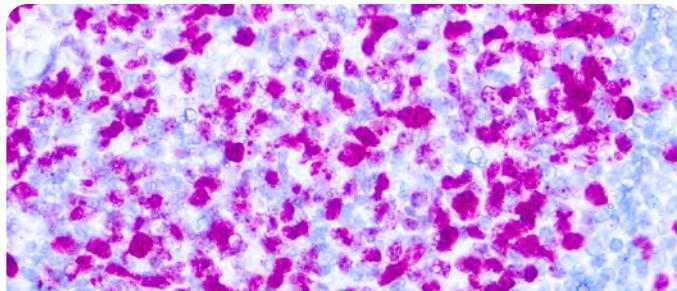
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were immunized with purified Bence Jones kappa light chain protein.

Isotype: IgG2b

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasm

This antibody reacts with B cell follicles in human lymphoid tissues. The mantle zones give a mosaic pattern, while the germinal centers show a coarse meshwork pattern of staining. This antibody stains free as well as bound kappa light chains. This antibody does not react with human lambda light chain.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Ki-67 antibody.

Ki-67

IVD

Catalog No.: RP026 Concentrated
PDR048 Prediluted

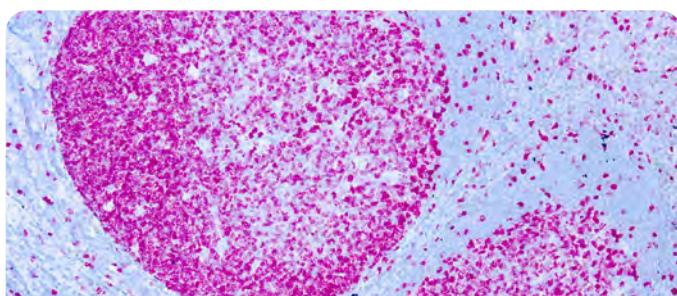
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from 62 base pair region of the human Ki-67 antigen.

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a nuclear antigen present in proliferating human cells. It can be used to evaluate the Ki-67 labeling index in various tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Ki-67 antibody.

Ki-67

IVD

Catalog No.: RMAB004 Concentrated
RMPD004 Prediluted

Clone: SP6

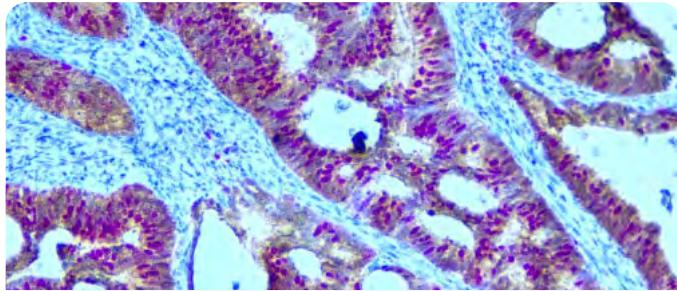
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide from C-terminus of human Ki-67.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Ki-67 is a nuclear protein, which is expressed in proliferating cells. Ki-67 is preferentially expressed during late G1-, S-, M-, and G2-phases of the cell cycle, while cells in the G0 (quiescent) phase are negative for this protein.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Cervical stained with Ki67+ p16 Cocktail antibody

Ki67+ p16 Cocktail

IVD RUO

Catalog No.: PDRMM001, PDRMM001R
Prediluted

Clone: SP6 / JC2

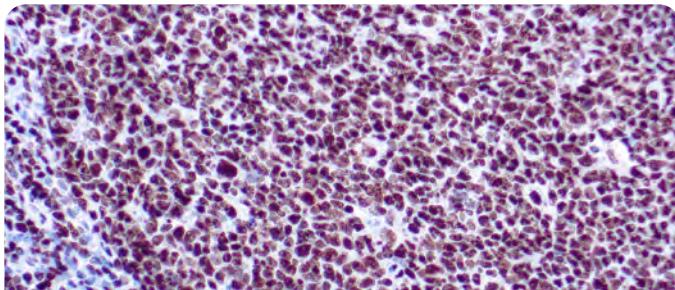
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from 62 base pair region of the human Ki-67 antigen. And purified recombinant prokaryotic full length human P16 INK4 protein

Isotype: Rabbit IgG / IgG2a

Positive Control: Cervical CA

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic and Nuclear

P16 is of great significance for the screening of cervical cancer, but by itself may not be sufficient for diagnosis. Ki-67 is a nuclear antigen that can be detected in the non-G0 phase of the cell cycle, marking the process of cell proliferation. Combined detection of Ki-67 and P16 protein has a high application prospect as an auxiliary identification of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia and squamous cell carcinoma.



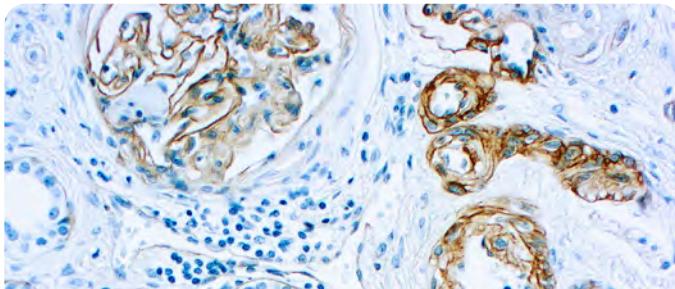
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Ku(p70) antibody

Ku (p70)

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob557 Concentrated**Clone:** H-6**Immunogen:** Ku-(p70) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 583-608 at the C-terminus of KU-70 of human origin.**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a 70 kD protein known as Ku (p70). The Ku protein is localized in the nucleus and is composed of subunits referred to as Ku-70 (or p70) and Ku-86 or (p86). Both subunits of the Ku protein have been cloned, and a number of functions have been proposed for Ku, including cell signaling, DNA replication and transcriptional activation. Ku is involved in Pol II-directed transcription by virtue of its DNA binding activity, serving as the regulatory component of the DNA-associated protein kinase that phosphorylates Pol II and transcription factor Sp.



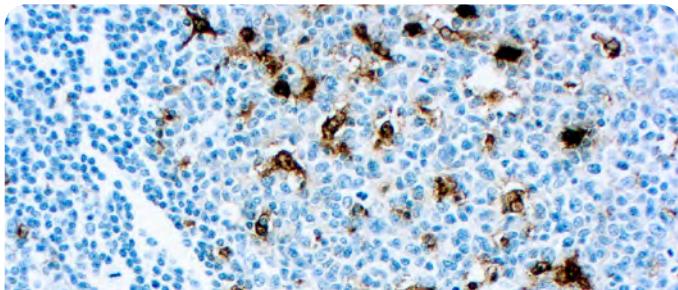
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded renal carcinoma stained with Laminin antibody.

Laminin

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob202 Concentrated
PDM568 Prediluted**Clone:** 4C7**Immunogen:** The A chain of human laminin.**Isotype:** IgG2a, kappa**Positive Control:** Skin**Cellular Localization:** Basement membrane

This antibody reacts with the terminal globular domain of the A chain. The staining with this antibody is sensitive to fixation of paraffin tissues and use of proteolytic enzymatic treatment.



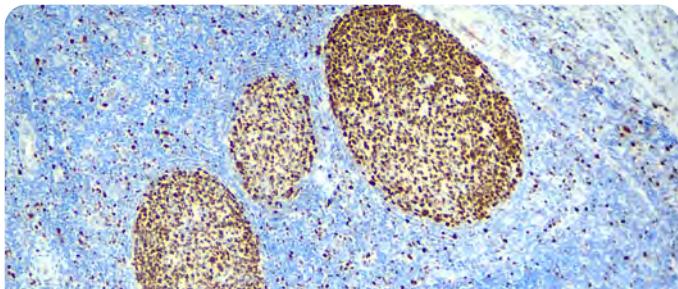
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Lysozyme antibody

Lysozyme/Muramidase

IVD

Catalog No.: RP028 Concentrated
PDR005 Prediluted**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** Lysozyme isolated from urine of patients with monocytic leukemia.**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with lysozyme. It stains granulocytes, monocytes and macrophages in human tonsil, skin and colon. This antibody does not cross-react with any other cell types.



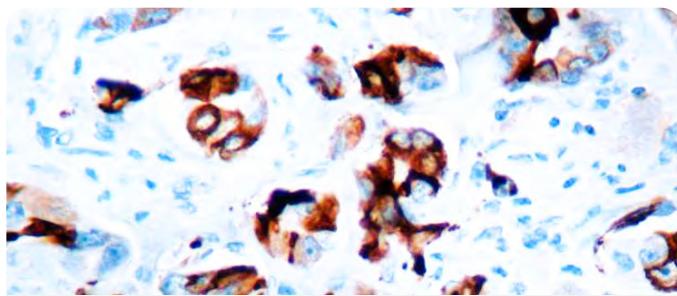
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with MCM7.

MCM7

IVD RUO

Catalog No.: Mob612, Mob612R - Concentrated
PDM612, PDM612R - Prediluted**Clone:** MCM7/1466**Immunogen:** Recombinant human MSM7 protein fragment**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Nuclear

MCM7 is one of the highly conserved mini-chromosome maintenance proteins (MCM) that is essential for the initiation of eukaryotic genome replication. The MCM complex consisting of this protein and MCM2, 4 and 6 proteins possesses DNA helicase activity, and may act as a DNA unwinding enzyme. Cyclin D1-dependent kinase, CDK4, is found to associate with this protein, and may regulate the binding of this protein with the tumor suppressor protein RB1/RB.

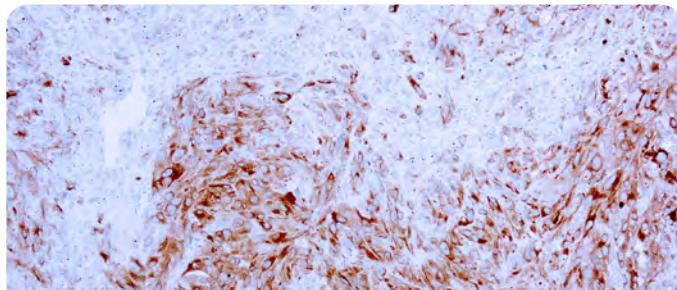


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast stained with Mammaglobin-A

Mammaglobin-A

Catalog No.:	RMAB036 Concentrated RMPD036 Prediluted
Clone:	EPR9092
Immunogen:	A recombinant protein fragment corresponding to human Mammaglobin A
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

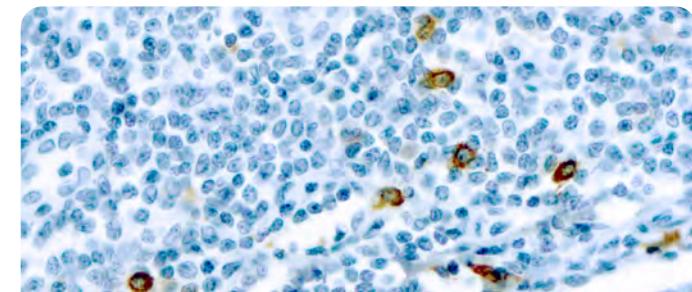
Mammaglobin-A is highly overexpressed in breast cancer cell lines and primary breast tumors. This pattern of expression is restricted to mammary epithelium and metastatic breast tumors. Thus, mammaglobin-A- specific T cell immune responses may provide an important approach for the design of breast cancer-specific immunotherapy.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Mast Cell Chymase antibody.

Mast Cell Chymase

Catalog No.:	Mob346 Concentrated PDM159 Prediluted
Clone:	CC1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a purified human skin chymase.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

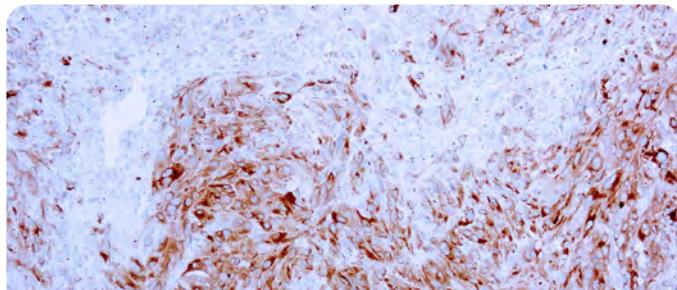


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Mast Cell Chymase antibody.

Mast Cell Chymase

Catalog No.:	Mob346 Concentrated PDM159 Prediluted
Clone:	CC1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a purified human skin chymase.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with mast cells distributed in skin, synovium, lung, and heart. Mast cells contain a number of preformed chemicals mediators such as histamine, chymase, carboxypeptidase, and proteolytic tryptase. Human mast cell chymase is considered to be an important marker of mast cells and is an important mediator of inflammation.

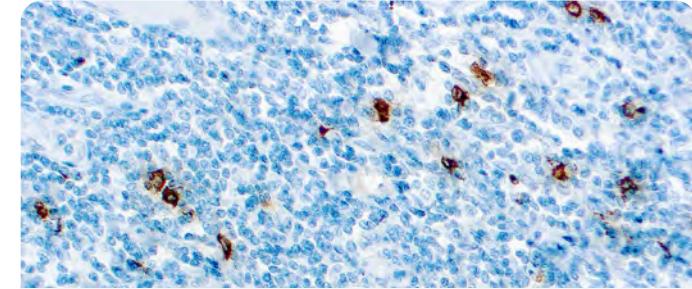


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with MART-1 antibody.

MART-1

Catalog No.:	Mob277 Concentrated PDM153 Prediluted
Clone:	A103
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with recombinant MART-1 protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Melanoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a protein of 20 kDa known as MART-1 (melanoma antigen recognized by T cells-1) or Melan-A. This antibody does not cross-react with MAGE-1 or tyrosinase. MART-1 is a newly identified melanocyte differentiation antigen recognized by autologous cytotoxic T lymphocytes. This antibody stains melanomas and other tumors showing melanocytic differentiation.

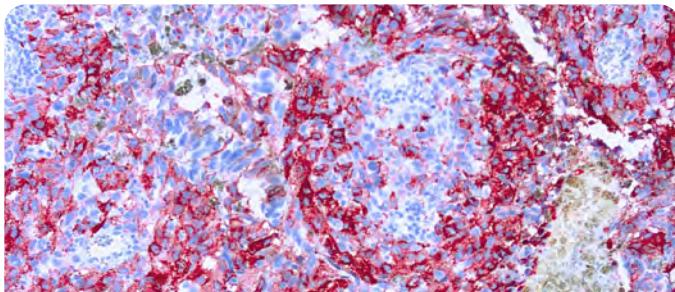


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Mast Cell Tryptase antibody.

Mast Cell Tryptase

Catalog No.:	Mob347 Concentrated PDM160 Prediluted
Clone:	AA1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a purified human lung tryptase.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with mast cells distributed in skin, synovium, lung, and heart. This antibody does not bind with any other cell type. Mast cells contain a number of preformed chemicals mediators such as histamine, chymase, carboxypeptidase, and proteolytic tryptase. Human mast cell tryptase is considered to be an important marker of mast cell activation and is an important mediator of inflammation.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with Melanoma antibody.

Melanoma (HMB45)

Catalog No.: Mob079 Concentrated
PDM011 Prediluted

Clone: HMB45

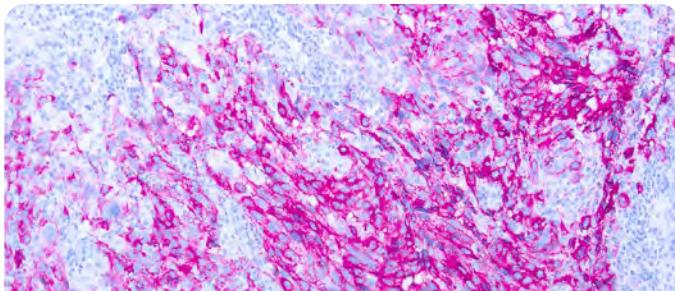
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with extract of pigmented melanoma metastases from lymph nodes.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Melanoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasm

This antibody reacts with a neuraminidase sensitive oligosaccharide side chain of a glycoconjugate present in immature melanosomes. It reacts with junctional and blue nevus cells. Non-melanocytic cells are negative.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with Melanoma antibody.

Melanoma

Catalog No.: Mob421 Concentrated
PDM213 Prediluted

Clone: PNL2

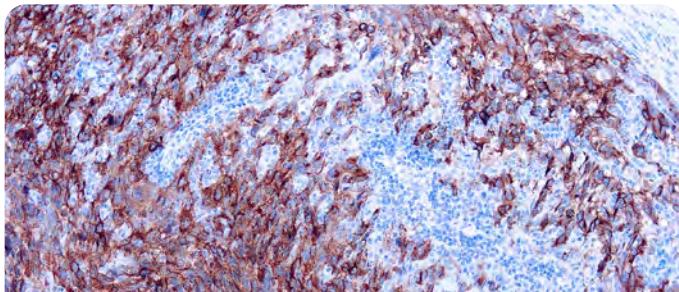
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Melanoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic, membrane

This antibody labels melanocytes and is a useful tool for the identification of melanomas and clear cell sarcomas. Anti-Melanoma, PNL2, seems to be a melanocyte antibody of autoimmune origin as it does not react with the non-melanocytic peptide antigen used for immunization.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with Melanoma Cocktail.

Melanoma Cocktail

(HMB45 + Tyrosinase + MART-1)

Catalog No.: Mob428 Concentrated
PDM146 Prediluted

Clone: HMB45 + T311 + A103

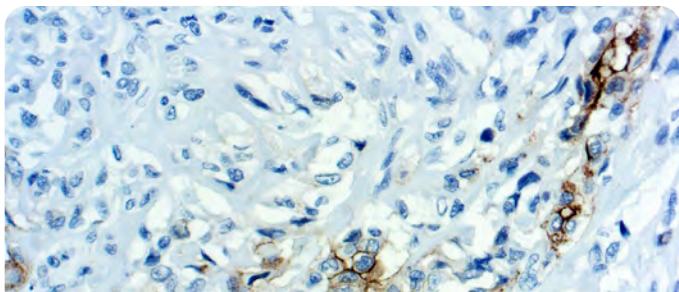
Immunogen: Pigmented melanoma metastases from lymph nodes (HMB45)
Recombinant human MART-1 protein (A103). Recombinant tyrosinase protein T311.

Isotype: HMB45 and A103, IgG1; T311, IgG2a

Positive Control: Metastatic melanoma in lymph node

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

The HMB45 clone reacts with a neuraminidase-sensitive oligosaccharide side chain of a glycoconjugate present in immature melanosomes. The combination of HMB45, MART-1 and tyrosinase make this triple antibody cocktail a first-order pan melanoma screener.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded mesothelioma stained with Mesothelin.

Mesothelin

Catalog No.: RMAB107 Concentrated
RMPD107 Prediluted

Clone: YP158

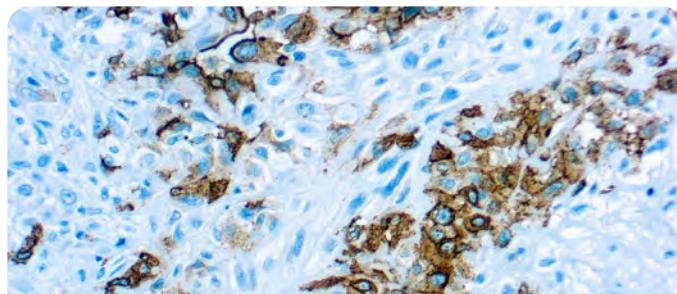
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to C-terminus of human mesothelin protein.

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Mesothelioma

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

Mesothelin is a glycosylphosphatidylglycoside-linked cell-surface glycoprotein, which is present on the surface of normal mesothelium and is overexpressed in many patients with epithelial ovarian cancer and malignant mesotheliomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human mesothelioma stained with Mesothelioma antibody.

Mesothelioma



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob349 Concentrated
PDM134 Prediluted

Clone: HBME-1

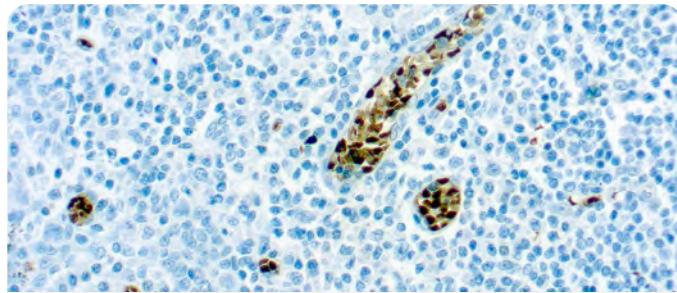
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with suspension of human mesothelioma cells from patients with malignant epithelial mesothelioma.

Isotype: IgM

Positive Control: Mesothelioma

Cellular Localization: Cell membrane

This antibody reacts with an unknown antigen on microvilli of mesothelioma cells. It stains normal mesothelial cells as well as epithelial mesotheliomas in a thick membrane pattern due to abundant lung microvilli on the surface of these cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with MGMT

MGMT (O(6)-Methylguanine-DNA-Methyltransferase)



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob423 Concentrated
PDM423 Prediluted

Clone: MT3.1

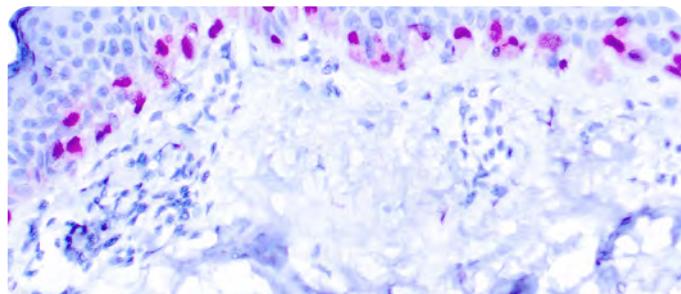
Immunogen: Recombinant human MGMT protein.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear and cytoplasmic

O(6)-methylguanine-DNA-methyltransferase (MGMT) is a 22 kDa human DNA repair protein that removes O(6)-alkylguanine DNA adducts. MGMT acts as a suicide acceptor protein repairing the DNA by accepting alkyl groups and consequently inactivating itself. This antibody stains all mantle zone lymphocytes and 50% of germinal center lymphocytes. Basaloid epithelial cells of tonsil squamous mucosa are also stained positive with this antibody.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skin stained with MiTF antibody.

Microphthalmia Transcription Factor (MiTF)



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob462 Concentrated
PDM168 Prediluted

Clone: D5

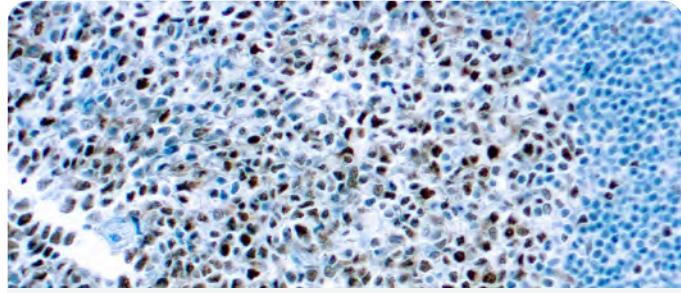
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with N-terminal fragment of human Mi protein.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Melanoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a 52-56 kDa protein known as microphthalmia (Mi). This antibody reacts with both melanocytic and non-melanocytic isoforms of Mi. Mi is a basic helix-loop-helix-leucine zipper (b-HLH-ZIP) transcription factor implicated in pigmentation, mast cells and bone development. There are two known isoforms of Mi differing by 66 amino acids at the amino terminus.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with MSH2

MSH2



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob585 Concentrated
PDM585 Prediluted

Clone: DBM15.82

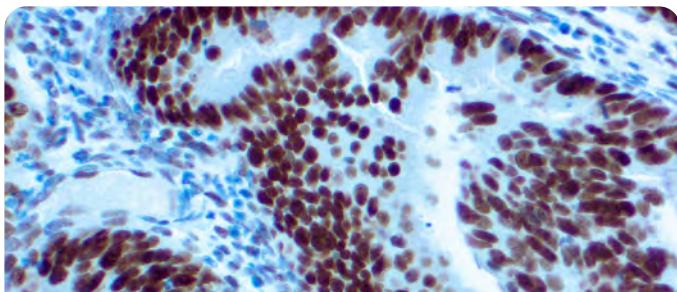
Immunogen: BALB/C mice injected with recombinant human MSH2 protein.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a 102 kDa protein known as MSH2 (mismatch repair protein 2). MSH2 protein is involved in the initial recognition of mismatched nucleotides during the post replication mismatch repair process. Loss of MSH2 function leads to the accumulation of replication errors, which in turn may be responsible for the multiple mutations required for multistage carcinogenesis.

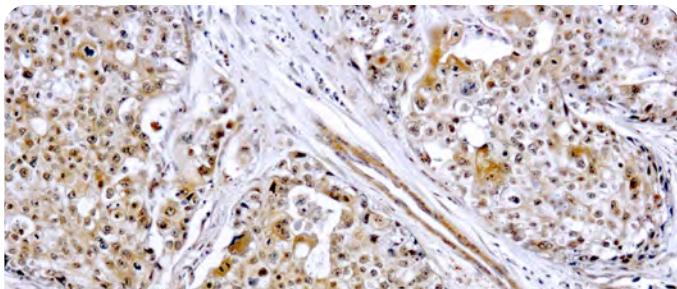


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with MLH-1 antibody.

MLH-1 (Mismatch Repair Protein)  

Catalog No.:	Mob430 Concentrated PDM148 Prediluted
Clone:	G168-15
Immunogen:	Full length recombinant MLH.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil, colon carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

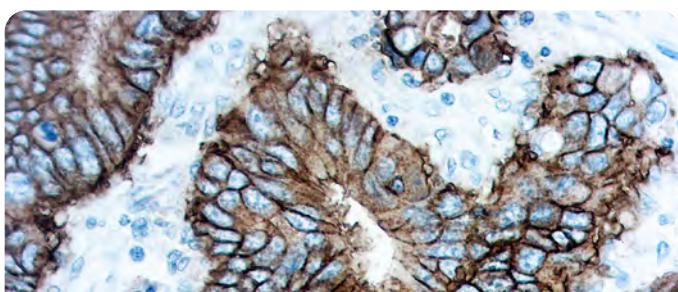
The G168-15 antibody recognizes human and mouse MLH1 (80-85kDa). The repair of mismatch DNA is essential to maintaining the integrity of genetic information over time. It is thought that after MSH2 binds to a mismatched DNA duplex it is joined by a heterodimer of MLH1 and PMSH, which together help facilitate the later steps in mismatch repair.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with MMP-9 antibody.

MMP-9	  
Catalog No.:	RP066, RP066R - Concentrated
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide from the middle region of human MMP-9.
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with a 92 kDa pro form and 86 kDa active form of MMP-9. MMPs are proteolytic enzymes capable of degrading connective tissue components. MMPs play a crucial role in tumor cell invasion and metastasis.

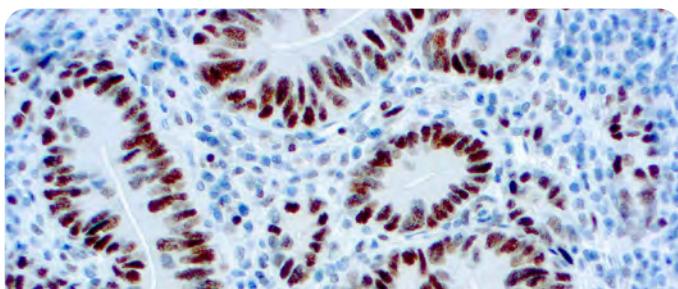


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with MOC-31.

MOC-31  

Catalog No.:	Mob546 Concentrated PDM546 Prediluted
Clone:	MOC-31
Immunogen:	Epithelial antigen, EPG-2
Isotype:	Tissue, cells or virus corresponding to Human EpCAM. Neuraminidase treated GLS-1 human small cell lung carcinoma cells
Positive Control:	Colon and Breast (Normal and Carcinoma)
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

MOC-31 antibody recognizes an epithelial-associated, glycoprotein located on the cell membrane surface and in the cytoplasm of virtually all epithelial cells. MOC-31 may be used in a panel of antibodies as a negative marker for mesothelioma, or lung adenocarcinoma. Studies have shown that MOC-31 is useful in differentiating tumors of unknown origin in liver cancers and distinguishing cholangiocarcinoma from hepatocellular carcinomas.

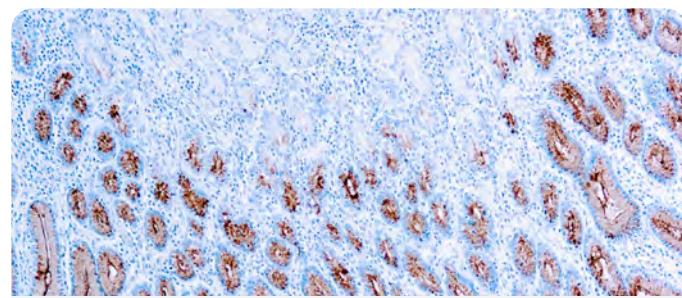


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with MSH6 antibody.

MSH6 (Mismatch Repair Protein)  

Catalog No.:	Mob429 Concentrated PDM147 Prediluted
Clone:	44
Immunogen:	Human MSH6.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil, colon carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

MSH6 is a heterodimer of MSH2 and binds to DNA containing G/T mismatches. The MSH2-MSH6 complex recognizes a single-base mispair insertion/deletion loop. Studies have shown the mutations of MLH-1, MSH2 and MSH6 genes contribute to the development of sporadic colorectal carcinoma. The repair of mismatch DNA is essential to maintaining the integrity of genetic information over time.



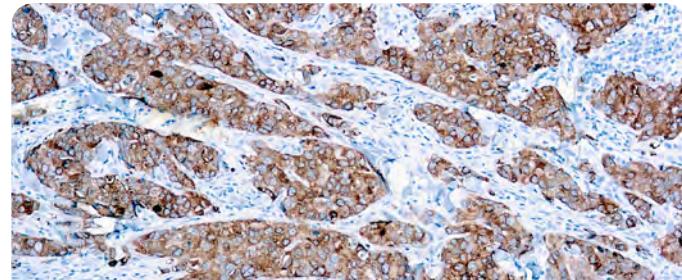
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human stomach stained with Mucin 5AC antibody.

Mucin 5AC/Gastric Mucin

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob357 Concentrated PDM163 Prediluted
Clone:	45M1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with M1 mucin preparation from the fluid of an ovarian mucinous cyst belonging to an O Le (a-b) patient.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Stomach
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell surface

This antibody reacts with a 1000 kDa protein and recognizes the peptide core of gastric mucin M1. Mucins are high molecular weight glycoproteins with 80% carbohydrates and 20% core protein. Gastric mucin M1 antigen is found in columnar mucus cells of surface gastric epithelium and in goblet cells of the fetal and precancerous colon but not in normal colon. Resurgence of gastric mucin during colonic carcinogenesis is suggestive of either re-expression of the peptide core of gastric mucin in the adult colon or changes in the glycosylation pattern of mucin, which expose the hidden M1 antigen.



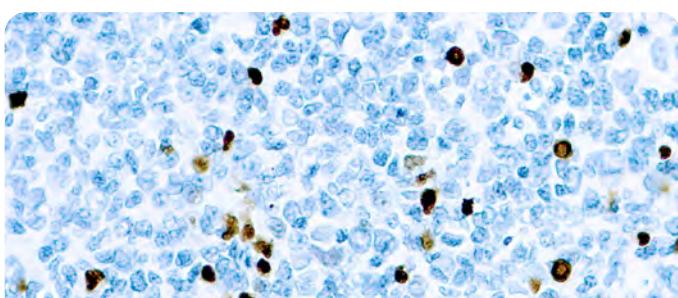
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with MUC1/CA15-3

MUC1/CA15-3

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob549 Concentrated PDM549 Prediluted
Clone:	DBMM1
Immunogen:	Human breast cancer cell line ZR-75-1.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane

This antibody is specific to epithelial membrane antigen (EMA), CA 15-3, or polymorphic epithelial mucin. This antibody stains an underglycosylated MUC1 often present on carcinoma cells.



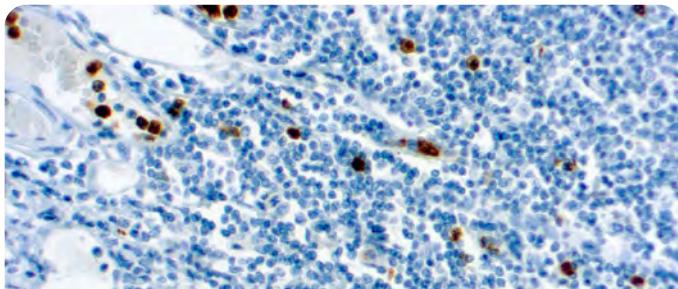
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with MUM1 protein antibody.

MUM1 Protein

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob420 Concentrated PDM420 Prediluted
Clone:	MUM1P
Immunogen:	Recombinant GST-MUM1 protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear and cytoplasmic

Multiple myeloma oncogene-1 (MUM1) is a 50kDa protein encoded by the MUM1 gene. This antibody stains MUM1 protein, which is expressed in a subset of B cells in the light zone of the germinal center, plasma cells, activated T cells and a wide spectrum of related hematolymphoid neoplasms. This antibody is useful in the sub classification of lymphoid malignancies.



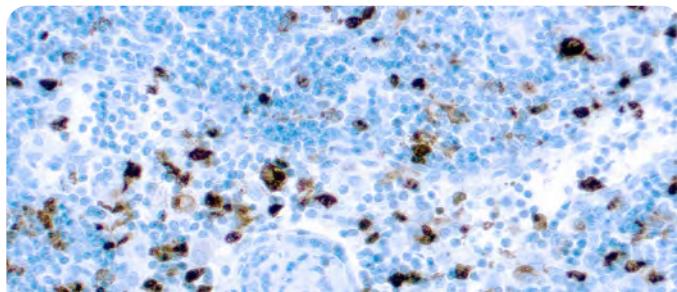
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Myeloperoxidase antibody.

Myeloperoxidase (MPO)

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob551 Concentrated PDM551 Prediluted
Clone:	59A5
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein from exon 7 of the human myeloperoxidase.
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Myeloperoxidase metabolizes most of the hydrogen peroxide generated by activated phagocytes. This antibody stains strongly with the cytoplasm of myeloid cells. The antibody detects myeloperoxidase found in myeloid cells of acute myeloid leukemia. The myeloperoxidase gene has been localized to chromosome 17.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lymphoma stained with Myeloperoxidase antibody.

Myeloperoxidase (MPO)



Catalog No.: RP053 Concentrated
PDR049 Prediluted

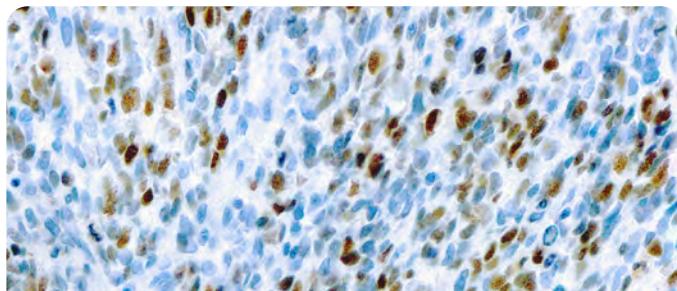
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Myeloperoxidase isolated from human granulocytes.

Positive Control: Tonsil

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with human myeloperoxidase. It stains granules of neutrophils, granulocytes in spleen, bone marrow, tonsil and blood smears.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded rhabdomyosarcoma stained with MyoD1 antibody.

MyoD1



Catalog No.: Mob278 Concentrated
PDM120 Prediluted

Clone: 5.2F

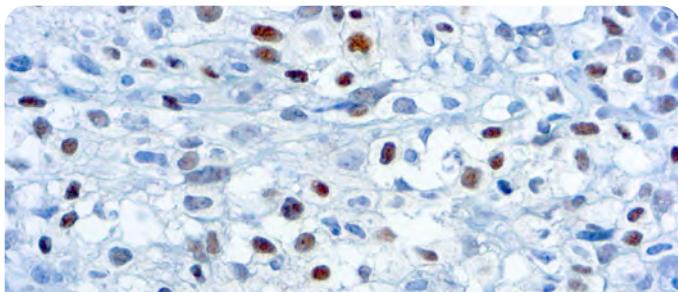
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with a recombinant mouse MyoD1 protein.

Isotype: IgG2a

Positive Control: Rhabdomyosarcoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody is specific to a 45 kDa protein, which is identified as MyoD1. This antibody is specific to an epitope of amino acid 3-56 in the N-terminus of mouse MyoD1. This antibody does not react with myogenin, Myf5 or Myf6. MyoD1 stains the nuclei of myoblasts in developing muscle tissues. MyoD1 is not detected in normal adult tissue but is expressed strongly in the tumor cell nuclei of rhabdomyosarcomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human rhabdomyosarcoma stained with Myogenin.

Myogenin



Catalog No.: Mob322 Concentrated
PDM158 Prediluted

Clone: F5D

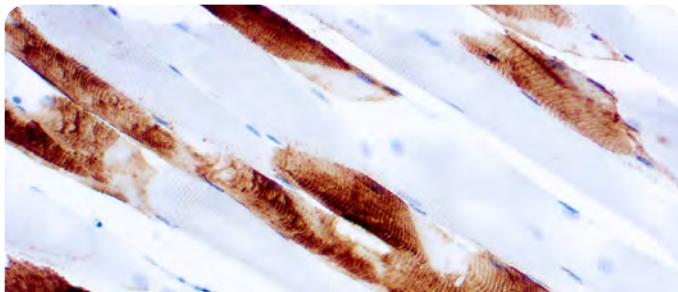
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with recombinant protein containing rat myogenin amino acid 30-224.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Rhabdomyosarcoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody is specific to 34 kDa protein known as myogenin. Myogenin is a member of family of myogenic regulatory genes which includes MyoD, myf5 and MRF4. These genes encode a set of transcription factors which are essential for muscle development. Expression of myogenin is restricted to cells of skeletal muscle origin.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skeletal muscle stained with Myosin antibody

Myosin, Skeletal (Fast)



Catalog No.: Mob207 Concentrated
PDM085 Prediluted

Clone: MY32

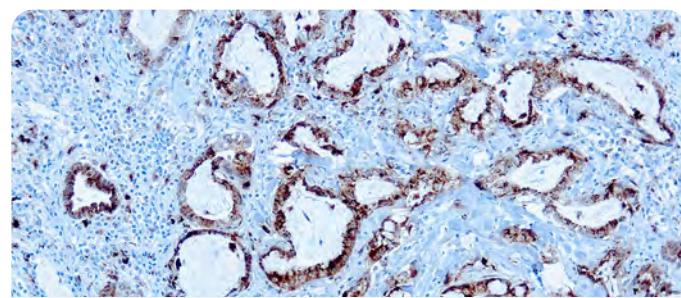
Immunogen: Rabbit muscle myosin.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Skeletal muscle

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes heavy chain of human skeletal myosin. It does not stain cardiac or smooth muscle myosin. This antibody stains the fast twitch (type II) isomyosin molecule.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded lung adenocarcinoma stained with Napsin A

Napsin A

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob463 Concentrated
PDM154 Prediluted

Clone: KCG1.1

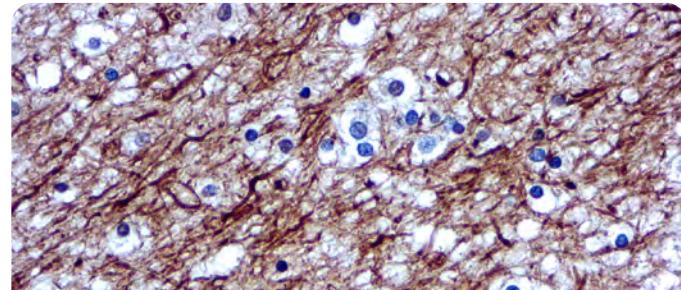
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with synthetic peptide from N terminus of human napsin A.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Lung adenocarcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Napsin is found in two isoforms, A and B, with highly homologous gene sequences. Napsin A has a molecular weight of 35.0 kDa and is also known as TA02. Napsin A is an aspartic proteinase which is expressed in the lung and involved in processing surfactant protein B (SP-B). It is also expressed in the kidney. This antibody may be a useful tool as a tumor marker for primary lung adenocarcinoma. Napsin expression correlates with the differentiation grade of lung adenocarcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human brain stained with Neurofilaments antibody.

Neurofilament

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob080 Concentrated
PDM012 Prediluted

Clone: 2F11

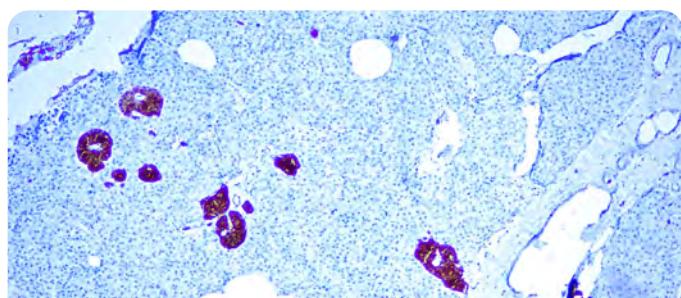
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with purified neurofilaments from human brain.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Brain

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with 70 and 200 kDa component of the neurofilament polypeptide subunit. It stains neurons, neuronal processes and peripheral nerves. This antibody reacts with some neuroblastomas and gangliomas but not with other non-neuronal tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Pancreas stained with NSE

Neuron Specific Enolase (NSE)

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob616 Concentrated
PDM616 Prediluted

Clone: DBMM4.507

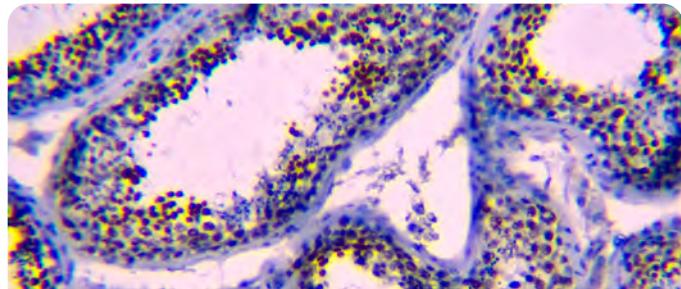
Immunogen: Recombinant fragment of human NSE gamma (around aa 416-433)

Isotype: IgG2b/kappa

Positive Control: Pancreas, Cerebellum, or Pheochromocytoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Recognizes a protein of about 50kDa, which is identified as gamma-enolase. NSE-gamma is a useful marker to identify peripheral nerves and tumors of neuro-endocrine origins, such as pheochromocytomas. It is usually employed in combination with other markers such as Synaptophysin, Chromogranin A, and Neurofilament.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human testicular tissue stained with NUT1

NUT1

RUO

Catalog No.: RMAB115R Concentrated
RMPD115R Prediluted

Clone: DBRRM7.36

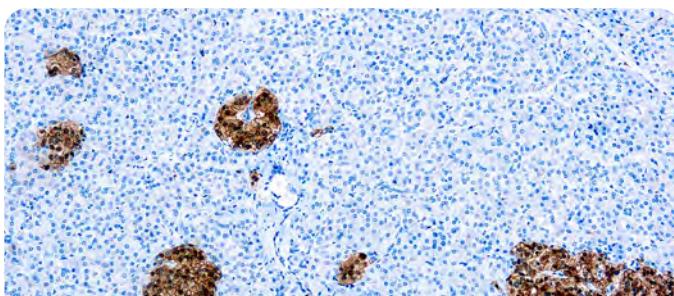
Immunogen: Recombinant human NUT1 protein fragment (around aa 900-1100)

Isotype: IgG, kappa

Positive Control: Testis

Cellular Localization: Nuclear, Cytoplasmic

NUTM1 is a Protein coding gene. Diseases associated with NUTM1 include NUT Midline Carcinoma and Spindle cell Carcinoma. The molecular weight of this antigen is 120kDa. Among its related pathways are Chromatin regulation/ Acetylation. An important paralog of this gene is NUTM2G. Plays a role in the regulation of proliferation. Regulates TERT expression by modulating SP1 binding to TERT promoter binding sites.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with NSE antibody.

NSE (Neuron Specific Enolase)

Catalog No.: RP054 Concentrated
PDR006 Prediluted

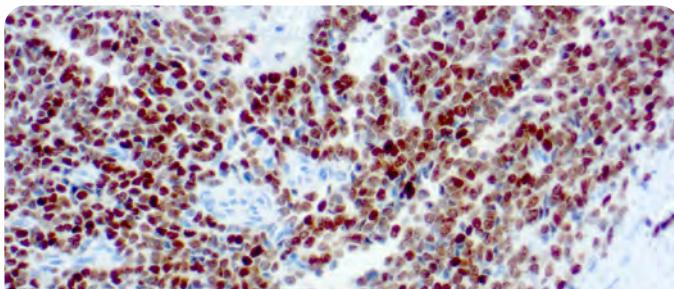
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Neuron specific enolase (γ - γ isoenzyme) isolated from bovine brain.

Positive Control: Pancreas

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with human isoenzymes of neuron specific enolase containing γ subunits. This antibody gives a specific staining in neurons of the brain, in islets of Langerhans in pancreas and in peripheral nerves of the skin. No staining with other tissue types has been seen.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Ewing's sarcoma stained with NKX2.2.

NKX2.2

Catalog No.: Mob486 Concentrated
PDM199 Prediluted

Clone: DBM15.15

Immunogen: Human full-length recombinant NKX2.2 protein.

Isotype: IgG2b, kappa

Positive Control: Ewing's sarcoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Expression of NKX2.2 has been found in neuroendocrine tumors of the gut, making it a potential marker for the study of gastrointestinal neuroendocrine tumors. More recently, NKX2.2 protein was identified as a target of EWS-FLI-1, the fusion protein specific to Ewing sarcoma, and was shown to be differentially upregulated in Ewing sarcoma on the basis of array-based gene expression analysis. It acts as a valuable marker for Ewing sarcoma and aids in the differential diagnosis of small round cell tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate stained with NKX3.1.

NKX3.1

Catalog No.: Mob569 Concentrated
PDM569 Prediluted

Clone: 361

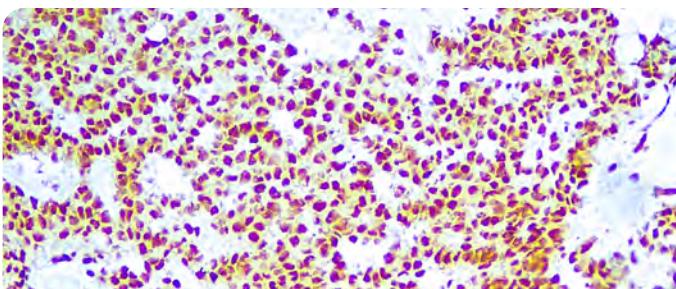
Immunogen: Recombinant His fusion protein corresponding to full length human NKX3-1.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Prostate cancer

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

The homeodomain-containing transcription factor NKX3-1 is a putative prostate tumor suppressor that is expressed in a largely prostate-specific and androgen-regulated manner. Loss of NKX3-1 protein expression is a common finding in human prostate carcinomas and prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human seminoma stained with OCT 3/4.

OCT 3/4

Catalog No.: RMAB113 Concentrated
RMPD113 Prediluted

Clone: OCT4/6847R

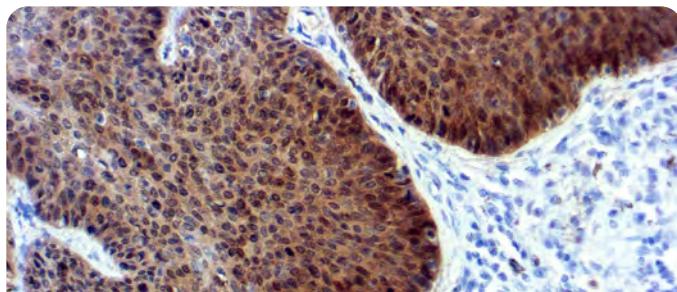
Immunogen: Rabbit injected with synthetic peptide of human OCT-3/4 origin

Isotype: IgG Kappa

Positive Control: Seminoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

OCT-3/4 (also known as POU5F1) is a transcription factor that has been recognized as fundamental in the maintenance of pluripotency in embryonic stem cells and primordial germ cells. It has been proposed as a useful marker for germ cell tumors (GCT) that exhibit features of pluripotency (seminoma/dysgerminoma, germinoma and embryonal carcinoma). OCT-3/4 immunostaining has been shown to be sensitive and specific for GCT, whether in primary gonadal or extragonadal sites or in metastatic lesions.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded HPV and cervical cancer stained with p16.

p16

Catalog No.: Mob575 Concentrated
PDM575 Prediluted

Clone: JC2

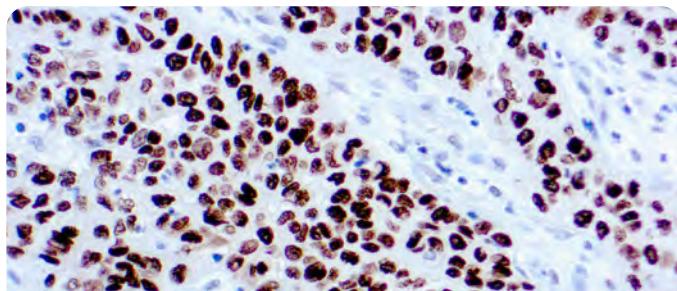
Immunogen: Purified recombinant prokaryotic full length human P16 INK4 protein.

Isotype: IgG2a

Positive Control: Cervical carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear and cytoplasmic

P16 is a mitotic inhibitor protein. It competes with D-type cyclins to bind to cdk4 and cdk6. It acts as tumor suppressor and inhibits the progression of cells through the G1 phase of the cell cycle.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with p27Kip1 antibody.

p27Kip1

Catalog No.: Mob281 Concentrated
PDM245 Prediluted

Clone: DCS-72.F6

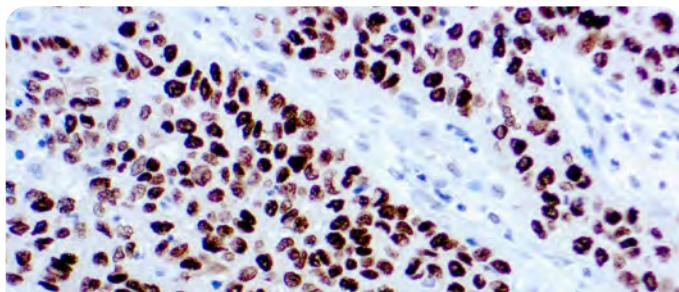
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with mouse recombinant p27 protein.

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Colon carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

This antibody is specific to a protein of 27 kDa known as p27Kip1 a cell cycle regulatory mitotic inhibitor. This antibody recognizes an epitope between amino acids 83-204 of p27. This antibody does not show any cross-reactivity with other related mitotic inhibitors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human lung squamous cell carcinoma stained with p40 antibody.

p40

Catalog No.: RP163 Concentrated
PDR055 Prediluted

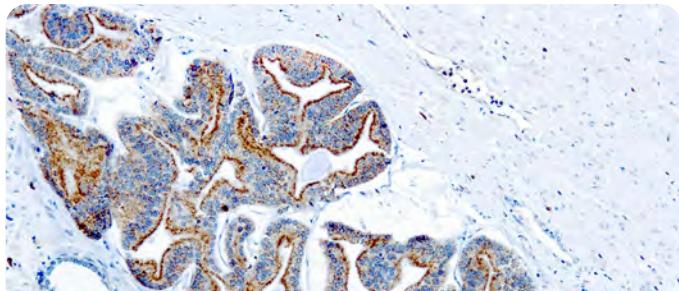
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 5-17 of human p40.

Positive Control: Prostate

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

p40 is a relatively unknown antibody that recognizes Δ Np63-a p63 isoform suggested to be highly specific for squamous/basal cells. In a recent study, p40 is equivalent to p63 in sensitivity for squamous cell carcinoma, but it is markedly superior to p63 in specificity¹, which eliminates a potential pitfall of misinterpreting a p63-positive adenocarcinoma or unsuspected lymphoma as squamous cell carcinoma. These findings strongly support the routine use of p40 in place of p63 for the diagnosis of pulmonary squamous cell carcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded prostate carcinoma stained with p504S/α-Methylacyl-CoA Racemase (AMACR) antibody.

p504S/α-Methylacyl-CoA Racemase (AMACR)

Catalog No.: RP134, RP134R - Concentrated
PDR046, PDR046R - Prediluted

Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: A synthetic human AMACR peptide.

Positive Control: Prostate carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

P504S has been recently described as a prostate cancer-specific gene that encodes a protein involved in the β -oxidation of branched chain fatty acids. Expression of protein is found in prostatic adenocarcinoma but not in benign prostatic tissue. It stains premalignant lesions of prostate: high-grade prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN) and atypical adenomatous hyperplasia. can be used as a positive marker for PIN.

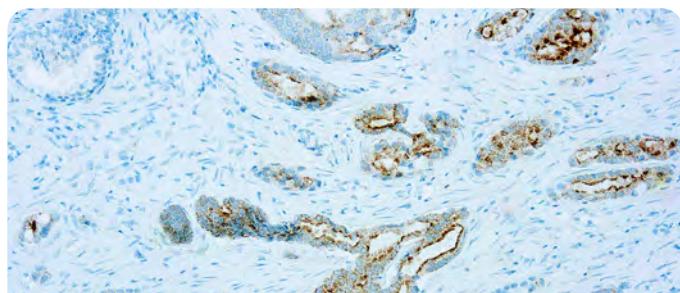


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Prostate stained with p63/p504s Cocktail.

p63/p504s Cocktail

Catalog No.:	PDRMP001 Concentrated PDRMP001R Concentrated
Clone:	DBR 16.1/Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Recombinant human p63 protein fragment + Synthetic human AMACR peptide
Isotype:	IgG/N/A
Positive Control:	Prostate
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear and Cytoplasmic

p63 is a homolog of the tumor suppressor p53. p63 is selectively expressed by normal prostate basal cells and useful in the differential diagnosis of benign prostatic lesions and prostatic carcinoma. The expression of p504S protein is found in prostatic adenocarcinoma. It stains premalignant lesions of prostate: high-grade prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN) and atypical adenomatous hyperplasia. P504S can be used as a positive marker for PIN.

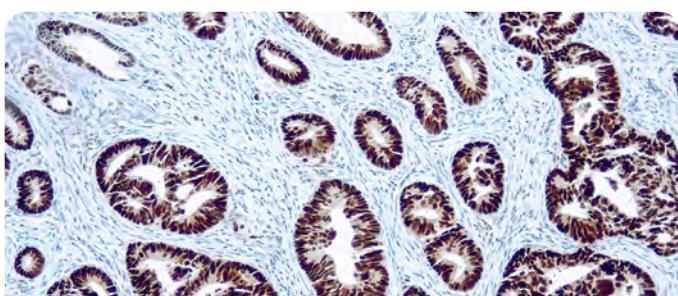


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with .

Alpha-Methylacyl-CoA Racemase (AMACR)

Catalog No.:	RMAB078 Concentrated RMPD078 Prediluted
Clone:	13H4
Immunogen:	Human AMACR (P504S) polypeptide
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Prostate carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

P504S (AMACR) is an essential enzyme in the β -oxidation of branched-chain fatty acids. Recently, P504S was identified through cDNA library subtraction and microarrays in malignant prostate tissues. The expression of P504S is also detected in two premalignant lesions of the prostate: high-grade prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN) and atypical adenomatous hyperplasia. Using P504S as a positive marker along with basal cell staining (34 β E12 or P63) as a negative marker could help to confirm the diagnosis of small focus of prostate carcinoma on needle biopsy.

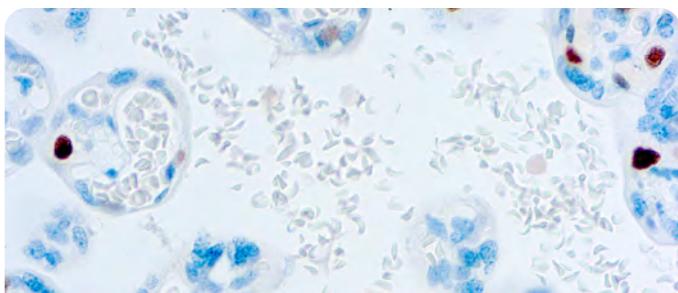


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon carcinoma stained with p53 antibody.

p53

Catalog No.:	Mob082 Concentrated PDM013 Prediluted
Clone:	DO-7
Immunogen:	Recombinant human wild type P53 protein expressed in E. coli
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody reacts with wild as well as mutant types of P53 protein. It recognizes an epitope in the N-terminus of p53 protein, known to reside between amino acids 35 to 45. This antibody can be demonstrated in 22-76% of the colon, stomach, bladder, breast, lung and testes cancers.

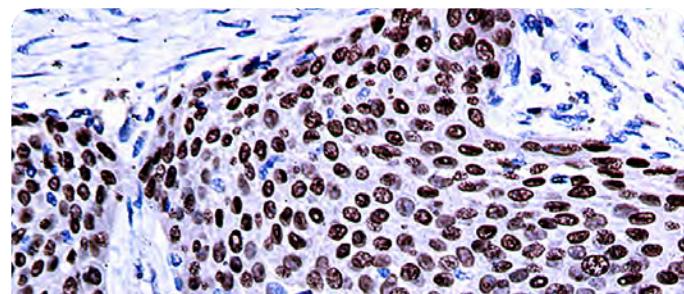


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon carcinoma stained with p57Kip2 antibody.

p57Kip2

Catalog No.:	Mob291 Concentrated PDM205 Prediluted
Clone:	57P06
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with mouse recombinant p57Kip2protein.
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Colon carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody is specific to a protein of 57 kDa known as p57Kip2 a cell cycle regulatory mitotic inhibitor. This antibody does not cross-react with p27Kip1. p57Kip2 is a potent tight-binding inhibitor of several G1 cyclin complexes and a negative regulator of cell proliferation.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded huma lung squamous cell carcinoma stained with p63 antibody.

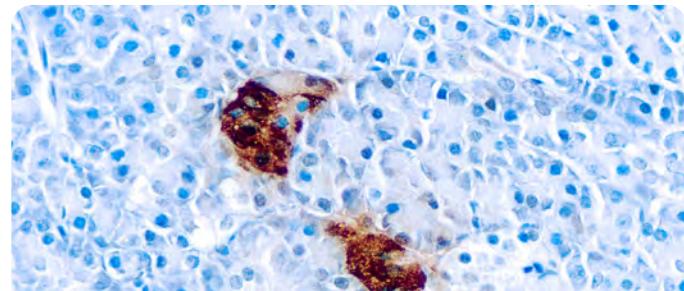
p63



RUO

Catalog No.:	RMAB086, RMAB086R-Concentrated RMPD086, RMPD086R Prediluted
Clone:	DBR16.1
Immunogen:	Recombinant human p63 protein fragment.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Prostate Ca, Tonsil, Breast
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

p63 is a homolog of the tumor suppressor p53, it is identified in basal cells in the epithelial layers of a variety of tissues, including epidermis, cervix, urothelium, breast and prostate. p63 has also been shown to be a sensitive marker for lung squamous cell carcinomas (SqCC), with a sensitivity of ~90%. Specificity for lung SqCC, vs. lung adenocarcinoma (LADC), is approximately 80. In breast tissue, p63 has been identified in myoepithelial cells of normal ducts.



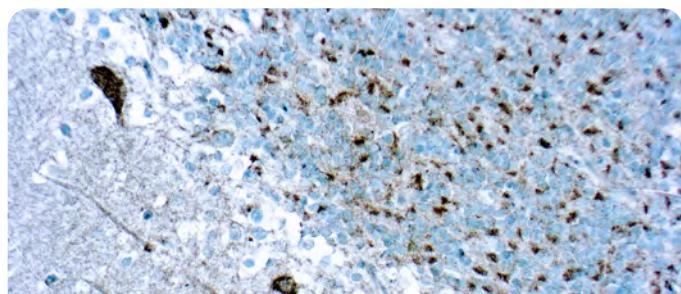
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Pancreatic Polypeptide antibody.

Pancreatic Polypeptide



Catalog No.:	RP030 Concentrated
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Synthetic human pancreatic polypeptide conjugated to keyhole limpet hemocyanin.
Positive Control:	Pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with pancreatic polypeptide. It stains the periphery of islets, exocrine pancreatic parenchyma and the epithelium of small and medium sized ducts and acinar cells.



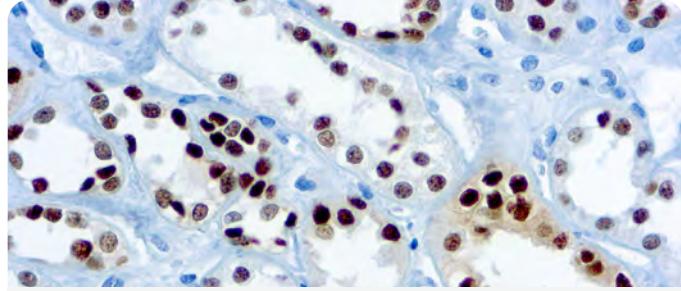
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded huma Cerebellum stained with Pan-TRK.

Pan-TRK



Catalog No.:	RP176 Concentrated PDR176 Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Peptide-KLH conjugate with human Trk A (777-796aa).
Positive Control:	Cerebral cortex tissue
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor (NTRK) is a family of 3 proto-oncogenes including NTRK1, NTRK2, and NTRK3 which encode Trk A, Trk B, and Trk C proteins, respectively. In various cancers, oncogenic fusions involving the kinase domain of NTRK1, 2, or 3 are present. Pan-Trk IHC is a time and tissue-efficient screen for NTRK fusions, particularly in driver-negative advanced malignancies and potential cases of secretory carcinoma and congenital fibrosarcoma. Pan-Trk IHC can help determine whether translation occurs for novel NTRK rearrangements.



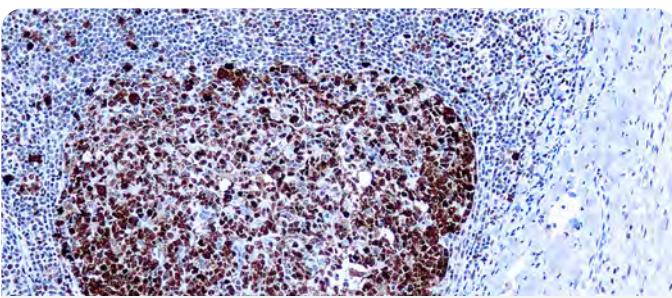
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded renal cell carcinoma stained with Pax-8 antibody.

PAX-8



Catalog No.:	PDM180 Prediluted
Clone:	4H7B3
Immunogen:	ag0306
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Normal kidney, renal cell, or serous ovarian carcinomas
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

PAX-8 is expressed in a high percentage of renal cell carcinomas and ovarian cancers. This mouse monoclonal PAX-8 antibody has been designed to target restricted epitopes, and exhibits higher specificity and provides sharper staining than the PAX-8 rabbit polyclonal antibody. The expression of the mouse onoclonal PAX-8 targets antigens found in normal kidney, thyroid and cervix, but not normal ovary. PAX- 8 stains nuclei exclusively and performs well in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues.

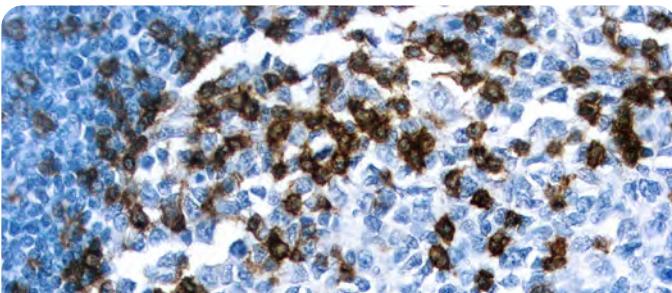


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with PCNA antibody.

PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen)  

Catalog No.:	Mob083 Concentrated PDM014 Prediluted
Clone:	PC10
Immunogen:	Rat PCNA made in the protein A expression vector pR1T2T.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

PCNA is essential for cellular DNA synthesis. This antibody reacts with proliferating cells in a wide range of normal tissues. The significance of PCNA immunoreactivity in tumors is not fully established. However, in non-Hodgkin lymphoma a linear relation between Ki-67 and PCNA staining has been demonstrated.

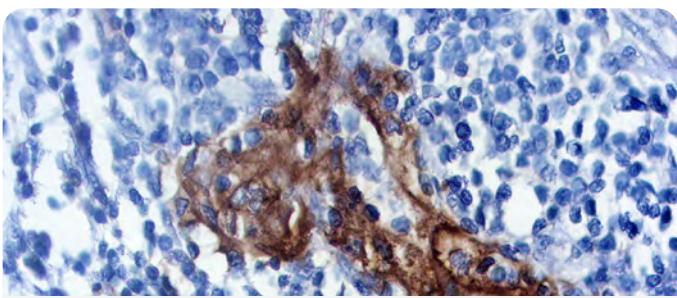


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with PD-1.

PD-1  

Catalog No.:	Mob573 Concentrated PDM573 Prediluted
Clone:	EH33
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein fragment corresponding to the extracellular domain of human PD-1 (as an Ig fusion protein).
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

PD-1 antibody aids in pathways that can protect tumors from cytotoxic T cells, ultimately inhibiting the antitumor immune response by deactivating cytotoxic T cells in the tumor microenvironment and preventing priming and activation of new T cells in the lymph nodes and subsequent recruitment to the tumor. The PD-1 antibody has recently been used as a tool for predictive biomarkers in the diagnosis of various cancers. The PD-L1/B7.1 and PD-L1/PD-1 pathway, once deactivated, allow T cells to remain inhibited.

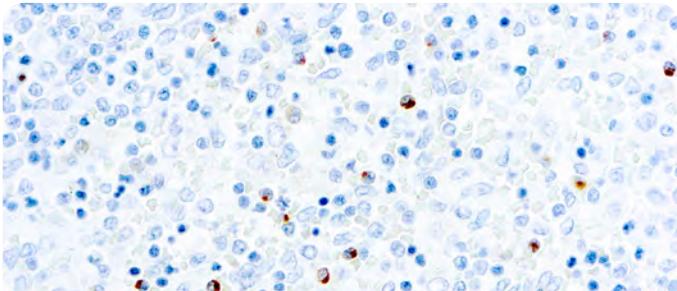


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded squamous lung carcinoma stained with PD-L1.

PD-L1  

Catalog No.:	Mob572 Concentrated PDM572 Prediluted
Clone:	405-9A11
Immunogen:	Last 19 amino acids at the carboxy-terminus of the human membrane-bound PD-L1 polypeptide, coupled to KLH.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Lung squamous cell carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

The programmed death receptor 1 (PD-1) protein is a cellsurface receptor on certain lymphocytes that helps to down-regulate immune responses. Precision therapies targeting the PD-1/PD-L1 pathway have the potential to improve response and thereby offer a novel treatment avenue to some patients with cancer.

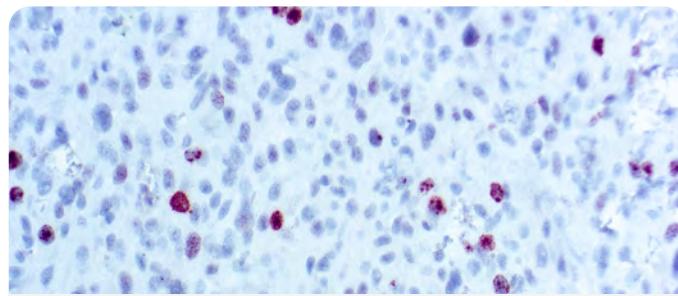


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human spleen stained with Perforin.

Perforin  

Catalog No.:	Mob555 Concentrated PDM555 Prediluted
Clone:	5B10
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein corresponding to an external region of the C-terminus of the perforin molecule.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Spleen
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a 70 kDa protein, which is a potent cytolytic pore-forming protein. Perforin is a specific marker of functionally active cytotoxic T-lymphocytes and natural killer cells. Perforin mediates cytolysis of target cells by membrane damage and apoptosis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Melanoma stained with PHH3.

pHH3

Catalog No.: RP168 Concentrated
PDR168 Prediluted

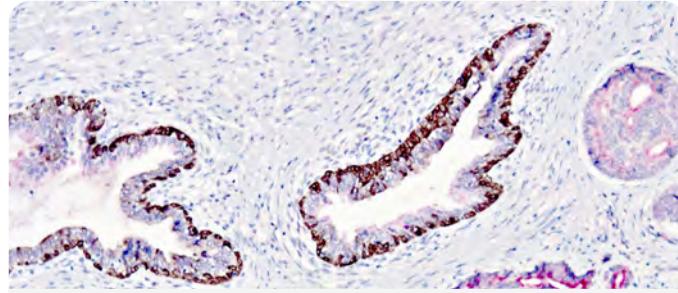
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Phosphohistone protein isolated from human tissue.

Positive Control: Melanoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear (mitotic figure)

PHH3 can serve as a mitotic marker to separate mitotic figures from apoptotic bodies and karyorrhectic debris, which may be a very useful tool in diagnosis of tumor grades, especially in CNS, skin, gyn., soft tissue, and GIST.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with Prostate Cocktail.

PIN5 Cocktail

Rabbit anti-p40 + Mouse anti-Cytokeratin (HMW) and Rabbit anti- (AMACR)

Catalog No.: PDR057 Prediluted

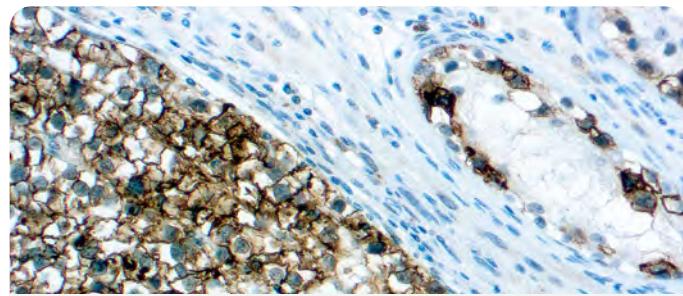
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Polyclonal rabbit antibody to human p40

Positive Control: Prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN).

Cellular Localization: p40: Nuclear Cytokeratin (HMW): Cytoplasmic (AMACR): Cytoplasmic

The combined detection of p504S, p40 and high molecular weight cytokeratin markers has been shown to be useful for distinguishing benign conditions mimicking cancer from prostate carcinomas. In particular, these markers have been shown to be relevant in diagnosing the premalignant condition, prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Seminoma stained with Placental Alkaline Phosphatase (PLAP) (SP15).

Placental Alkaline Phosphatase (PLAP)

Catalog No.: RMAB017 Concentrated
RMPD017 Prediluted

Clone: SP15

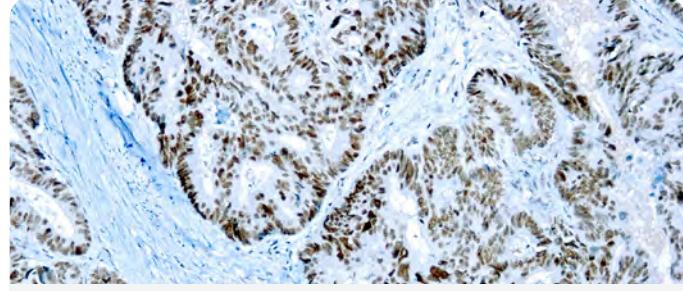
Immunogen: Recombinant protein encoding human placental alkaline phosphatase (PLAP).

Isotype: Rabbit IgG

Positive Control: Placenta

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

The antibody reacts with membrane-bound isoenzyme (Regan and Nagao type) of placental alkaline phosphatase (PLAP) in the placenta during the 3rd-trimester gestation. It is useful in the identification of testicular germ cell tumors. PLAP-positive somatic cell tumors uniformly express epithelial membrane antigen (EMA).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon adenocarcinoma stained with PMS2.

PMS2 (Mismatch Repair Protein)

Catalog No.: PDM171 Prediluted

Clone: A16-4

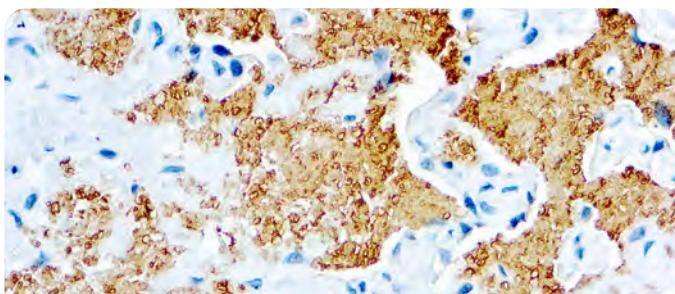
Immunogen: Recombinant human PMS2 (C-terminus).

Isotype: IgG1, κ

Positive Control: Colon carcinoma, tonsil

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Postmeiotic segregation increased 2 or PMS2 was originally discovered in *S. cerevisiae* and is part of the mismatch repair system. It resides on 7p22.2 and its gene product partners with MLH1 to help detect mismatches in DNA. Mutations in PMS2 have been reported in about two percent of families with Lynch syndrome (hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer).



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human infected tissue stained with Pneumocystis carinii antibody.

Pneumocystis carinii

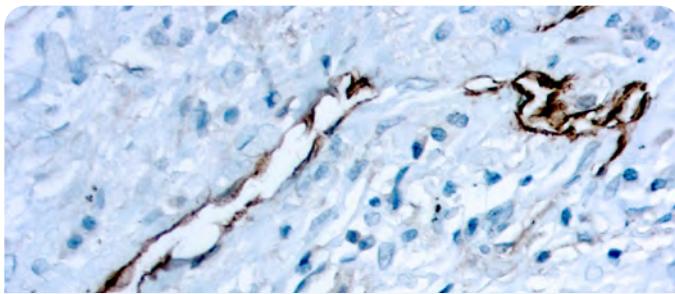


IVD

RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob091, Mob091R - Concentrated PDM584, PDM584R - Prediluted
Clone:	3F6
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with <i>P. carinii</i> cysts isolated from human lung.
Isotype:	IgM, kappa
Positive Control:	Infected lung
Cellular Localization:	Alveolar spaces

This antibody reacts with *P. carinii* in the fixed human tissues. The antibody is specific against an 82 kDa parasite specific polypeptide. It does not cross-react with *G. lamblia*, *T. gondii*, *T. cruzi*, *L. tropica*, *E. histolytica*, *C. albicans* and *P. falciparum*.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Tonsil stained with Podoplanin/D2-40

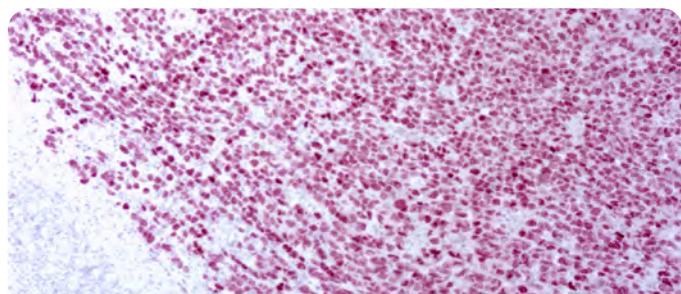
Podoplanin/D2-40



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob558 Concentrated PDM558 Prediluted
Clone:	D2-40
Immunogen:	Dysgerminoma tissue.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Transmembrane and Cytoplasmic

Podoplanin identifies the ~38 kDa O-linked transmembrane sialoglycoprotein podoplanin, which is expressed in the endothelium of lymphatic capillaries, but not in the blood vasculature (1). Besides the expression in lymphatic endothelium, podoplanin is also found in a variety of other tissues, including mesothelial cells, reticular cells, follicular dendritic cells, ovarian and testicular germ cells (2). Results aid in the classification of lymphatic invasion of primary tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with PRAME

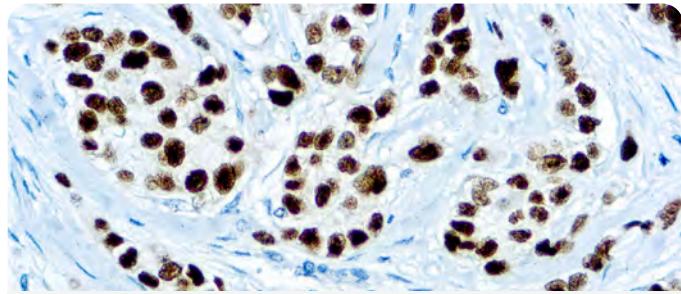
PRAME



IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB109 Concentrated RMPD109 Prediluted
Clone:	EPR20330
Immunogen:	Recombinant fragment within Human PRAME aa 100 to the C-terminus.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Melanoma
Cellular Localization:	Nucleus/Cell membrane

PRAME (Preferentially expressed Antigen in Melanoma) is a tumor- associated antigen and is a member of the family of cancer testis antigens (CTA). PRAME is expressed in malignant cells, including leukaemias, Hodgkin's lymphoma, breast cancer, and primary and metastatic melanomas. PRAME has low or no expression in normal tissues except for in testis, ovary, placenta, adrenals and endometrium.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded breast carcinoma stained with PR (Progesterone Receptor) antibody

PR (Progesterone Receptor)

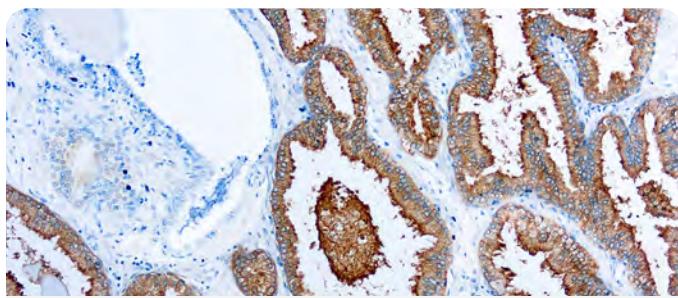


IVD

RUO

Catalog No.:	RMAB002, RMAB002R - Concentrated RMPD002, RMPD002R - Prediluted
Clone:	SP2
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encoding human progesterone receptor 412-526 aa.
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Breast Carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

The progesterone receptor (PgR) is an estrogen-regulated protein. It has been proposed that expression of PgR indicates a responsive estrogen receptor (ER) pathway. A number of studies have shown that PgR determination provides supplementary information to ER, both in predicting response to endocrine therapy and estimating survival. PgR has proved superior to ER as a prognostic indicator in some studies.



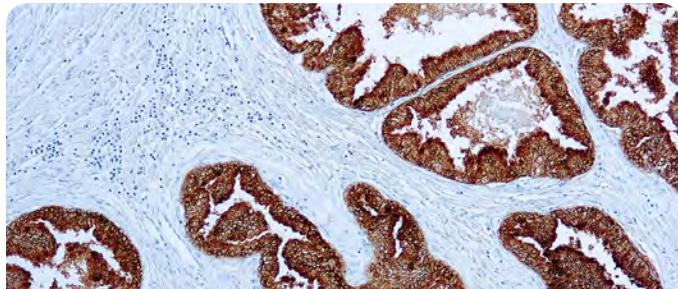
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human prostate stained with PSA antibody.

Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA)

RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob548R Concentrated PDM548R Prediluted
Clone:	35H9
Immunogen:	Prokaryotic recombinant protein corresponding to a portion of the N-terminus of the prostate specific antigen molecule.
Isotype:	IgG1.
Positive Control:	Prostate carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with human prostate specific antigen.



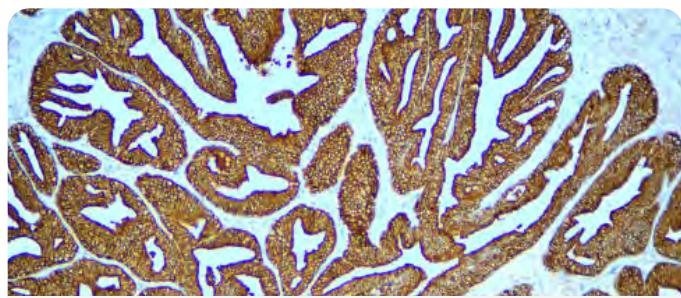
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Prostate carcinoma stained with PSAP

Prostatic Acid Phosphatase (PSAP)

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob085 Concentrated PDM037 Prediluted
Clone:	PASE/4LJ
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified prostatic acid phosphatase from human seminal plasma.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Prostate carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

This antibody is specific to human prostatic acid phosphatase. It reacts with the glandular epithelium of normal and hyperplastic prostate and with prostate adenocarcinoma.



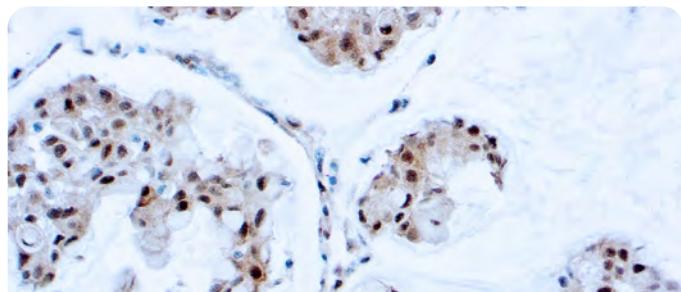
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Prostate carcinoma stained with PSA.

Prostate Specific Antigen, PSA

RUO

Catalog No.:	PDR007R Prediluted
Clone:	Rabbit
Immunogen:	Prostate specific antigen isolated from human seminal plasma
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Prostate carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with PSA. The staining was observed in the prostatic ductal epithelium of normal and neoplastic prostate. No staining with any other cell type has been observed.



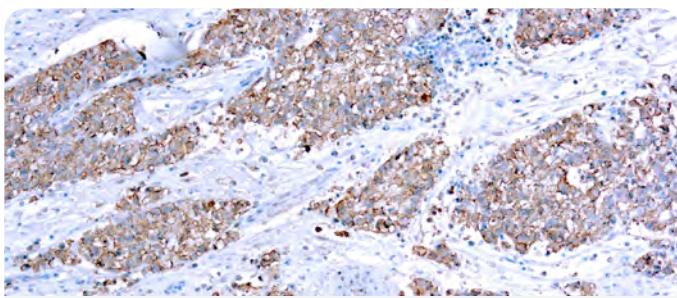
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with PTEN antibody.

PTEN

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob574 Concentrated PDM574 Prediluted
Clone:	6H2.1
Immunogen:	C-terminal 100 amino acids of PTEN.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast, Renal cell and Prostate carcinomas
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear and Cytoplasmic

PTEN gene is a tumor suppressor gene that maps to chromosome 10q23. PTEN, a novel tumor suppressor, functions as a regulator of both cell cycle progression and apoptosis. Potentially, mutation and deletion of PTEN gene may result in a new signal transduction pathway related to human malignant tumors. Studies have demonstrated a reduction of PTEN expression in advanced breast cancers.

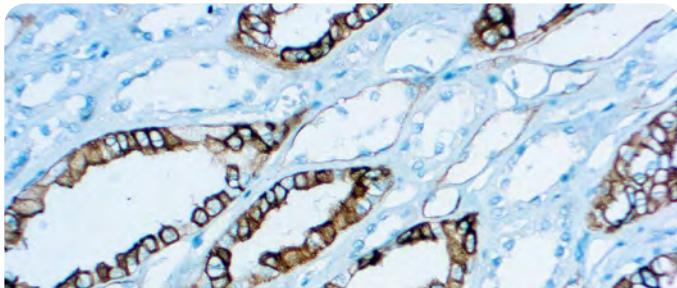


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human testis stained with Rad51.

Rad51

Catalog No.:	Mob324, Mob324R - Concentrated
Clone:	51RAD01
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with recombinant Rad51 protein.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Testis
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody is specific to a 37-43 kDa protein known as Rad51. Rad51 is similar to RecA. Rad51 promotes homologous pairing and strand exchange within a regular nucleoprotein filament. Rad51 has been suggested to be involved in homologous recombination and in cell proliferation regulation.

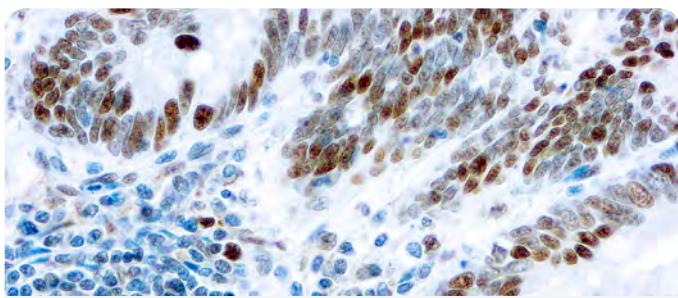


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Normal kidney or renal cell carcinoma stained with RCC

Renal Cell Carcinoma (RCC)

Catalog No.:	Mob465 Concentrated PDM169 Prediluted
Clone:	PN-15
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with human renal cortical tissue homogenate.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Normal kidney or renal cell carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Membrane

This antibody recognizes a 200 kD glycoprotein (gp200) localized in the brush border of the proximal renal tubules and the luminal surface of Bowman's capsule. gp200 was expressed by 93% of primary and 84% of metastatic renal carcinomas. Gp200 glycoprotein is also localized in the breast lobules and ducts, parathyroid glands and epididymis.

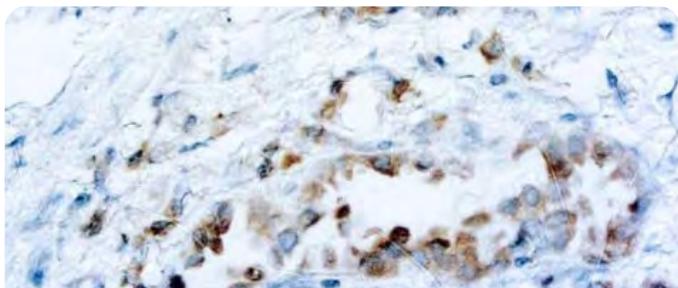


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with Retinoblastoma antibody.

Retinoblastoma Gene Protein (Rb)

Catalog No.:	Mob220 Concentrated PDM111 Prediluted
Clone:	1F8
Immunogen:	Recombinant human Rb protein.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Colon carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody recognizes human retinoblastoma gene protein. Rb gene, a prototype of tumor suppressor genes, has been associated with development and/or progression of bladder cancer as well as sarcoma and small cell lung cancer. Functional Rb gene loss has been reported to occur in bladder cancer and osteosarcoma. A significantly poorer tumor-free survival rate was noted for those patients who had a tumor with an altered Rb protein with or without vascular invasion.

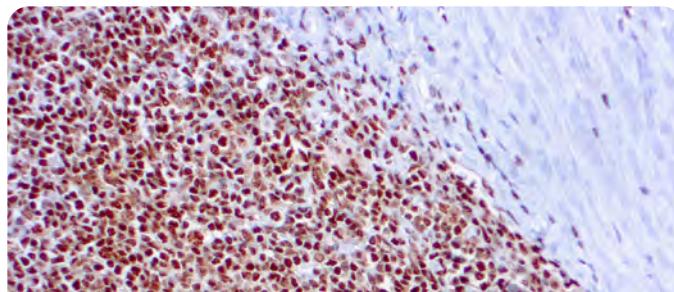


Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Lung carcinoma stained with ROS1

ROS1

Catalog No.:	RMPD108 Prediluted
Clone:	EPMGHR2
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide within Human ROS1 aa 2050-2150. The exact sequence is proprietary
Isotype:	IgG
Positive Control:	Lung carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Diffuse Cytoplasmic

ROS1 rearrangements occur infrequently in lung ACA, however given the frequency of lung cancer in the population, ROS1-rearranged tumors represent a significant number of cancer patients. ROS1 gene rearrangements are reported in 1-2% of lung adenocarcinomas (ACA) and are associated with response to the multitargeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor, crizotinib. ROS IHC can be readily incorporated into the diagnostic surgical pathology workup of lung adenocarcinoma, with results confirmed by FISH as needed.



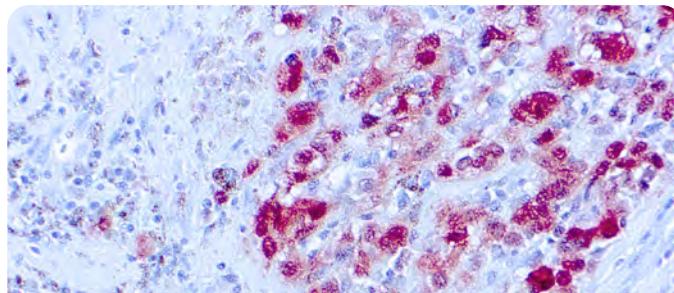
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with RPA/p32 antibody.

RPA/p32

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob329 Concentrated**Clone:** 9H8**Immunogen:** BALB/C mice were injected with purified human RPA protein.**Isotype:** IgG1, kappa**Positive Control:** Tonsil**Cellular Localization:** Nuclear

This antibody reacts with a 32-34 kDa protein known as replication protein A (RPA). RPA is involved in DNA replication, repair and recombination. Human RPA is a stable heterotrimer of 70 kDa, 32-34 kDa and 11-14 kDa subunits (RPA70, RPA32 and RPA14 respectively). RPA is required for the SV40 large tumor antigen-catalyzed unwinding for SV40 DNA and stimulates DNA polymerase α and δ .



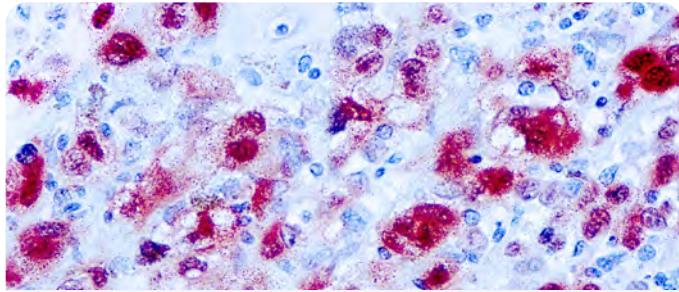
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with S-100 antibody.

S-100

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob111 Concentrated
PDM088 Prediluted**Clone:** SH-B1**Immunogen:** Purified bovine brain S-100 β preparation.**Isotype:** IgG1**Positive Control:** Melanoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific against an epitope located on the β chain (i.e. in S-100a and S-100b) but not on the α chain of S-100 (i.e. in S-100a and S-100 α). This antibody can be used to localize S-100a and S-100b in various tissue sections.



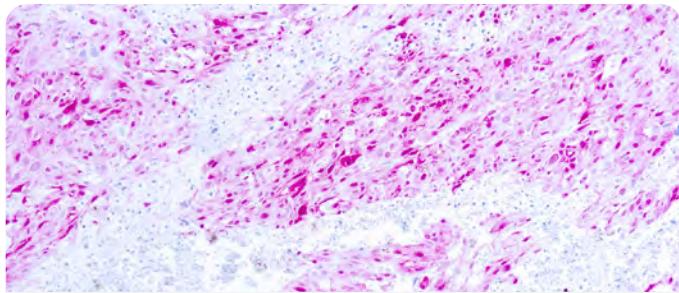
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human skin stained with S100 antibody.

S-100

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob377 Concentrated
PDM194 Prediluted**Clone:** 4C4.9**Immunogen:** BALB/C mice were immunized with purified bovine brain S-100 proteins.**Isotype:** IgG2a, Kappa**Positive Control:** Melanoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

This antibody stains with S-100 protein. S-100 belongs to the family of calcium binding proteins such as calmodulin and troponin C. S-100a and S-100b proteins are two members of the S-100 family. S-100a is composed of an α and β chain whereas S-100b is composed of two β chains. This antibody stains schwannomas, ependymomas, astroglomas, almost all benign and malignant melanomas and their metastases.



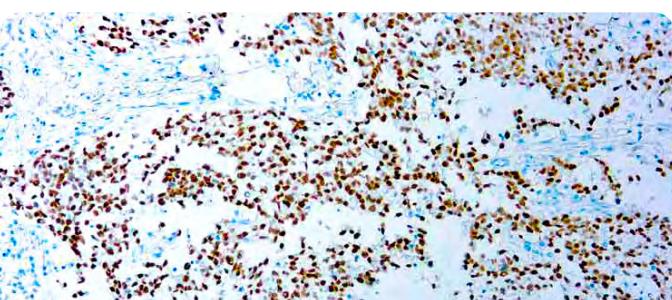
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with S-100 antibody.

S-100

IVD

Catalog No.: RP035 Concentrated
PDR008 Prediluted**Clone:** Rabbit**Immunogen:** Affinity purified S-100 protein isolated from cow brain.**Positive Control:** Melanoma**Cellular Localization:** Cytoplasmic

This antibody reacts with cow S-100 protein a and b. It shows strong cross-reactivity with human S-100 a and b. In the brain, it labels glial and ependymal cells. Melanocytes and Langerhans cells of the skin stain positive with this antibody.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human seminoma stained with SALL4

SALL4

IVD

Catalog No.: Mob591 Concentrated
PDM591 Prediluted

Clone: 6E3

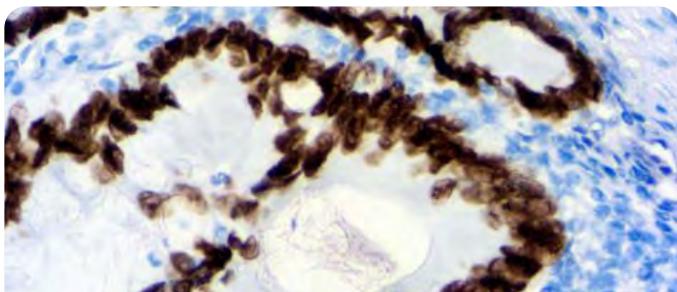
Immunogen: SALL4 (partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa)

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Seminoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Sal-like protein 4 (SALL4) is a zinc-finger transcription factor that serves as a master regulator of embryonic pluripotency and is involved in processes associated with stem cell activities. SALL4 expression in germ cells makes it a useful marker for germ cell tumors such as seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, yolk sac tumors and teratomas. SALL4 expression is also seen in the spermatogonia of normal testis.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma stained with SATB2

SATB2

IVD

Catalog No.: RMAB112 Concentrated
RMPD112 Prediluted

Clone: EP 281

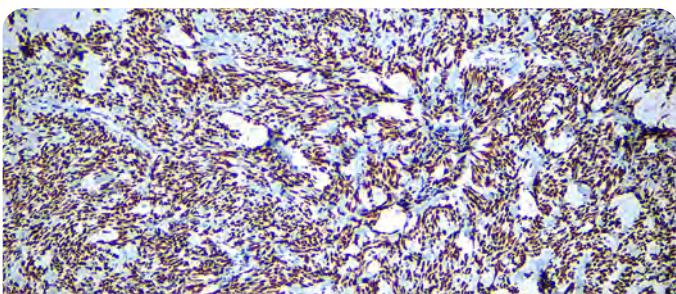
Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to human SATB2

Isotype: IgG

Positive Control: Colon Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Special AT-rich sequence-binding protein 2 (SATB2) is a recently described marker that functions as a nuclear matrix-associated transcription factor. It has been reported that SATB2, in combination with CK20, could identify almost all colorectal carcinomas, including poorly differentiated colorectal carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Solitary fibrous tumor stained with STAT6

STAT6

IVD RUO

Catalog No.: Mob605 Concentrated
IVD (Outside Europe): PDM605 Prediluted

Catalog No.: Mob605R Concentrated
RUO (Europe): PDM605R Prediluted

Clone: D-1

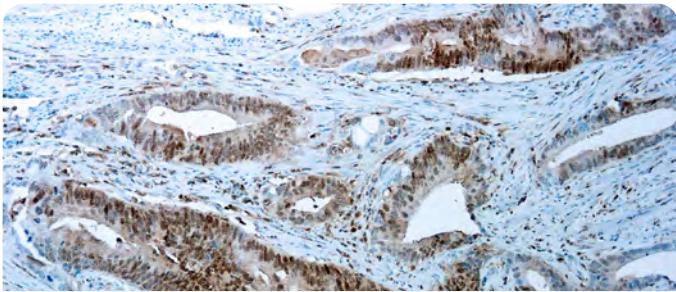
Immunogen: A synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 799-823 at the C-terminus

Isotype: IgG2b

Positive Control: Solitary fibrous tumor

Cellular Localization: Nuclear

Solitary fibrous tumor (SFT) is a fibroblastic neoplasm of variable biologic potential that can arise at a wide range of anatomic sites. Almost all cases of (98%) including conventional, cellular, atypical, and malignant variants showed nuclear expression of STAT6. Staining for STAT6 was usually diffuse: 68% of cases showed reactivity for STAT6 in 75% of tumor cells.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Colon Ca stained with Smad4.

Smad4

IVD

Catalog No.: RP173 Concentrated
PDR173 Prediluted

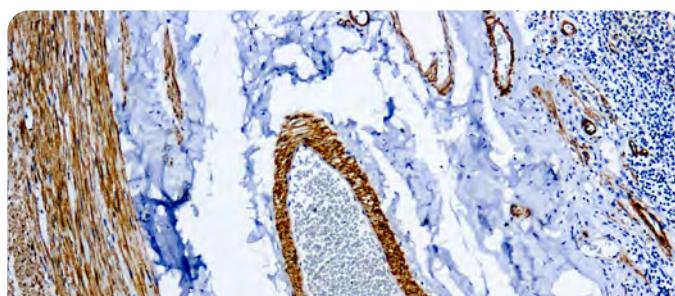
Clone: Rabbit

Immunogen: Recombinant fragment corresponding to a region within amino acids 322 and 552 of SMAD4

Positive Control: Colon Ca, Pancreas Ca

Cellular Localization: Nuclear/ Cytoplasm

Alterations in the SMAD4 gene was primarily discovered in pancreatic cancer (duct adenocarcinoma) but occur in a variety of cancers such as colorectal cancer, gastric cancer, prostate cancer, melanomas, head and neck cancers and many others, though with higher frequencies in gastrointestinal tract cancers. Loss of SMAD4 expression in tumors has also been shown to affect cancer progression and therapy, such as reduced response to adjuvant chemotherapy.



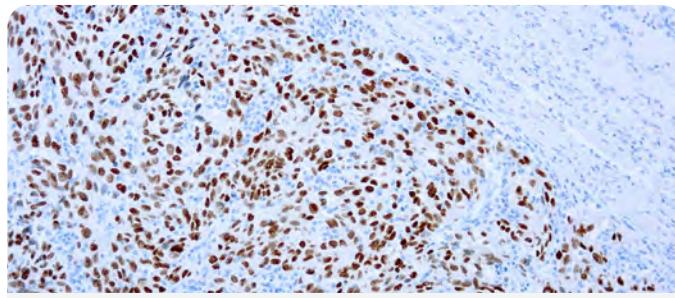
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human appendix stained with Smooth Muscle Myosin antibody.

Smooth Muscle Myosin



Catalog No.:	Mob467 Concentrated PDM175 Prediluted
Clone:	SMMS-1
Immunogen:	Human uterus smooth muscle extract.
Isotype:	IgG1, Kappa
Positive Control:	Colon, appendix
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Monoclonal anti-smooth muscle myosin reacts with myosin heavy chain polypeptides of 200 and 204 kDa. It does not react with skeletal, cardiac, or non-muscle myosin. In immunohistochemistry it stains vascular and visceral smooth muscle cells and cells that have smooth muscle-like characteristics.



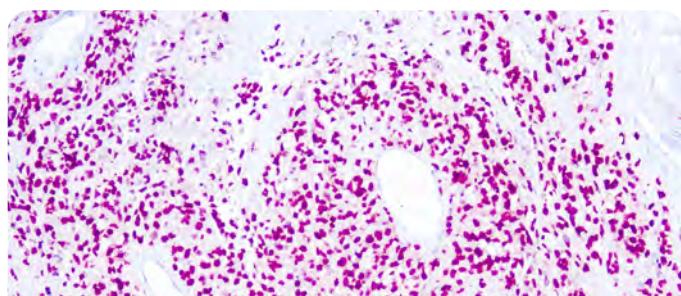
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with SOX-10 antibody.

SOX-10



Catalog No.:	Mob565 Concentrated PDM565 Prediluted
Clone:	20B7
Immunogen:	Human SOX-10 recombinant protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Melanoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

SOX-10 is also an important marker in malignant tumors such as melanoma, breast carcinoma, gliomas, and benign tumors such as schwannomas. SOX-10 is considered as a very reliable marker for recognizing residual desmoplastic melanomas. In normal tissues, it is expressed in Schwann cells, melanocytes and myoepithelial cells of salivary, bronchial and mammary glands. SOX-10 expression is also observed in mast cells.



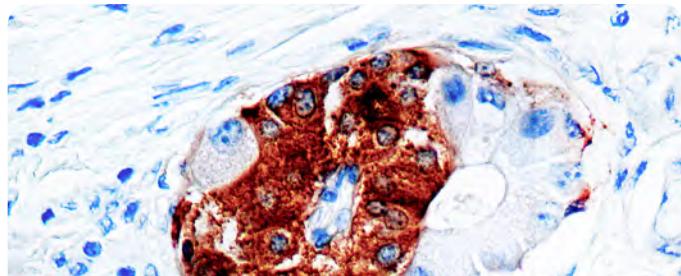
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with SOX-10.

SOX-10



Catalog No.:	RMAB077 Concentrated RMPD077 Prediluted
Clone:	EP268
Immunogen:	Recombinant fragment corresponding to residues in human SOX-10 protein.
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Melanoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

SOX-10 is widely expressed in normal human tissues including melanocytes and breast tissue. SOX-10 is also an important marker in malignant tumors such as melanoma, breast carcinomas of basal-like triple-negative type, gliomas, and benign tumors such as schwannomas. The majority of oligodendrogiomas and a large percentage of astrocytomas and poorly differentiated glioblastomas have also been shown to express SOX10.



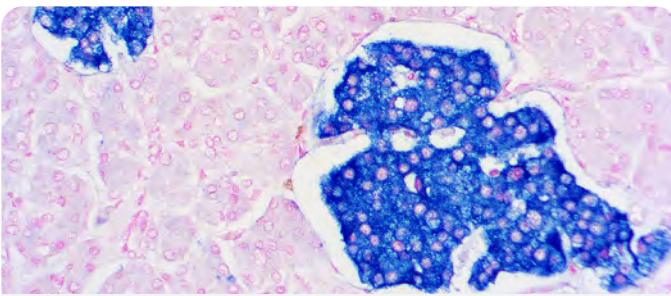
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Synaptophysin antibody.

Synaptophysin



Catalog No.:	Mob399 Concentrated PDM592 Prediluted
Clone:	SYP02
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a synthetic peptide encoding a region near the C-terminal end of the synaptophysin protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a 38 kDa protein. Synaptophysin is a glycoprotein occurring in presynaptic vesicles of neurons in the brain, spinal cord, retina, vesicles of adrenal medulla and in neuromuscular junctions. This antibody reacts with neuroendocrine neoplasms of neural as well as epithelial types.



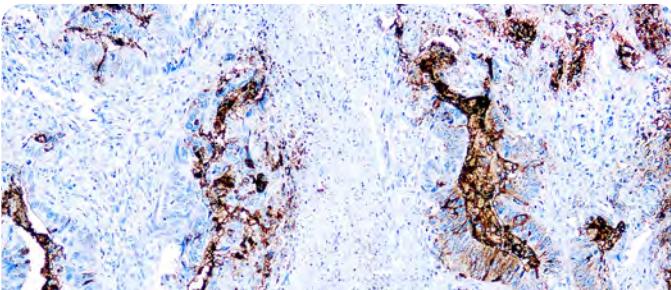
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with Synaptophysin antibody.

Synaptophysin

IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB018 Concentrated
	RMPD018 Prediluted
Clone:	SP11
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide of human synaptophysin.
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Positive Control:	Pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes a protein of 38kDa, identified as synaptophysin. It labels normal neuroendocrine cells of human adrenal medulla, carotid body, skin, pituitary gland, thyroid, lung, pancreas, gastrointestinal mucosa, Paneth's cells in the gastrointestinal tract and gastric parietal cells. Neurons in the brain, spinal cord, and retina are also labeled. In combination with anti-chromogranin A and anti-NSE, anti-synaptophysin is very useful in the identification of normal neuroendocrine cells and neuroendocrine neoplasms.



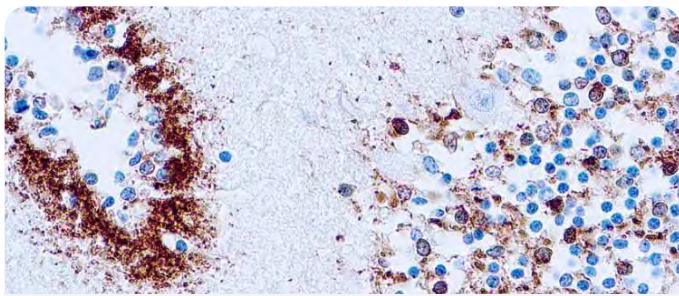
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded colon carcinoma stained with TAG-72 antibody.

TAG-72/CA 72-4

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob288 Concentrated
	PDM100 Prediluted
Clone:	B72.3
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with membrane enriched fraction of a human breast carcinoma liver metastasis.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell surface

This antibody is specific to an oncofetal antigen of >1,000 kDa known as tumor associated glycoprotein (TAG-72) or CA 72-4. This antibody defines the mucin carried sialylated-Tn antigen. This antibody stains the majority of human adenocarcinomas including colorectal, pancreatic, gastric, ovarian, endometrial, mammary and non-small cell lung cancer.



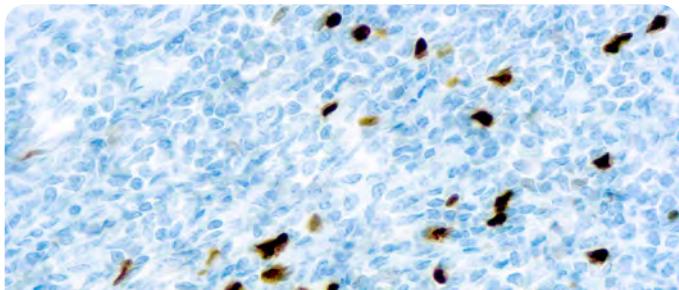
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Alzheimer brain stained with Tau.

Tau (Neurofibrillary Tangles Marker)

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob472 Concentrated
Clone:	Tau46
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified bovine Tau
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Alzheimer brain
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 45-60 kD proteins identified as tau proteins. This antibody does not cross react with tubulin or other microtubule associated proteins. This antibody recognizes a phosphorylation-independent epitope in amino acids 404-441 (human). Tau antibody stains human neurofibrillary tangles, neutrophil threads and neurotic plaques associated with Alzheimer's disease.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Tdt antibody.

Tdt

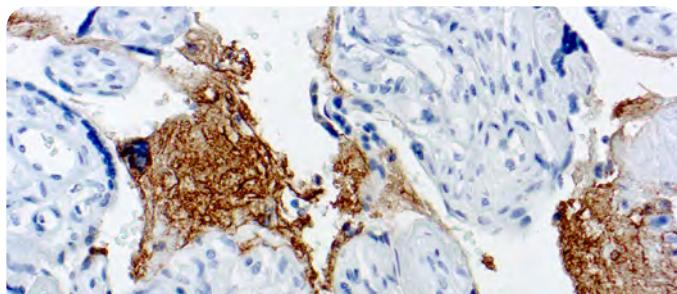
(Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob545 Concentrated
	PDM096 Prediluted
Clone:	SEN28
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with Tdt.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Thymus
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody stains a 60kDa peptide in human lymphoblasts. Tdt is present in the cells during immunoglobulin gene rearrangement and plays an important role in lymphocyte maturation. Tdt marks both T and B immature lymphocytes normally found in thymus and bone marrow.



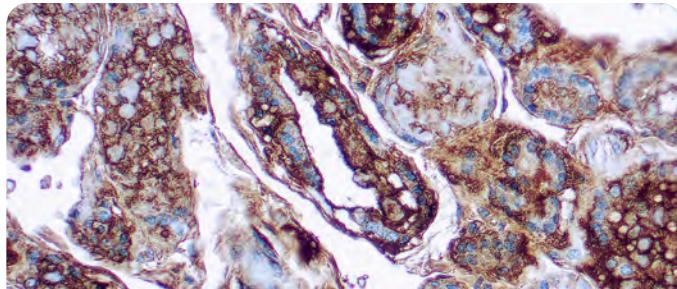
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Thrombospondin antibody.

Thrombospondin (TSP)

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob315 Concentrated
Clone:	A6.1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with reduced and alkylated purified human TSP (fully denatured) from the supernatant of thrombin-activated platelets.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Secretory granules, Golgi complex, endoplasmic reticulum

This antibody is specific to 450 kDa (non-reduced) and 170 to 180 kD (reduced) form of thrombospondin. Thrombospondin is a protein from platelet α granules. It is secreted at sites of platelet activation and aggregation and is involved in the differentiation of leukocytes, fibroblasts, smooth muscle and endothelial cells.



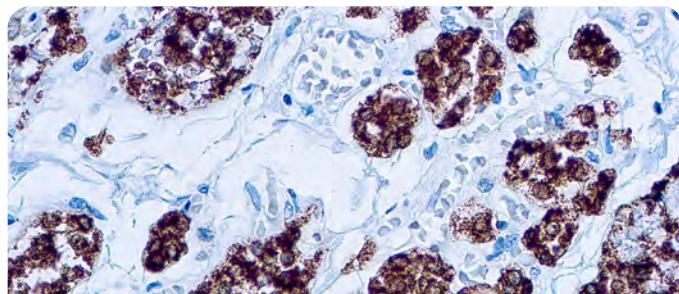
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded thyroid stained with Thyroglobulin antibody.

Thyroglobulin

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob223 Concentrated PDM576 Prediluted
Clone:	1D4
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were immunized with purified human thyroglobulin.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Thyroid
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody recognizes thyroglobulin in hyperplastic and neoplastic thyroid. Thyroglobulin is a protein of 670 kDa consisting of two identical subunits. Thyroglobulin is synthesized by the follicular epithelial cells of the thyroid.



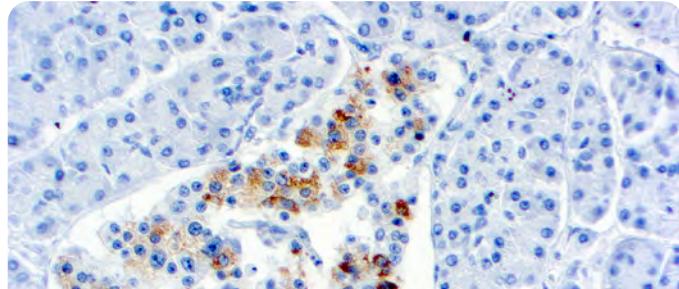
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human thyroid stained with Thyroid Peroxidase antibody.

Thyroid Peroxidase

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob418 Concentrated PDM418 Prediluted
Clone:	MoAb47
Immunogen:	Human thyroid peroxidase (hTPO) purified from thyroid microsomes by immunoaffinity chromatography.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Thyroid
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Thyroid peroxidase (TPO) is a transmembrane protein of 107kDa containing a heme prosthetic group. It is present as a dimer on the apical surface of thyroid follicular cells. TPO is the primary enzyme involved in thyroid hormone synthesis. Malignant thyroid tumors exhibit an anomaly in TPO resulting in lower affinity for anti-TPO. This antibody may aid in the differentiation between benign and malignant thyroid tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human pancreas stained with TIMP-2 antibody.

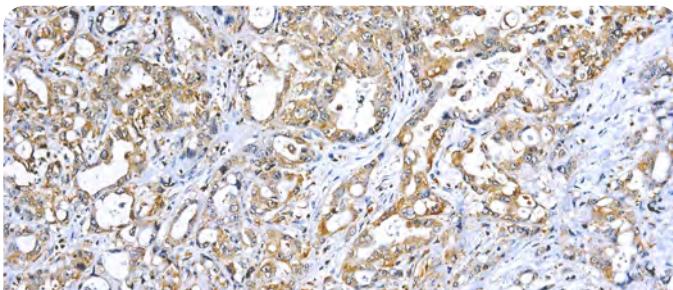
TIMP-2

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob318, Mob318R - Concentrated
Clone:	3A4
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a synthetic peptide from the N-terminal region of human TIMP-2.
Isotype:	IgG2a, kappa
Positive Control:	Colon carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to 21 kDa protein known as TIMP-2. TIMP-1 and TIMP-2 are inhibitory enzymes of matrix metalloproteinase family. TIMP are of great importance in the maintenance of connective tissue integrity. TIMP-2 shows the highest binding affinity to both the latent (pro) and active forms of 72 kDa Type IV collagenase (MMP-2) and active form of 92 kDa type IV collagenase (MMP-9). TIMP inhibit the proteolytic invasiveness of tumor cells and normal placental trophoblast cells.



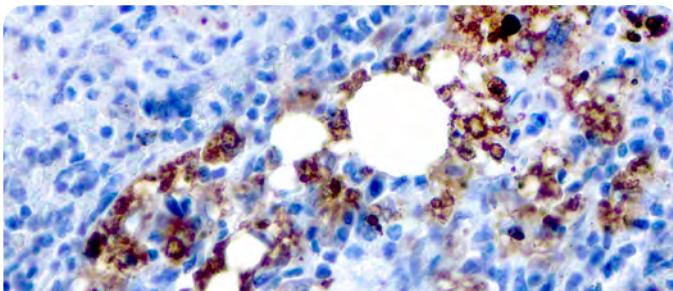
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma stained with TNF Alpha.

TNF Alpha

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob502 Concentrated PDM230 Prediluted
Clone:	DBM15.28
Immunogen:	Recombinant full-length human TNF-alpha protein.
Isotype:	IgM, kappa
Positive Control:	Histiocytoma, colon, pancreas
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and extracellular (secreted)

This MAAb recognizes human 17-26kDa protein, which is identified as cytokine TNF Alpha (Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha). TNF Alpha is an important cell-signaling component of the immune system. It is a protein secreted by LPS stimulated macrophages, and causes tumor necrosis when injected into tumor-bearing mice. TNF Alpha is currently being evaluated in treatment of certain cancers and AIDS Related Complex.



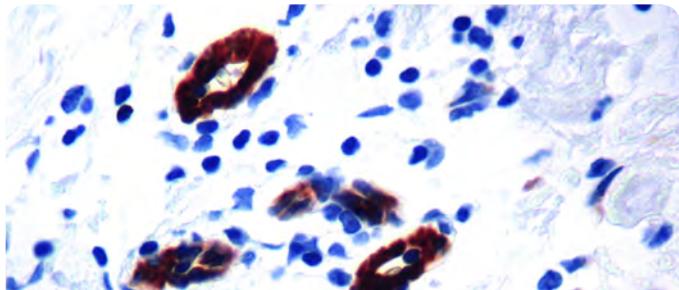
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Spleen stained with TRAcP

TRAcP

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob490 Concentrated PDM203 Prediluted
Clone:	DBM15.2
Immunogen:	Recombinant full-length human ACP5 protein
Isotype:	IgG2b, kappa
Positive Control:	Spleen
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic (Lysosomes)

It recognizes a protein of 35kDa, which is identified as tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase (TRAcP). Serum TRAcP 5a is secreted by macrophages and dendritic cells and increased in many patients of rheumatoid arthritis. Encephalopathy, Osteoclastoma and in osteoporosis and metabolic bone diseases. Anti-TRAcP antibody labels the cells of Hairy Cell Leukemia (HCL) with a high degree of sensitivity and specificity. Other cells stained with this antibody are tissue macrophages and osteoclasts.



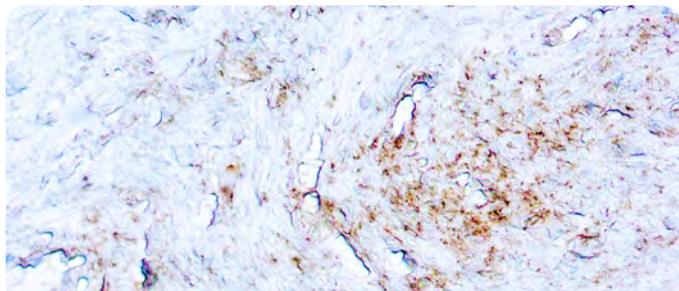
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded breast carcinoma stained with Transglutaminase II antibody.

Transglutaminase II

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob353 Concentrated
Clone:	CUB 7402
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified guinea pig liver transglutaminase.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic, cell membrane, extracellular matrix

This antibody reacts with a 77-85 kDa protein known as transglutaminase II (TGase II). TGase II catalyzes calcium-dependent post-translational modification of proteins by formation of an isopeptide bond within or between polypeptide chains. Different tissue and cell types express varying amounts of tissue transglutaminase.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human T.Pallidum Siphysis infected tissue stained with T.Pallidum.

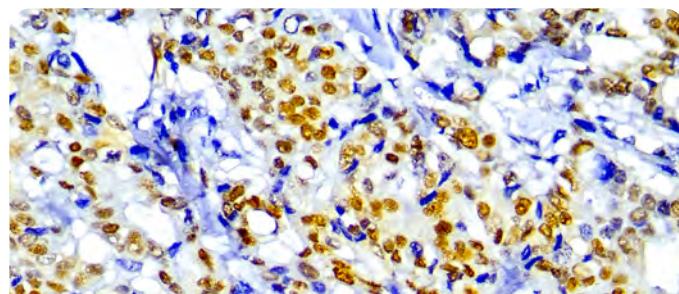
Treponema Pallidum

IVD

RUO

Catalog No.:	Mob577, Mob577R - Concentrated PDM577, PDM577R - Prediluted
Clone:	2121
Immunogen:	Full Length native protein corresponding to Treponema pallidum.
Isotype:	IgG2b
Positive Control:	T. Pallidum Infected Tissue
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

Treponema pallidum is the causative agent of syphilis. It is a gram negative spirochete, a helical to sinusoidal bacterium with outer and cytoplasmic membranes, a thin peptidoglycan layer, and periplasmic flagella.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Breast carcinoma stained with TRPS1.

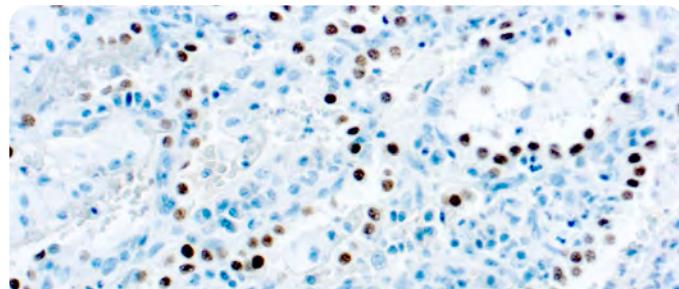
TRPS1



IVD

Catalog No.:	RMAB114 Concentrated RMPD114 Prediluted
Clone:	EPR16171
Immunogen:	Recombinant human TRPS1 protein fragment
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

TRPS1, Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome type 1, is a recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody that helps in the identification of breast carcinoma, invasive or in situ. It provides good values in differentiating between primary and metastatic breast carcinoma in various body sites. It has been reported 1-4 that TRPS1 and GATA3 had comparable positive expressions in ER-positive (98% vs. 95%) and HER2-positive (87% vs. 88%) breast carcinomas.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded lung adenocarcinoma stained with TTF-1.

TTF-1

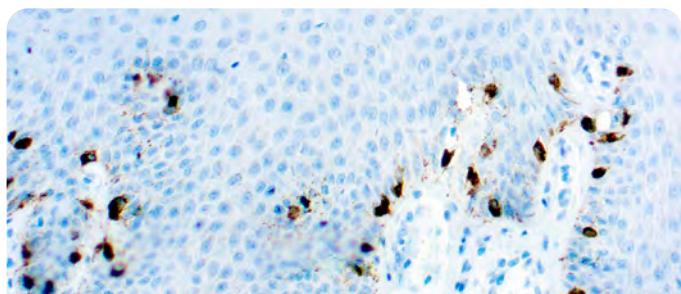
(Thyroid TranscriptionFactor-1)



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob285 Concentrated PDM104 Prediluted
Clone:	8G7G3/1
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a recombinant rat protein.
Isotype:	IgG1
Positive Control:	Lung
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear

This antibody is specific to a 40 kDa protein, which is identified as thyroid transcription factor (TTF-1). TTF-1 is expressed in epithelial cells of the thyroid gland and lung. TTF-1 stains primary lung adenocarcinoma and small cell carcinoma but does not stain colon and breast carcinoma.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human melanoma stained with Tyrosinase antibody.

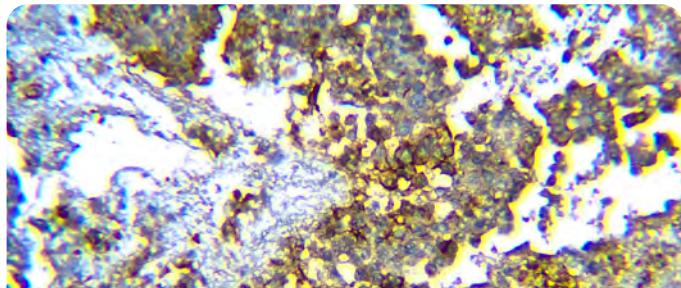
Tyrosinase, Melanoma Marker



IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob290 Concentrated PDM150 Prediluted
Clone:	T311
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with a recombinant tyrosinase protein.
Isotype:	IgG2a
Positive Control:	Melanoma
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic

This antibody is specific to a cluster of proteins between 70-80 kDa known as tyrosinase. This antibody does not show any cross-reaction with MAGE-1 and tyrosinase-related protein-1, TRP-1/gp75. Staining of melanomas with this antibody showed tyrosinase in melanotic as well as amelanotic variants.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human urothelial carcinoma tissue stained with Uroplakin 3B

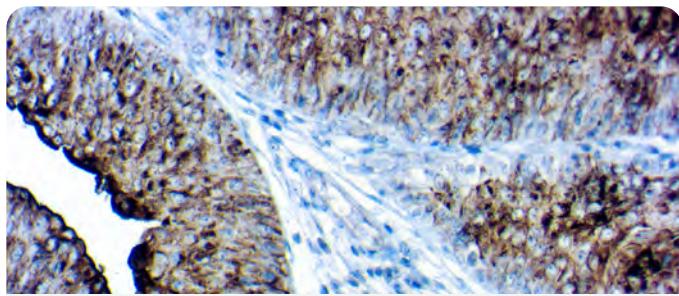
Uroplakin 3B



RUO

Catalog No.:	RMAB117R Concentrated RMPD117R Prediluted
Clone:	DBRRM3.66
Immunogen:	Recombinant human Uroplakin 3B protein fragment (around aa 100-300)
Isotype:	IgG, kappa
Positive Control:	Bladder
Cellular Localization:	Membranous

Uroplakin 3B is expressed on the surface of urothelial epithelial and mesothelial. Its antibody is very useful in identifying urothelial and mesothelial origin of cancers by immunohistochemistry. This protein encoded by this gene is a member of transmembrane 4 superfamily. The protein mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Bladder Carcinoma stained with Uroplakin II & III Cocktail

Uroplakin II & III Cocktail



IVD

Catalog No.: RPM001 Concentrated
PDRM002 Prediluted

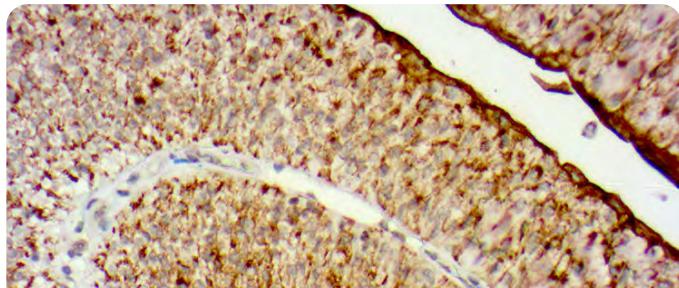
Clone: AU1 and Rabbit Polyclonal

Immunogen: UPII: Peptide-KLH conjugate,
UPIII: Raised in mouse using AUM
preparation from bovine urinary
bladder as the immunogen

Positive Control: Bladder Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic and Membranous

Uroplakins (UPs) are a family of transmembrane proteins (UPs Ia, Ib, II and III) that are specific differentiation products of urothelial cells. In non- neoplastic mammalian urothelium, UPs are expressed in the luminal surface plasmalemma of superficial (umbrella) cells, Uroplakin II/III cocktail is specific for tumors of urothelial origin and, when used in combination with other markers, can aid in the diagnosis of primary and metastatic tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Bladder carcinoma stained with Uroplakin II (UPK2)

Uroplakin II (UPK2)



IVD

Catalog No.: RP177 Concentrated
PDR177 Prediluted

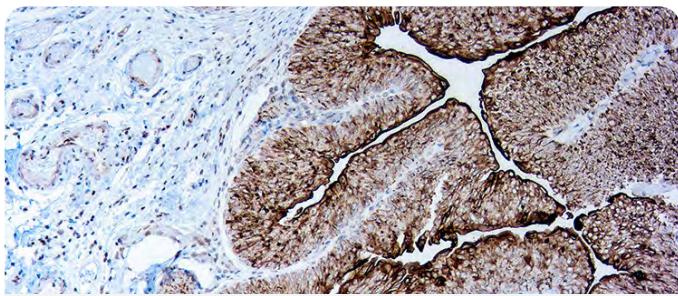
Clone: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Peptide-KLH conjugate

Positive Control: Bladder Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic and Membranous

Uroplakins (UPs) are a family of transmembrane proteins (UPs Ia, Ib, II and III) that are specific differentiation products of urothelial cells. Uroplakins are markers of terminally differentiated urothelium. Uroplakin II (UPII) is a newly described sensitive marker for urothelial carcinoma (UC). The expression profile of UPII in different types of UC and its utility in the diagnostic setting are needed.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Bladder carcinoma stained with Uroplakin III (AU1)

Uroplakin III (AU1)



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob594 Concentrated
PDM594 Prediluted

Clone: AU1

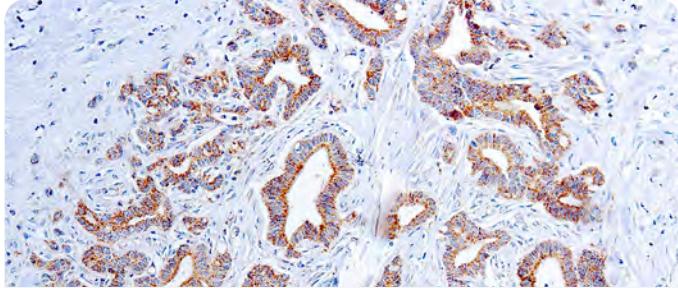
Immunogen: Raised in mouse using AUM
preparation from bovine urinary
bladder as the immunogen

Isotype: IgG1

Positive Control: Bladder Carcinoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic and Membranous

Uroplakins (UPs) are a family of transmembrane proteins (UPs Ia, Ib, II and III) that are specific differentiation products of urothelial cells. In non- neoplastic mammalian urothelium, UPs are expressed in the luminal surface plasmalemma of superficial (umbrella) cells, forming complexes of 16nm crystalline particles. UPIII is specific for tumors of urothelial origin and, when used in combination with other markers, can aid in the diagnosis of primary and metastatic tumors.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human kidney stained with VEGF antibody.

Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF)



IVD

Catalog No.: Mob308 Concentrated
PDM165 Prediluted

Clone: VG1

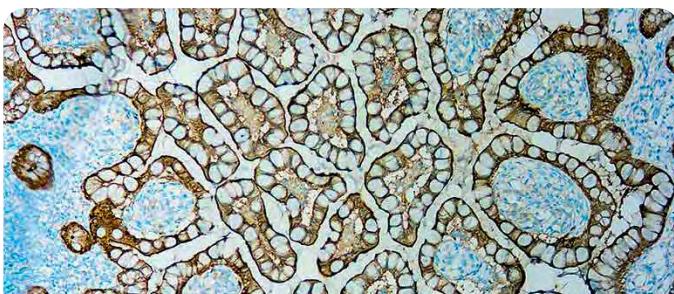
Immunogen: BALB/C mice were injected with a recombinant VEGF protein.

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Positive Control: Angiosarcoma

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic, cell membrane,
extracellular matrix

This antibody is specific to a cluster of proteins between 19-22 kDa (reduced). VEGF is a homodimeric disulfide-linked glycoprotein involved in angiogenesis, which promotes tumor progression and metastasis. It exhibits potent mitogenic and permeability-inducing properties specific for the vascular endothelium.



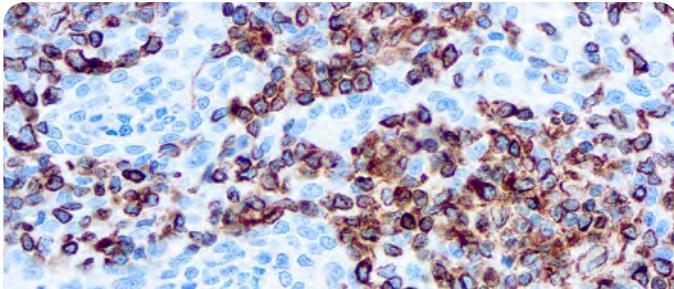
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human Colorectal carcinoma stained with Villin

Villin

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob590 Concentrated PDM590 Prediluted
Clone:	1D2C3
Immunogen:	Raised against purified full length native Villin of chicken origin
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Small intestine, Colorectal carcinoma
Cellular Localization:	Apical membranous (brush border)/Cytoplasmic

Villin is one of the gelsolin family of calcium regulated actin binding proteins. Normally expressed in the brush border of epithelial cells lining the gastrointestinal tract, hepatobiliary tract and renal proximal convoluted tubules. In colorectal carcinoma, villin is highly expressed. In practice, villin can be included in the panel used for metastatic carcinoma to detect colorectal origin.



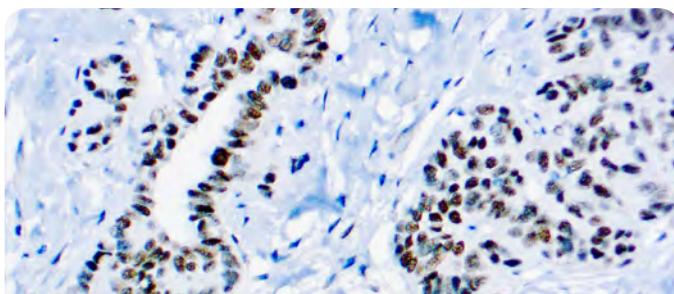
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Vimentin antibody.

Vimentin, Porcine

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob090 Concentrated PDM029 Prediluted
Clone:	V9
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with purified vimentin from porcine eye lens.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Positive Control:	Sarcoma, tonsil
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasm

This antibody reacts with the 57 kDa intermediate filament protein present in the cells of mesenchymal origin. The antibody does not show any cross-reactivity with other intermediate filament proteins. However, it shows a broad interspecies cross-reactivity.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded Wilms tumor stained with WT-1 antibody.

Wilms Tumor-1 Protein (WT-1)

IVD

Catalog No.:	Mob437 Concentrated PDM177 Prediluted
Clone:	6F-H2
Immunogen:	BALB/C mice were injected with truncated human WT1 protein corresponding to N-terminal amino acids 1-181.
Isotype:	IgG1, Kappa
Positive Control:	Wilms tumor
Cellular Localization:	Nuclear and/or cytoplasmic

Wilms tumor-1 (WT-1), is a gene involved in the induction of Wilms tumor, a pediatric renal malignancy. Wilms tumor is associated with mutations of WT-1, a zinc-finger transcription factor that is essential for the development of the metanephric kidney and the urogenital system. The WT-1 gene is normally expressed in fetal kidney and mesothelium, and its expression has been suggested as a marker for Wilms tumor and mesothelioma.

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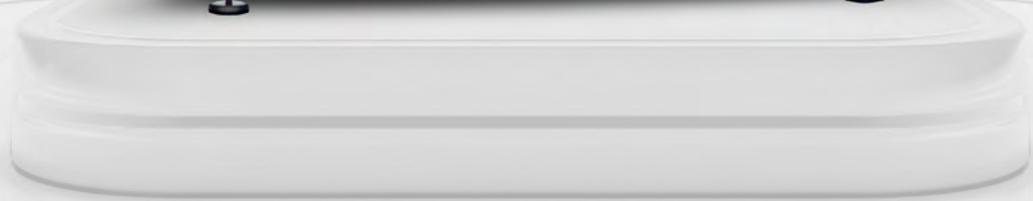
36-Slide System



Onboard Dab Mixing



RFID Reader

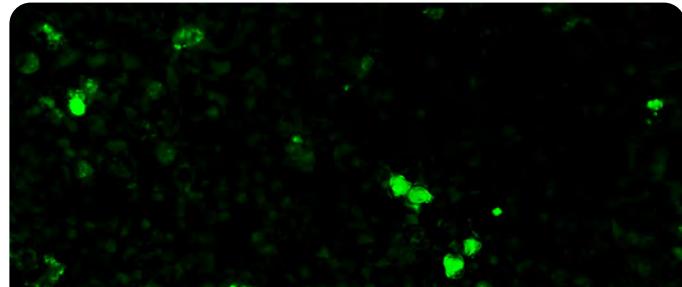


Conjugated Antibodies



FITC Conjugated Antibodies

Diagnostic BioSystems offers fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) conjugated antibodies. Fluorescent dye-conjugated antibodies can be used in a variety of applications such as immunohistochemistry, fluorescence microscopy and flow cytometry.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human spleen stained with C1q Complement-FITC.

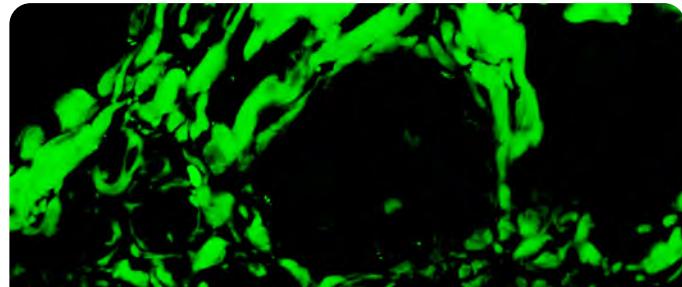
C1q Complement FITC



Catalog No.: F010

Immunogen: C1q isolated from the normal human serum.

This antibody reacts with the human C1q complement. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human liver stained with C3c Complement-FITC.

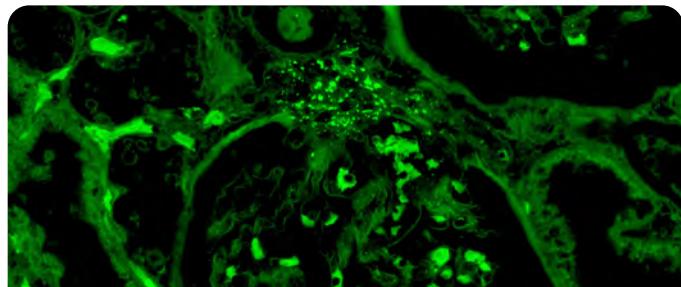
C3c Complement FITC



Catalog No.: F003

Immunogen: C3c Complement isolated from complement-activated human serum.

This antibody reacts with the human C3c complement and the C3c part of C3 and C3b. It may cross react with the C3c complement from cat, cow, dog, goat, guinea pig, kangaroo, mink, mouse, rat, sheep, and swine. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may be also used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human kidney stained with C4c Complement-FITC.

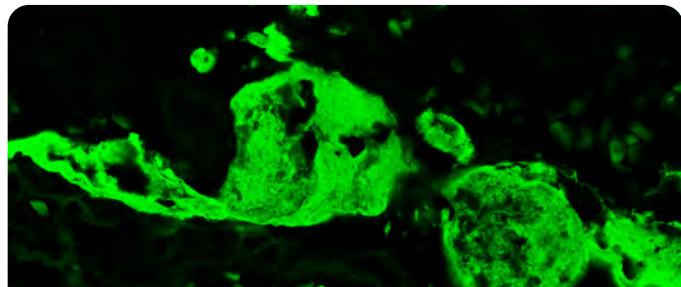
C4c Complement FITC



Catalog No.: F005

Immunogen: C4c Complement isolated from complement-activated human serum.

This antibody reacts with human C4, C4b, and C4c but does not react with the C4d epitope. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human placenta stained with Fibrinogen-FITC.

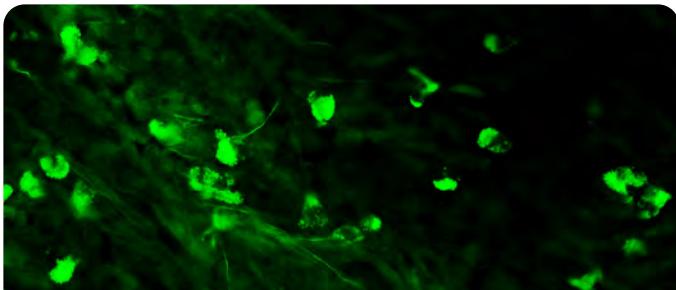
Fibrinogen FITC



Catalog No.: F006

Immunogen: Fibrinogen isolated from human plasma.

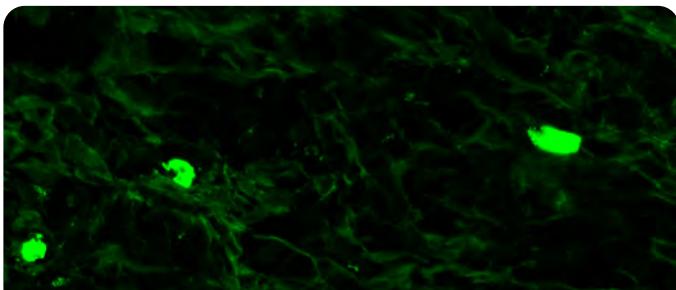
This antibody reacts with native fibrinogen and with fibrinogen fragments D, E, X, and Y. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with IgA-FITC.

IgA (alpha chain) FITC**Catalog No.:** F007**Immunogen:** IgA isolated from human serum.

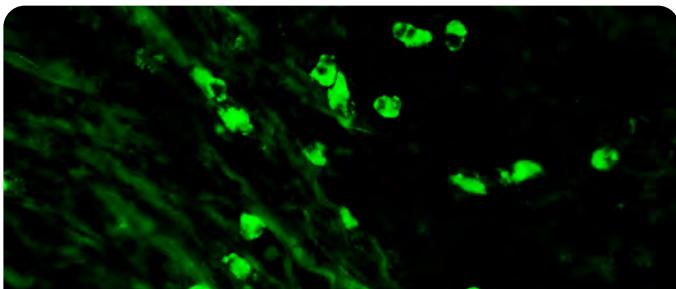
This antibody reacts with the alpha chain of human IgA. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with IgG-FITC.

IgG (Gamma chain) FITC**Catalog No.:** F008**Immunogen:** IgG isolated from human serum.

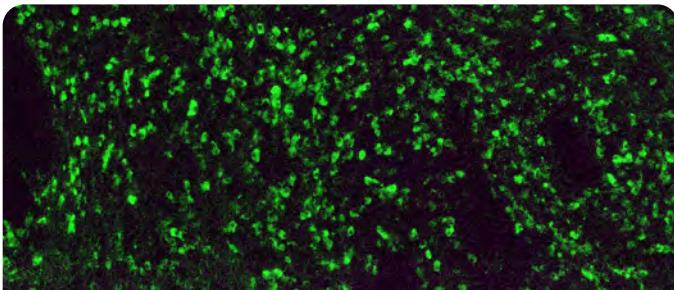
This antibody reacts with the gamma chain of human IgG. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with IgM-FITC.

IgM (Mu chain) FITC**Catalog No.:** F009**Immunogen:** IgM isolated from the serum of a patient with Waldenstrom's macroglobulinaemia.

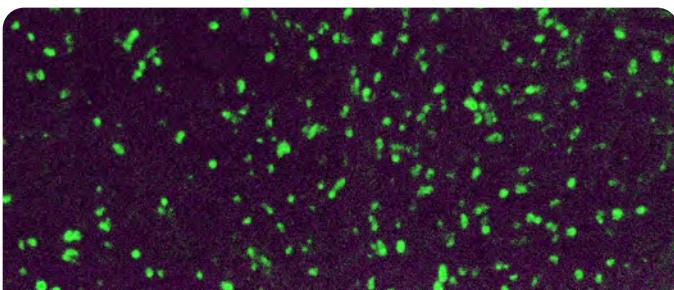
This antibody reacts with the Mu chain of human IgM. Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption with human plasma proteins. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Kappa-FITC.

Kappa Light Chain FITC**Catalog No.:** F001**Immunogen:** Pool of human kappa light chain isolated from the urine of patients with Bence Jones Proteinuria.

Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption. Only the kappa precipitation line appeared in cross immunoelectrophoresis. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may be used for other applications.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Lambda-FITC.

Lambda Light Chain FITC**Catalog No.:** F002**Immunogen:** Pool of human Lambda light chain isolated from the urine of patients with Bence Jones Proteinuria.

Traces of contaminating antibodies have been removed by solid phase absorption. Only the lambda precipitation line appeared in cross immunoelectrophoresis. This antibody is well suited for tissue section staining but may also be used for other applications.

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Notes:

Detection Systems



Detection Systems

Immunohistochemistry is a highly sensitive method that allows the localization of antigens within a cell or a tissue with high resolution. The method is based on the use of a primary antibody that specifically binds to its complimentary antigen. The bound antigen may be visualized by a variety of methods.

Diagnostic BioSystems offers 3 major types of **IHC detection systems**.

UnoVue™: It is a polymer based 1 step detection system for biotin-free immunohistochemistry. It is developed by directly labelling immunoglobulins with enzymes using a proprietary tandem hyperlabelling technology.

PolyVue™ Plus: It is a highly sensitive, biotin-free immunostaining detection system formulated to simultaneously detect mouse as well as rabbit antibodies. PolyVue™ Plus employs an enhancer reagent with the polymeric enzyme linked anti-rabbit and anti-mouse immunoglobulins for 2 detections. It ensures higher sensitivity and lower background.

SITVue™: It is a rapid 3 step detection system formulated to simultaneously detect mouse as well as rabbit antibodies. SITVue/DAB detection kit is based on an enzyme-mediated reaction that utilizes horseradish peroxidase (HRP) to catalyze the deposition of two separate Linkers applied sequentially onto tissue sections or cell preparation. The deposited Linkers can be detected with a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate followed by a reaction with a peroxidase substrate/chromogen solution such as diaminobenzidine (DAB). SITVue /DAB Detection System results in a significant increase in sensitivity compared to standard IHC detection methods, while maintaining similar specificity.







Anti Mouse/Rabbit UnoVue™ HRP/DAB Detection System

It is a polymer based 1 step detection system for biotin-free immunohistochemistry. It is developed by directly labelling immunoglobulins with enzymes using a proprietary tandem hyperlabelling technology.

Key Features:

- Faster staining and lower background
- Compatible to detect both mouse and rabbit antibodies with single reagent
- Non-biotin based, one-step detection Kit
- Developed by superior tandem hyper-labelling technology - ensures consistent and reproducible immunodetection
- Suitable for FFPE tissue sections and cryostat sections
- Consistent and reliable results throughout the shelf-life of the product.



Kit Components and Catalog Numbers

Reagent Volumes	25 Tests	100 Tests	250 Tests	1000 Tests	10000 Tests
Catalog Number	UMR25PD	UMR100PD	UMR250PD	UMR1000PD	UMR10000PD
Peroxidase block	2.5 mL	10 mL	25 mL	100 mL	1000 mL
Anti Mouse/Rabbit HRP Polymer	2.5 mL	10 mL	25 mL	100 mL	1000 mL
Stable DAB/Plus Buffer	10 mL	15 mL	40 mL	200 mL	2000 mL
Stable DAB/Plus Chromogen	0.5 mL	1 mL	2 mL	5 mL	50 mL
Empty mixing bottle for Stable DAB/Plus	3 mL bottle	15 mL bottle	15 mL bottle	15 mL bottle	15 mL bottle



UnoVue Plus™
Mouse/Rabbit HRP Detection Component



Catalog No.: MRU-HRP100 - 100 Tests
MRU-HRP1000 - 1000 Tests

UnoVue Plus Mouse/Rabbit HRP Detection Component is a non-biotin one-step detection reagent suitable for demonstrating antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and frozen sections. The UnoVue Plus HRP Detection Component may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations.

UnoVue™
Mouse AP Detection Reagent



Catalog No.: MU-AP100 - 100 Tests
MU-AP1000 - 1000 Tests

UnoVue Mouse AP Detection Reagent is a non-biotin one-step detection reagent suitable for demonstrating antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and frozen sections. The UnoVue Detection Reagent may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations.

Kit Contents: UnoVue Mouse AP Detection Reagent

UnoVue Plus™
Mouse HRP/DAB Detection System



Catalog No.: UM100PD - 100 tests

The UnoVue Plus Mouse HRP/DAB Detection System is a polymer-based 1-step horseradish peroxidase-labeled detection system for immunohistochemistry. This kit can detect mouse IgG and IgM antibodies, with significantly lower background than biotin/avidin detection systems. The Mouse UnoVue Plus HRP/DAB Detection System can be used for manual staining or with any automated staining instrument. The working solution of Stable DAB/Plus is stable for a week, offering convenience and cost savings due to less hazardous waste generation. This species-specific detection system is particularly useful for multiplex immunohistochemical staining assays.

Kit Contents: Peroxidase Block, Anti-Mouse HRP Polymer, Stable DAB/Plus Buffer, Stable DAB/Plus Chromogen, and an empty mixing bottle for Stable DAB/Plus.

UnoVue Plus™
Mouse/Rabbit AP Detection Component



Catalog No.: MRU-AP100 - 100 Tests
MRU-AP1000 - 1000 Tests

UnoVue Plus Mouse/Rabbit AP Detection Component is a non-biotin one-step detection reagent suitable for demonstrating antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and cryostat sections. The UnoVue Plus Detection Component may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations.

Kit Contents: UnoVue Plus Mouse/Rabbit AP Detection Component

UnoVue Plus™
Mouse/Rabbit HRP Detection Component



Catalog No.: MRU-HRP100 - 100 Tests
MRU-HRP1000 - 1000 Tests

UnoVue Plus Mouse/Rabbit HRP Detection Component is a non-biotin one-step detection reagent suitable for demonstrating antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and frozen sections. The UnoVue Plus HRP Detection Component may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations.

Kit Contents: UnoVue Plus Mouse/Rabbit HRP Detection Component

UnoVue Plus™
Rabbit AP Detection Component



Catalog No.: RU-AP100 - 100 Tests
RU-AP1000 - 1000 Tests

UnoVue Plus Rabbit AP Detection Component is a non-biotin one-step detection reagent suitable for demonstrating antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and frozen sections. The UnoVue Plus Detection Component may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations.

Kit Contents: UnoVue Plus Rabbit AP Detection Component

UnoVue Plus™
Rabbit HRP Detection Reagent



Catalog No.: RU-HRP100 - Tests
RU-HRP1000 - Tests

UnoVue Rabbit HRP Detection Reagent is a non-biotin one-step detection reagent suitable for demonstrating antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and frozen sections. The UnoVue detection reagent may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations.

SITVUE™
Rapid Three Step DAB Detection System

SPEED MATTERS
RESULT IN **30 min**





Two Step DAB Detection System



Anti Mouse/Rabbit PolyVue™ Plus HRP/DAB Detection System

Diagnostic BioSystems' PolyVue Plus™ is a highly sensitive, biotin-free immunostaining detection system formulated to simultaneously detect mouse as well as rabbit antibodies. PolyVue™ Plus employs an enhancer reagent with the polymeric enzyme-linked anti-rabbit and anti-mouse immunoglobulins for two-step detection yielding higher sensitivity while maintaining the extremely clean background. The enhanced sensitivity of PolyVue™ Plus enables superior detection of antibodies at lower concentration or weaker signals.

The PolyVue™ Plus Mouse/Rabbit HRP/DAB Detection System is a non-biotin, two-step detection system suitable for labeling antigens in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues and cryostat sections. The PolyVue™ Plus Detection System may also be used with blood smears, cytosmears, and cell preparations. This system has been developed by directly labeling immunoglobulins with enzymes using a proprietary tandem hyperlabelling technology. This ensures consistent and reproducible immunostaining for all types of nuclear, cytoplasmic and membrane antigens in different types of tissues with significantly lower background than detection systems using biotin and avidin conjugates.

Key Features:

- High Sensitivity
- High Specificity
- Clean & Clear Background
- High Reproducible Staining Results
- Suitable for Manual Staining as well as Automated Stainer's
- Shorter Incubation Times



Kit Components and Catalog Numbers

Reagent Volumes	25 Tests	100 Tests	250 Tests	1000 Tests
Catalog Number	PVP25D	PVP100D	PVP250D	PVP1000D
Tissue Primer™	2.5 mL	10 mL	25 mL	100 mL
Background Blocker	2.5 mL	10 mL	25 mL	100 mL
PolyVue™ Plus Mouse/Rabbit Enhancer	2.5 mL	10 mL	25 mL	100 mL
PolyVue™ Plus Mouse/Rabbit HRP Label	2.5 mL	10 mL	25 mL	100 mL
Stable DAB/Plus™ Buffer	15 mL	15 mL	45 mL	200 mL
Stable DAB/Plus™ Chromogen	1 mL	1 mL	2.0 mL	5 mL
Empty mixing bottle for Stable DAB/Plus	3 mL	15 mL	15 mL	15 mL



Rapid Three Step DAB Detection System

Three Step

Anti Mouse/Rabbit SITVue™ HRP/DAB Detection System

It is a rapid 3 step detection system formulated to simultaneously detect mouse as well as rabbit antibodies. SITVue/DAB detection kit is based on an enzyme-mediated reaction that utilizes horseradish peroxidase (HRP) to catalyze the deposition of two separate Linkers applied sequentially onto tissue sections or cell preparation. The deposited Linkers can be detected with a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate followed by a reaction with a peroxidase substrate/chromogen solution such as diaminobenzidine (DAB). SITVue /DAB Detection System results in a significant increase in sensitivity compared to standard IHC detection methods, while maintaining similar specificity.

Key Features:

- Rapid 3-step IHC protocol
- Results in less than 30 minutes
- Optimized for use with Diagnostic BioSystems concentrated & ready-to-use IHC antibodies



Kit Components and Catalog Numbers

Reagent Volumes	25 Tests	100 Tests	1000 Tests
Catalog Number	SIT-25D	SIT-100D	SIT-1000D
Tissue Primer	2.5 mL	10 mL	100 mL
Linker 1	2.5 mL	10 mL	100 mL
Linker 2	2.5 mL	10 mL	100 mL
Tracer	2.5 mL	10 mL	100 mL
Stable DAB/Plus Buffer	4 mL	15 mL	200 mL
Stable DAB/Plus Chromogen	0.5 mL	1 mL	5 mL
Empty mixing bottle for Stable DAB/Plus	15 mL bottle	15 mL bottle	15 mL bottle

MOH'S™ HRP green kit

HRP Detection System

The Diagnostic BioSystems HRP-Green kit is designed for rapid IHC staining of frozen tissue sections and paraffin-embedded tissue sections. When the time to final results is critical, such as Mohs micrographic surgery, this Mohs HRP-Green Kit can provide reliable IHC results in less than 20 minutes specifically for frozen sections. This Mohs HRP-Green kit utilizes a permeabilization pretreatment step in a microwave which improves staining considerably.

Key Features:

- Improved accessibility of antigens in frozen tissue sections.
- Green chromogen provides better contrast to endogenous melanin.
- Rapid two-step immunohistochemistry protocol.
- Time to results in less than 20 minutes.
- Optimized for use with Diagnostic BioSystems Ready to Use IHC antibodies.



Ordering Information, Cat.# K092

Components	Format	Volume
HRP-Polymer	Ready-To-Use	20ml
PermaGreen/HRP Substrate buffer	Ready-To-Use	30ml
PermaGreen/HRP Chromogen	50x Concentrate	1ml
Purple Hematoxylin	Ready-To-Use	20ml
10X Tris EDTA Buffer For Permeabilization pretreatment, pH 9.0	10x Concentrate	50ml
Rapid Histo-Sealer (10X)™	10x Concentrate	10ml

DBS HighLighter™ 360 Autostainer Core Kit



Ensures consistent, reliable results.

- A cutting-edge detection system designed to use with our Fully Automated Slide Stainer: DBS HighLighter™ 360 Autostainer

- Precision Detection for Accurate IHC Results

Key Features:

High Sensitivity and Specificity: Delivers clear, distinct staining.

Time Efficiency: Reduces assay time, enabling quicker results without compromising quality.

Enhanced Reproducibility: Standardized protocols ensure consistent results.

Ready-to-Use Components: No dilution or additional preparation needed, streamlining lab workflow.

Complete Workflow solution: Has all the reagents needed to perform the IHC staining. Just add in the required primary antibody and wash buffer and you are ready to perform IHC staining.



Kit Components, Cat.# HL72K, HL720K

Components	Cap Sticker	Vol (72 Tests)	Vol (720 Tests)
DP1(Dewax solution-1)	DP1	11 mL (2 vials)	220 mL (1 vial)
DP2(Dewax solution-2)	DP2	11 mL (2 vials)	220 mL (1 vial)
CA2(RTU Citrate buffer, pH 6.0)	CA2	15 mL (2 vials)	300 mL (1 vial)
EA1(RTU Tris EDTA buffer, pH 9.0)	EA1	15 mL (2 vials)	300 mL (1 vial)
Tissue Primer	TP	11 mL (2 vials)	220 mL (1 vial)
Background Blocker	BB	11mL (1 vial)	110 mL (1 vial)
Mouse/Rabbit Linker	M/R-L	11 mL (1 vial)	110 mL (1 vial)
HRP Polymer	HRP	11 mL (1 vial)	110 mL (1 vial)
DAB-Auto buffer	DAB-B	10mL (1 vial)	100 mL (1 vial)
DAB-Auto Chromogen	DAB-C	10 mL (1 vial)	100 mL (1 vial)
Blue Hematoxylin	HEMA	11mL (1 vial)	110mL (1 vial)

Streptavidin Biotin Based Detection System

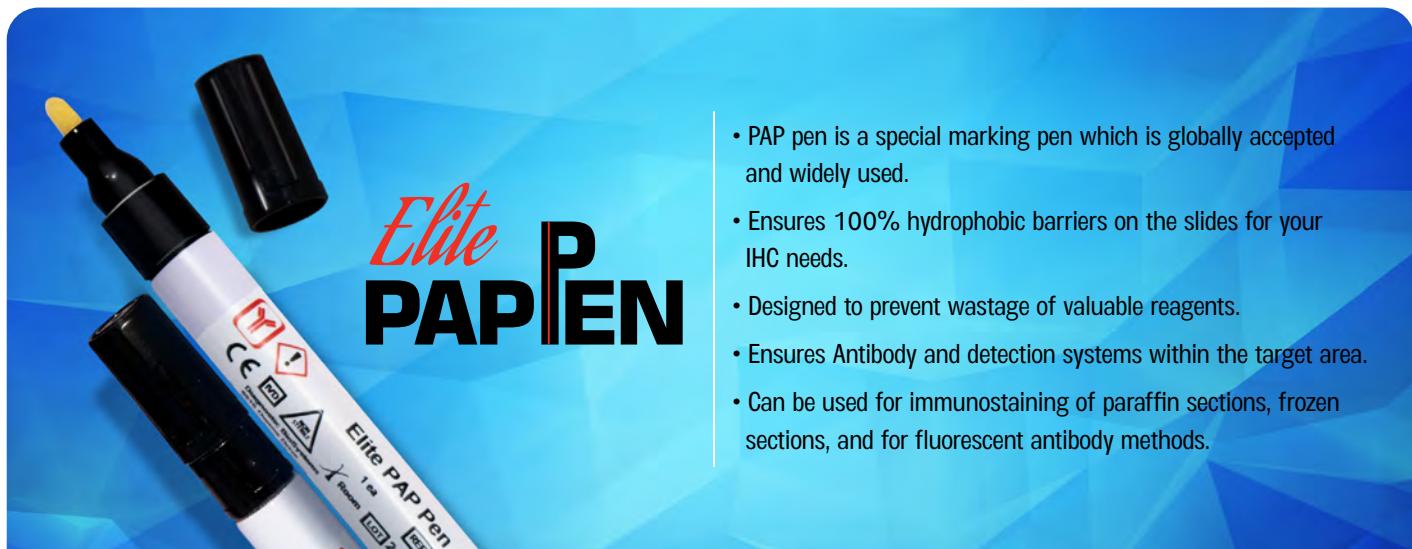
Diagnostic BioSystems offers immunostaining detection systems based on streptavidin/biotin technology. We offer convenient broad spectrum kits to detect both mouse and rabbit primary antibodies, and are available in ready-to-use formats.

Kit	Test Size	Catalog No.
Peroxidase Mouse & Rabbit Kit (DAB Liquid)	1000 tests/100 tests	KP500L/KP50L
Peroxidase Mouse & Rabbit Kit*	1000 tests/100 tests	KP500/KP50
Alkaline Phosphatase Mouse & Rabbit Kit (Fast Red)	1000 tests/100 tests	KA500F/KA50F
Alkaline Phosphatase Mouse & Rabbit Staining Kit *	1000 tests/100 tests	KA500/KA50

* These kits do not contain any substrate/chromogen

Ready-to-Use Kits Components

Kit Component	Volume	Catalog No.
Mouse & Rabbit Link	100ml	M006
HRP Label	100ml	M008
ALP Label	100ml	M010



Chromogens



Chromogens

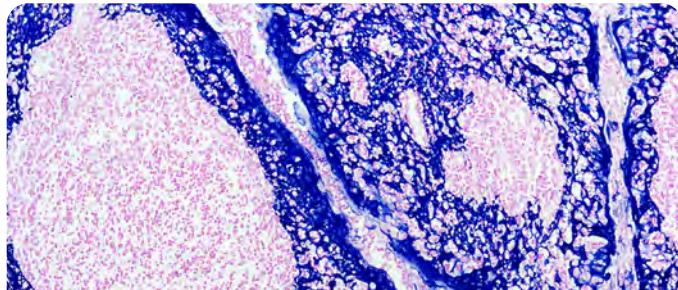
New discoveries in the clinic are demanding more functionality from IHC. Diagnostic BioSystems offers novel proprietary chromogens in Brown, Red, Green, Yellow and Blue for easy to develop multistains in your own lab. Use of high-quality, novel chromogens results in robust staining, making results reproducible and trustworthy.

- High Quality Staining - Detect and diagnose with confidence
- Broad Applicability - Single and Multiplex IHC and ISH

Diagnostic BioSystems provides chromogens with two commonly used enzyme labels:

- Horse Radish Peroxidase (HRP)
- Alkaline Phosphatase (AP)

Chromogens for AP



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with HMW CK antibody (PDM074) labeled with PermaBlue Plus/AP Chromogen (K058) produces a distinct bright blue color.

PermaBlue Plus/AP

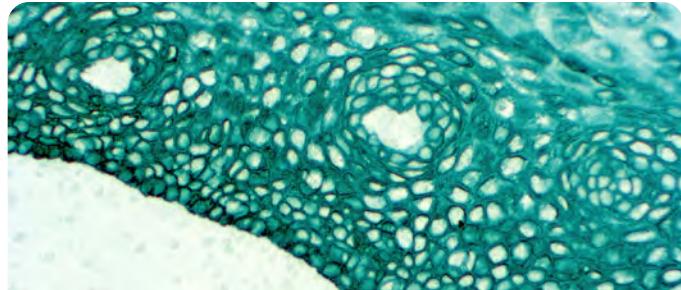
IVD

Catalog No.:

K058, 30ml Ready-to-Use

K058-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaBlue/AP is a substrate chromogen system for use with alkaline phosphatase (AP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). PermaBlue Plus/AP has been reformulated to increase stability of the working solution while producing a distinct bright blue color. PermaBlue Plus/AP is insoluble in alcohol and xylene substitutes; therefore sections can be dehydrated in alcohol, cleared in xylene substitute, and permanently mounted.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with HMW CK antibody (PDM074) labeled with PermaGreen Plus/AP Chromogen (K059) produces a strong green color.

PermaGreen Plus/AP

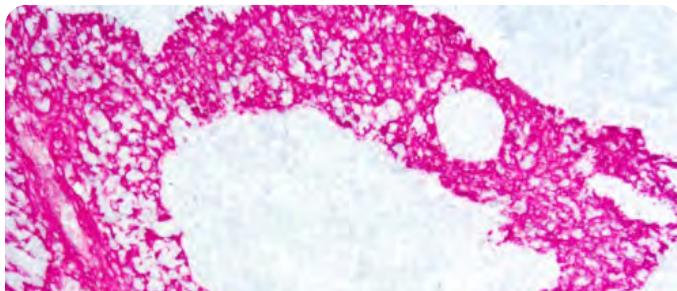
IVD

Catalog No.:

K059, 30ml Ready-to-Use

K059-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaGreen Plus/AP is a substrate chromogen system for use with alkaline phosphatase (AP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). PermaGreen Plus/AP has been modified to increase staining intensity, producing a strong green color that is insoluble in alcohol and xylene substitutes; therefore sections can be dehydrated in alcohol, cleared in a xylene substitute, and permanently mounted.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin H.M.W antibody (PDM 074) labeled with PermaRed/AP-Auto Chromogen (K049)

PermaRed/AP (Alcohol & Xylene Compatible) IVD

Catalog No.: K049, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K049-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaRed/AP is a substrate chromogen system for use with alkaline phosphatase (AP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). PermaRed/AP produces a brilliant dark red color. PermaRed/AP is insoluble in organic solvents; therefore sections can be dehydrated in alcohol, cleared in xylene (or a xylene-substitute), and permanently mounted.



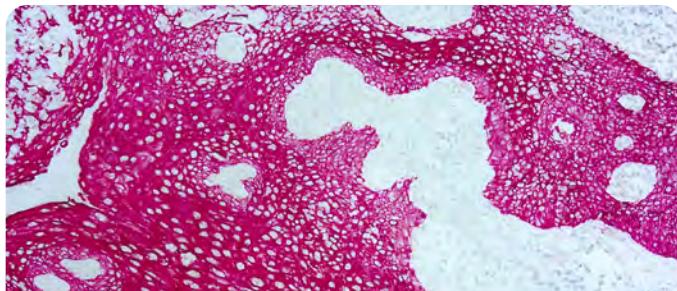
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin H.M.W antibody (PDM 074) labeled with PermaRed/AP-Auto Chromogen (K049)

**PermaRed/AP-Auto IVD
(For Use on Automated Staining Platforms)**

Catalog No.: K049-Auto 30ml Ready-to-Use
K049-Auto-110 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaRed/AP-Auto produces a red color, ranging from pink to brilliant dark red, depending on the signal intensity. It is insoluble in organic solvents; therefore sections can be dehydrated in alcohol, cleared in xylene (or a xylene-substitute), and permanently mounted.

PermaRed/AP-Auto has been formulated for on-slide mixing. The instrument should be programmed to apply the substrate-buffer to the slide followed by application of the chromogen reagent. The substrate-buffer and chromogen components are stable in their separate formats. They can be loaded into the reagent rack at the beginning of the staining run with the other reagents, for walk away convenience.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded squamous cell carcinoma human tissue stained with CK 5/6 antibody (Mob362) labeled with PermaRed AutoPlus (K057) produces a brilliant red color.

PermaRed/AP-AutoPlus IVD

Catalog No.: K057-AutoPlus, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K057-AutoPlus-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

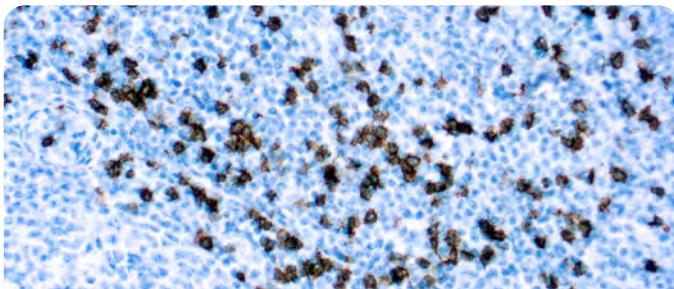
PermaRed/AP-Auto/Plus produces a red color, ranging from pink to brilliant dark red, depending on the signal intensity. It is insoluble in organic solvents; therefore sections can be dehydrated in alcohol, cleared in xylene (or a xylene-substitute), and permanently mounted.

ImmunoHisto-Sealer™

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Chromogens for HRP



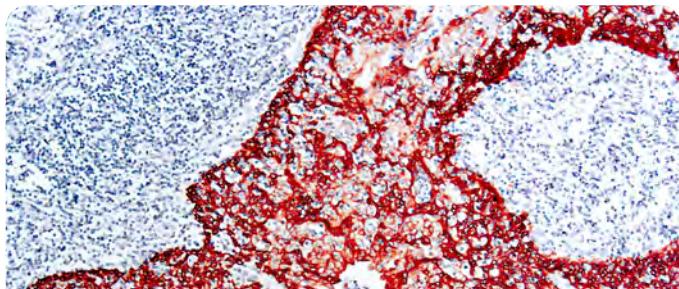
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD8 and labeled with DAB Auto (K081).

DAB Auto

IVD

Catalog No.: K081-AUTO, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K081-AUTO-110, 110ml, 1000ml, Ready-to-Use

DAB, a widely used chromogen for immunoperoxidase staining, is well accepted among pathologists because of its high sensitivity and cleaner background than aminoethylcarbazole (AEC). Specimens stained in DAB can be dehydrated, cleared, and mounted for permanent record keeping. DAB Auto is more sensitive than traditional DAB and it is easier to prepare. Labs can prepare the volume they need, resulting in less wastage of reagents. It is Ideal for automated stainers with on-board mixing capabilities.



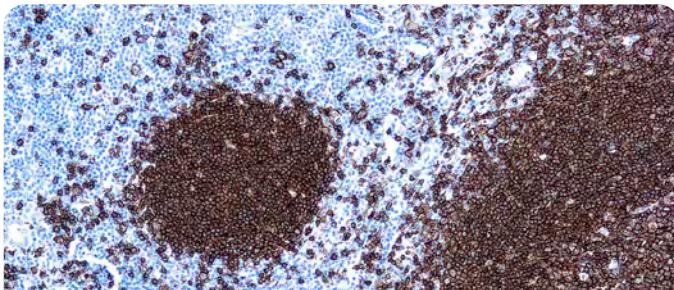
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with high molecular weight Cytokeratin H.M.W and labeled with Mono AEC/Plus (K050).

Mono AEC/Plus

IVD

Catalog No.: K050, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K050-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

Mono AEC/Plus is a substrate chromogen system for use with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). AEC produces a red colored end product, yielding strong contrast when combined with a blue hematoxylin counterstain. AEC has been well accepted among histotechnologists because it is less chemically hazardous than DAB. Specimens stained using Mono AEC/Plus cannot be dehydrated in ethanol and must be mounted in an aqueous-based mounting medium such as CC/Mount (cat. K002).



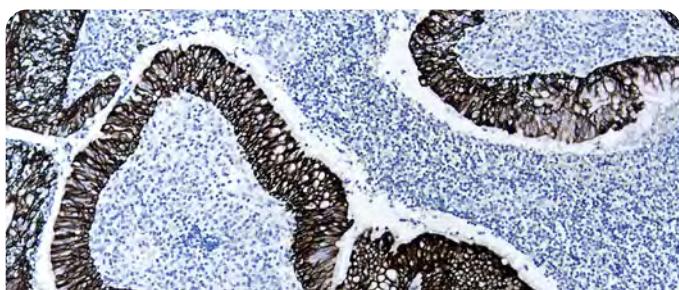
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with CD20 antibody (PDM004) labeled with High Contrast DAB (K055) produces a dark chocolate brown color.

High Contrast DAB

IVD

Catalog No.: K055, 200ml Ready-to-Use

DAB, is a widely used chromogen for immunoperoxidase staining, and is well accepted among pathologists because of its increased sensitivity and decreased background when compared to amino ethylcarbazole (AEC). Specimens stained with DAB can be dehydrated, cleared, and permanently mounted. High Contrast DAB is more sensitive and stable than traditional working DAB solutions.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human adenocarcinoma stained with Cytokeratin H.M.W and labeled with PermaBlack/HRP (K062).

PermaBlack/HRP

IVD

Catalog No.: K062, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K062-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaBlack/HRP is a substrate chromogen system for use with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). PermaBlack/HRP can be permanently mounted to produce a sharply contrasting ebony black color that can be easily distinguished from other stains.

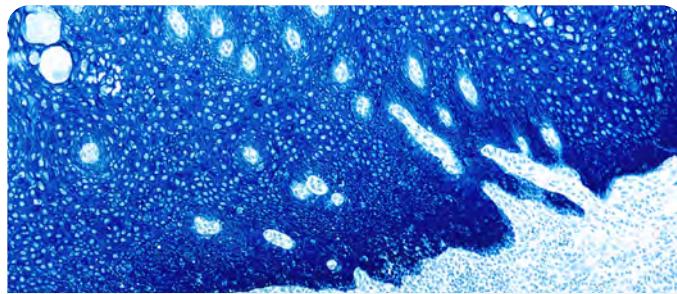
SITVUE™

Rapid Three Step DAB Detection System

**SPEED
MATTERS**
RESULT IN



Three Step



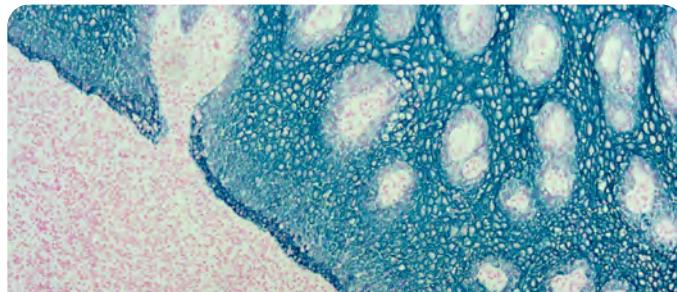
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin H.M.W and labeled with PermaBlue/HRP (K063).

PermaBlue/HRP

IVD

Catalog No.: K063, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K063-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaBlue/HRP is a substrate chromogen system for use with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). PermaBlue/HRP can be permanently mounted to produce a strong azure blue color that can be easily distinguished from other stains.



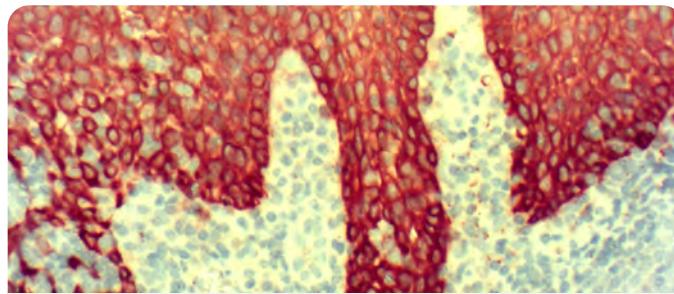
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with PermaGreen/HRP.

PermaGreen/HRP

IVD

Catalog No.: K074, 30ml Ready-to-Use
110ml, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaGreen/HRP is a substrate-chromogen system designed to be used for either IHC or ISH when utilizing horseradish peroxidase. PermaGreen/HRP produces a distinct bright green color that can easily be distinguished from other stains.



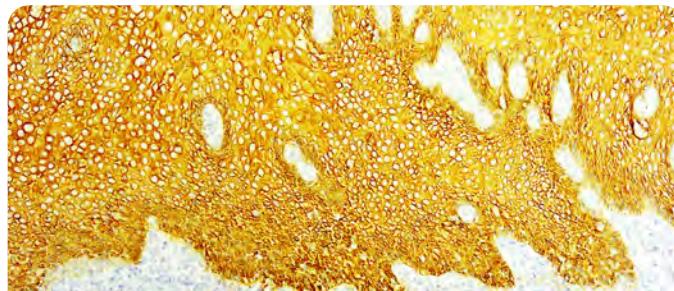
Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin H.M.W and labeled with PermaRed/HRP (K075).

PermaRed/HRP

IVD

Catalog No.: K075, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K075-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaRed/HRP is a substrate-chromogen system designed to be used for either IHC or ISH when utilizing horseradish peroxidase. PermaRed/HRP produces a distinct brick red stain that can easily be distinguished from other stains.



Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin H.M.W labeled with PermaYellow/HRP (K060).

PermaYellow/HRP

IVD

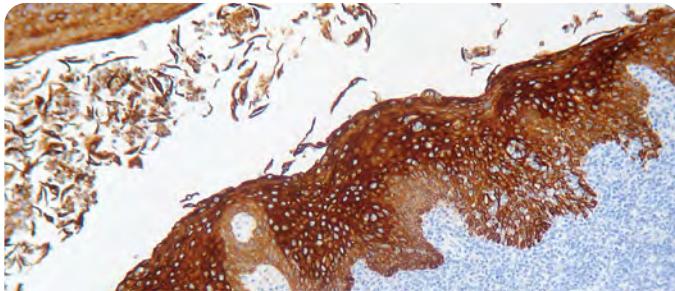
Catalog No.: K060, 30ml Ready-to-Use
K060-110, 110ml Ready-to-Use

PermaYellow/HRP is a substrate chromogen system for use with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) detection in immunohistochemistry (IHC) or in situ hybridizations (ISH). PermaYellow/HRP produces a distinct bright yellow that can easily be distinguished from other stains.



Ancillary Reagents

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Formalin fixed paraffin embedded human tonsil stained with Cytokeratin 5/14 labeled with Stable DAB/Plus (K047).

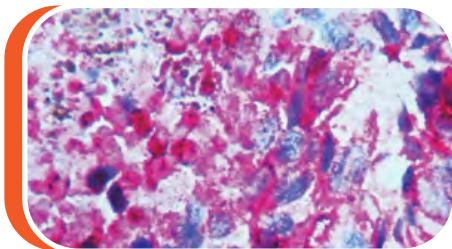
Stable DAB/Plus

IVD

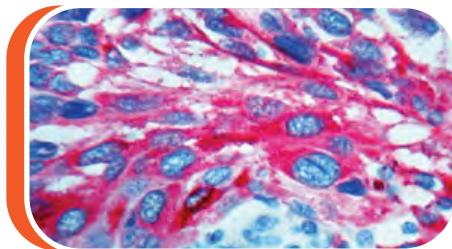
Catalog No.: K047, 200ml Ready-to-Use

DAB, a widely used chromogen for immunoperoxidase staining, is well accepted among pathologists because of its high sensitivity and cleaner background than aminoethylcarbazole (AEC). Specimens stained in DAB can be dehydrated, cleared, and mounted for permanent record keeping. Stable DAB/Plus is more sensitive and stable than traditional working DAB solutions, which reduces hazardous waste generation.

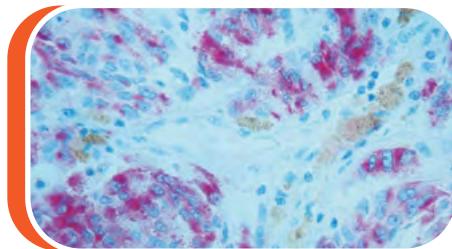
Improving Dermatologic Diagnosis with PermaRed/AP and PermaRed/HRP



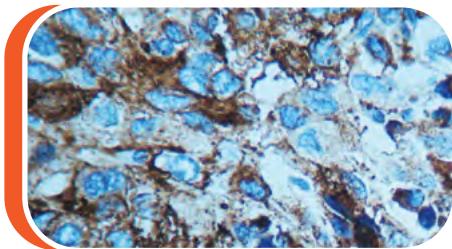
HMB45 melanoma utilizing PermaRed/AP



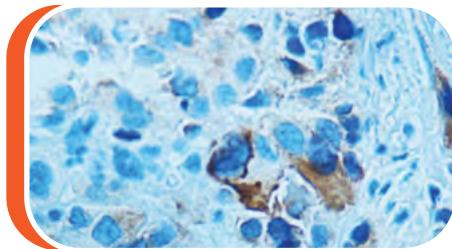
MART1 melanoma utilizing PermaRed/HRP



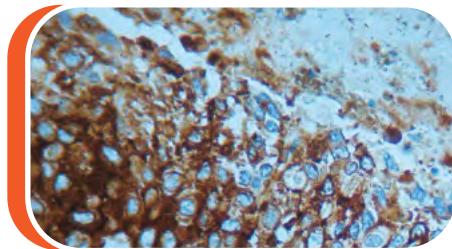
Pan Melanoma Cocktail on melanoma utilizing PermaRed/AP



HMB45 melanoma utilizing Stable DAB/Plus



MART1 melanoma utilizing Stable DAB/Plus



Pan Melanoma Cocktail on melanoma utilizing Stable DAB/Plus

Instrumentation



DBS HighLighter™360 Autostainer

DBS HighLighter™ 360 Autostainer comes as a compact, benchtop 36 slide staining system. It performs all the steps of immunohistochemistry starting from baking to counterstaining while ensuring consistent and crisp results.

Key Features:

- Compact, benchtop, 36-slide system
- Designed for IHC application
- Fully automated from baking to counterstain
- Consistent and crisp staining
- Real time onboard DAB mixing
- Liquid sensors for accurate reagent handling
- Liquid sensors for waste disposal to prevent overflow
- Slide QR-Code labelling and reading
- RFID reader for reagents vials, identifies, and controls reagent consumption and expiration dates



36-Slide System



Onboard Dab Mixing



RFID Reader



Antigen Retrieval System

The Antigen Retrieval HIER technique is a novel method for the recovery of antigens from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue.

It is a very critical step in immunohistochemistry and the quality of staining is largely dependent on strict adherence to the antigen retrieval protocol.

Montage Opus 365™ is a compact and efficient fully digitalized platform which can process 96 slides in less than 30 minutes by using retrieval buffers of different pH in a single run with the advantage of providing the user the flexibility of setting the time and temperature according to their protocol. DBS provides 10 X 500 ml Citrate buffer and 10X 500 ml EDTA buffer along with Montage Opus 365™.

Key Features:

- Up to 5 cycles per run with individual time and temperature settings
- Real time temperature and time monitoring
- Low reagent consumption
- Minimal reagent evaporation
- Uniform retrieval, even in over fixed tissues
- Multiple retrieval buffers in a single run
- IHC, ISH, and FISH suitability
- Add on slides in-between the cycles
- Temperature ranges from ambient to 115°C
- High throughput (96 slides in less than 30 minutes)



MONTAGE 10X EDTA PH 8.0 AR SOLUTION
MONTAGE 10X CITRATE PH 6.0 AR SOLUTION



Antigen Retrieval Tanks



24 Slide Rack



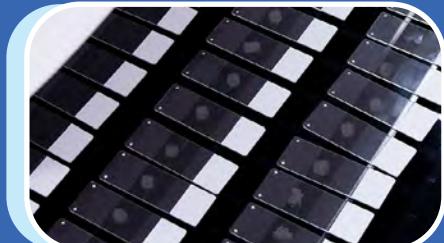
Metal Stand

slide master™ HUMIDITY CHAMBER 365

Diagnostic BioSystems Slide Master365™ is a compact and efficient platform that facilitates Humidity required for IHC staining. Appropriate maintenance of humidity along with flat platform is of extreme importance for consistent immunohistochemistry staining.

Key Features:

- Ensures flat platform.
- Maintains humidity.
- Ease to rinse and avoids majority of individual slides handling during staining.
- 40 slide staining capacity.



The Innovative Tissue Staining
Humidity Chamber



Slotted Drain Holes Work to
Maintain Humidity



Rinse in One
Easy Motion

Catalog Numbers and Consumables

Product Catalog Numbers

Product Name	Cat. No
DBS HighLighter™ 360 Autostainer	HL-AS360
Montage Opus 365™	AR365

DBS HighLighter™360 Autostainer Consumables

Product Name	Pack Size	Cat. No
DBS HighLighter™ 360 Autostainer Core Kit	72 Tests	HL72K

Montage Opus 365™ Accessories

Product Name	QUANTITY	Cat. No
Antigen Retrieval Tank	4	AR 365 ART
24 Slide Rack	4	AR 365 SR
Metal Stand	1	AR 365 MS
Montage 10X EDTA AR Solution	1	K038-500AN
Montage 10X Citrate AR Solution	1	K035-500AN



ImmunoHisto-Sealer™

Visit us at www.dbiosys.com

Notes:

Ancillary Reagents



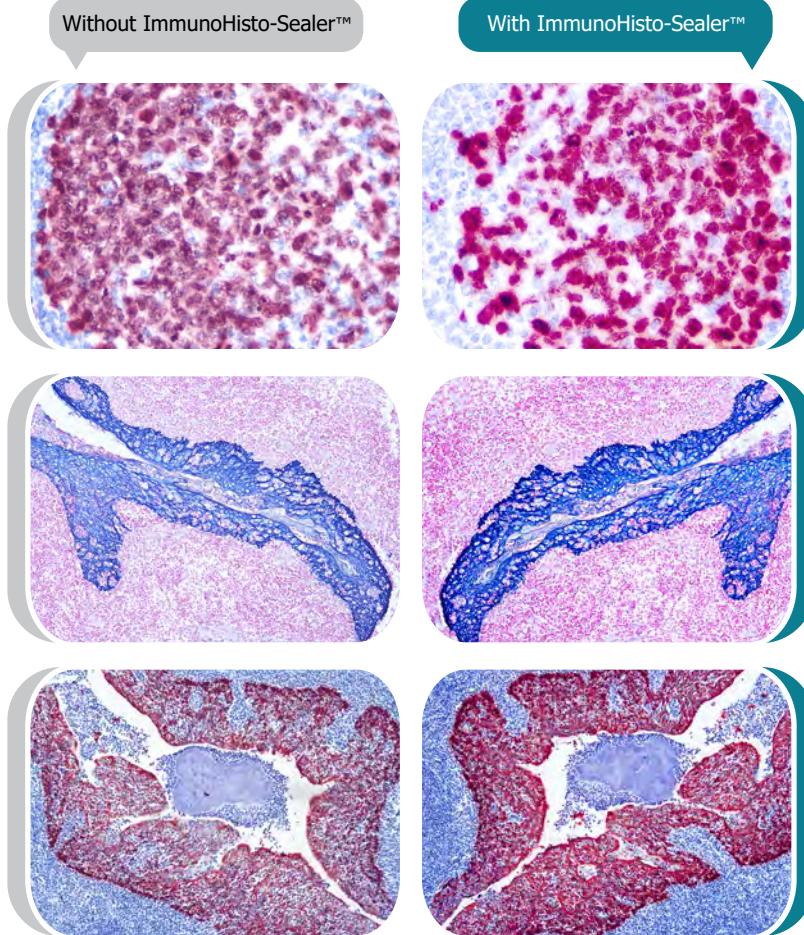
ImmunoHisto-Sealer™

This product is designed for tissue specimens stained with peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase-based systems and various chromogens. After treating with ImmunoHisto-Sealer™, alcohol and Xylene soluble chromogens can be mounted in Permanent Mounting Media.

- ImmunoHisto-Sealer™

- For In Vitro Diagnostic Use

- Patented Technology: US 10,495,553B2



Advantages of ImmunoHisto-Sealer™

- Improves the tissue morphology
- Improves your stain over an extended period
- When applied to the stained section, specimens are permanently mounted without chromogens fading
- Saves hands on time when mounting slides
- Avoids use of toxic chemicals such as xylene and eliminates accumulation of hazardous waste
- Three-year storage

Ordering Information

Pack Size	Cat. No
30 mL	K076
200 mL	K076-200
1000 mL	K076-1000

Ancillary Reagents

Alkaline Phosphatase Enhancer

IVD



Catalog No.: K011

Pack Size: 250ml Ready-to-Use

Alkaline phosphatase, an enzyme derived from bovine intestinal mucosa, is often used as a label for *in situ* hybridization and immunohistochemistry. Detection of this enzyme requires the generation of an insoluble colored reaction end product. DBS has introduced a new stable solution to increase the signal generated by alkaline phosphatase several fold.

Broad Spectrum Negative Control

IVD



Catalog No.: K053-06, K053-25, K053-100

Pack Size: 6ml Ready-to-Use
25ml Ready-to-Use
100ml Ready-to-Use

Negative controls are used to determine the specificity of an antibody. No staining should be observed when the primary antibody is omitted. This product is specifically designed to work with rabbit, mouse and goat antibodies. The Broad Spectrum Negative Control has been titered to work with Polymer-based Secondary Systems in manual and automated IHC platforms.

DAB Away Kit

IVD



Catalog No.: K072-500AN

Pack Size: 500ml

Montage DAB Away removes diaminobenzidine (DAB) stains and precipitate from surfaces. Contamination with DAB residue can be a problem that may affect staining quality or automated immunohistochemistry stainers. Bleach will only reduce the color intensity of DAB stains, whereas, DAB Away removes the residual DAB stain that may clog instrument probes and tubing. This kit can also be used to clean glassware used in the lab that has been exposed to DAB and has retained DAB stains even after normal cleaning.

DAPI

IVD



Catalog No.: K108

Pack Size: 1ml

DAPI or 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole, is a fluorescent stain that binds strongly to adenine-thymine-rich regions in DNA. It is used extensively in fluorescence microscopy. As DAPI can pass through an intact cell membrane, it can be used to stain both live and fixed cells.

DP3 for One-Step Deparaffinization

IVD



Catalog No.: K082

Pack Size: 500ml

The DP3 reagent is used for deparaffinization of paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Deparaffinization is completed in a single step without the use of xylene or alcohol. After deparaffinization the tissue sections can be transferred directly into antigen retrieval solution.

Elite PAP Pen

IVD



Catalog No.: K039, 1 Pen Each

Elite PAP pen is a special marking pen that provides a thin film-like green-tinted hydrophobic barrier when a circle is drawn around a specimen on a slide. This water repellent barrier keeps staining reagents localized on the tissue sections, prevents mixing of reagents when differentially staining two sections on the same slide, and allows use of less reagents per section. Insoluble in alcohol and acetone, PAP Pen markings can be optionally removed with xylene after the staining procedure is complete.

Elite Mini PAP Pen

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K042, 1 Pen Each

Elite Mini PAP pen is a special marking pen that provides a thin film-like green-tinged hydrophobic barrier when a circle is drawn around a specimen on a slide. This water repellent barrier allows use of less reagents per section. Insoluble in alcohol and acetone, PAP Pen markings can be optionally removed with xylene after the staining procedure is complete. The Mini PAP pen is especially useful when working with multiple sections on a single slide because its tip is finer than the regular PAP pen.

FITC Diluent

IVD

**Catalog No.:** FD001**Pack Size:** 100ml Ready-to-Use

This product can be used as a diluent to prepare primary antibodies conjugated to FITC. It can be used with any primary antibody irrespective of its source of origin. FITC Diluent is specifically designed to stabilize primary antibodies and reduce nonspecific background staining observed during immunostaining.

Hematoxylin

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K056-100AN**Pack Size:** 100ml

Hematoxylin is a histological staining reagent suitable for visualization of nuclei in tissue sections.

Purple Hematoxylin for IHC

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K095**Pack Size:** 100ml

DBS's Purple Hematoxylin is intended for use in the histologic demonstration of nuclear staining. This staining technique is used to make the critical distinction between a normal nucleus and an abnormal one. With Mohs HRP-Green kit, purple hematoxylin provides better contrast and cellular morphology than traditional hematoxylin counterstains.

Blue Hematoxylin Kit

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K100**Pack Size:** 100ml

Hematoxylin is a histological staining reagent suitable for visualization of nuclei in tissue sections. Blue Hematoxylin, is a blue nuclear counterstain. Bluing Reagent is used following Counterstaining. both designed for optimal performance when used in immunohistochemistry.

Primary Antibody Diluent

IVD

(With Background Reducing Component)

**Catalog No.:** K004**Pack Size:** 250ml Ready-to-Use

The Primary Antibody Diluent contains optimal concentrations of sodium chloride and detergents to prevent nonspecific binding and enable better penetration of primary antibodies. Primary Antibody Diluent is specifically designed for diluting primary antibodies for immunohistochemistry. Both, monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies can be diluted in this buffer.

TissueBond™ Reagent

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K013**Pack Size:** 7ml Ready-to-Use

Proper tissue adhesion to the glass slides is critical in the immunostaining process. Improper adhesion of tissue sections can lead to poor quality staining or even loss of tissue sections during the process of immunostaining. White glue, albumen, chrome-gelatin and poly-L-lysine have been used as tissue adhesives; however, they can increase the background during the staining process. Since epitope recovery may require harsh treatment with proteolytic enzymes, microwave treatment or treatment with saponin etc., there is a need for a tissue adhesive which can irreversibly bind tissue sections to the glass without creating any background. Glass treated with Tissue-Bond can be used for both paraffin as well as frozen tissue sections.

Tween 20

IVD



Catalog No.: K067-125AN

Pack Size: 125ml

Tween 20 is a detergent (surfactant) commonly added to buffers and reagents for immunohistochemistry. Its purpose is to decrease background staining and enhance reagent spreading in automated and manual procedures.

Background Blocker

IVD



Catalog No.: K023

Pack Size: 100ml Ready-to-Use

Background Blocker is a unique serum-free blocking solution used to reduce nonspecific background during immunostaining techniques. Background Blocker is a universal blocking agent, eliminating the need for matching species with the link antibody. This blocking reagent has been shown to be superior to serum-based blocking solutions. Background Blocker can be used for ELISA and Western blotting techniques as well as immunohistochemistry.

Mouse on Mouse Blocking Reagent

IVD



Catalog No.: K065

Pack Size: 10ml

Mouse on Mouse (MOM) Blocking Reagent is a unique serum-free blocking solution used to reduce nonspecific background staining from mouse antibodies. This blocking reagent has been shown to be more superior than serum-based blocking solutions.

Peroxidase Block

IVD



Catalog No.: K033

Pack Size: 50ml Ready-to-Use

Endogenous peroxidase activity has been observed in tissue sections during immunoperoxidase staining. If not properly suppressed, endogenous peroxidase can produce false signal as well as high background during the immunostaining. Treatment of tissue sections with Peroxidase Block prior to the application of primary antibody will suppress endogenous peroxidase activity.

Tissue Primer

IVD



Catalog No.: K054

Pack Size: 100ml

Tissue Primer is a universal enzyme blocking reagent to use in horse radish peroxidase (HRP) and alkaline phosphatase (AP) based immunohistochemical staining procedures done on paraffin tissue sections, frozen tissue sections and cell smears to suppress nonspecific staining due to endogenous enzyme activity.

Rapid Histo-Sealer (10X)™

IVD



Catalog No.: K093

Pack Size: 10 ml Ready-to-Use, 5ml Ready-to-Use

Rapid Histo-Sealer™ is a preservation solution that acts to rapidly dehydrate tissues mounted on microscope slides in preparation for permanent mounting. This quick-acting dehydrating solution is ideal for rapid immunohistochemistry procedures such as Mohs micrographic surgery

Tissue Glue

IVD



Catalog No.: K096

Pack Size: 50+50 ml

This product is designed for use with both frozen tissue sections and paraffin-embedded tissue sections for adhering the tissues firmly onto a glass microscope slide.

Buffers

10X Immuno Wash Buffer

IVD



Catalog No.: K005

Pack Size: 1 litre Concentrated

10X Immuno Wash Buffer works well for manual and automated immunohistochemistry applications as well as other laboratory procedures requiring a high quality TBS buffer with superior pH stability. The TBS contains surfactant and allows for reagents to spread more uniformly across tissue section on slides. It can also be used on an automated staining system.

40X Immuno Wash Buffer

IVD



Catalog No.: K080

Pack Size: 250 ml Concentrated

40X Immuno Wash Buffer washes and removes excess reagents during immunostaining. It works well for manual and automated immunohistochemistry applications as well as other laboratory procedures requiring a high quality TBS buffer with superior pH stability. The TBS contains surfactant and allows for reagents to spread more uniformly across tissue section on slides.

Two Step DAB Detection System



Chromogen Enhancers

20X DAB Enhancer

IVD



Catalog No.: K012

Pack Size: 10ml Concentrated

DAB is a widely used chromogen for immunoperoxidase staining and immunoblotting. DAB gives cleaner background than aminoethylcarbazole (AEC). Specimens stained in DAB can be dehydrated in ethanol and cleared in xylene and can be mounted for permanent record keeping. Strength of signal generated during the immunostaining is the key to a good staining. The reagent is a stable liquid solution which increases the staining intensity of specimens stained with DAB several-fold, thereby increasing the efficiency of detection.

ImmunoHisto-Sealer™

IVD



Catalog No.: K076

Pack Size: 30ml

ImmunoHisto-Sealer™ is a preservation solution that acts as a sealant to improve tissue morphology and stain over an extended period of time. When applied to the stained section, specimens can be permanently mounted without chromogens fading. Additional benefits of the ImmunoHisto-Sealer™ include: saves hands on time when mounting slides, avoids the use of toxic chemicals such as xylene and eliminates accumulation of hazardous waste.

Intensi/Fire

IVD



Catalog No.: K045

Pack Size: 15ml Ready-to-Use

One of the hallmarks of successful IHC is the strength of the signal generated during immunostaining. DAB, widely used as a chromogen for immunoperoxidase staining, has been well accepted by pathologists due to its superior performance compared to amino ethylcarbazole (AEC). Tissue specimens stained with DAB show increased staining intensity when Intensi/Fire is applied. Only a brief incubation is required. Increased sensitivity of the detection system allows the cost-effective option of diluting the primary antibody 5 to 10 fold. Intensi/Fire increases the signal intensity without creating background staining.

Mounting Media

CC/Mount™

(Aqueous Permanent Mounting Medium)

IVD



Catalog No.: K002, K002-200

Pack Size: 30 ml Ready-to-Use,
200ml Ready-to-Use

CC/Mount is an aqueous mounting medium with a high refractive index. When applied to stained tissue sections, specimens can be permanently mounted without chromogens fading. The advantages of CC/Mount include: no coverslip, no exposure to organic fumes, permanent storage of slides and high resolution of tissue specimens. CC/Mount is compatible with chromogens like AEC, DAB, Fast Red, BCIP/NBT, BCIP/INT and fluorescent dyes like FITC and phycobiliproteins. The high pH ensures increased stability of fluorescence.

Fluoromount™

IVD



Catalog No.: K024, K024-200

Pack Size: 25ml Ready-to-Use
200ml Ready-to-Use

Fluoromount is an innovative, aqueous-based mounting medium designed especially for the permanent preservation of fluorescent specimens. Fluoromount is to be used with tissue sections stained with a multitude of fluorescent dyes. This product is compatible with FITC, phycoerythrin, phycocyanin and allophycocyanin. It can also be used with other fluorescent markers such as Texas Red and rhodamine.

Fluoromount/Plus™

IVD



Catalog No.: K048

Pack Size: 25ml Ready-to-Use

Fluoromount/Plus is an innovative, aqueous-based mounting medium designed especially for the permanent preservation of fluorescent specimens. Fluoromount/Plus is to be used with tissue sections stained with a multitude of fluorescent dyes. This product is compatible with FITC, phycoerythrin, phycocyanin and allophycocyanin. It can also be used with other fluorescent markers such as Texas Red and rhodamine.

Nuclear Fast Red for IHC

IVD



Catalog No.: K098

Pack Size: 100ml

DBS's Nuclear Fast Red is intended for use in the histologic demonstration of nuclear staining. This staining technique is used to make the critical distinction between a normal nucleus and an abnormal one. When used as a counterstain in immunohistochemical procedures, Nuclear Fast Red is compatible with most commonly used chromogens including DBS HRP-Yellow, HRP-Green, HRP-Black, and DAB. Nuclear Fast Red is particularly useful with blue chromogens, such as DBS HRP-Blue.

Montage
Opus365™

Antigen Retrieval System

Visit us at www.dbiosys.com



MONTAGE 10X EDTA PH 8.0 AR SOLUTION
MONTAGE 10X CITRATE PH 6.0 AR SOLUTION



Notes:

Special Stains



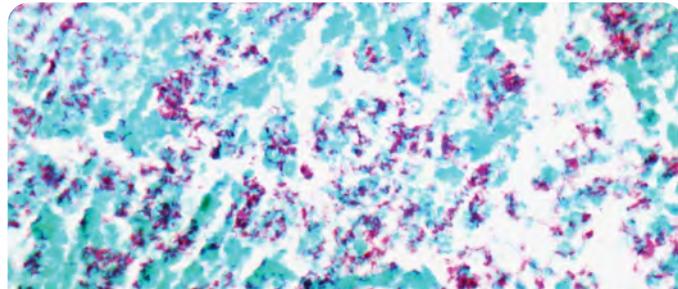
Special Stains

Histology is the study and analysis of structure and function in biological tissues and cells. Specially formulated dyes and chemicals are used to give color to cellular tissue components for microscopic examination. Through this process diagnostic evaluations are made and patient therapies are determined.

Diagnostic BioSystems offers Special Stains ranging from Acid-Fast Bacteria Stain Kit to Warthin-Starry Stain Kit. The reagents are packaged for optimal staining quality and are designed to be used right of the box for minimal set up time.

Each Diagnostic BioSystems Special Stain Kit has been quality assured and comes with complete instructions for use.

Format and Pack Size: Each kit has sufficient reagents for 100 tests.



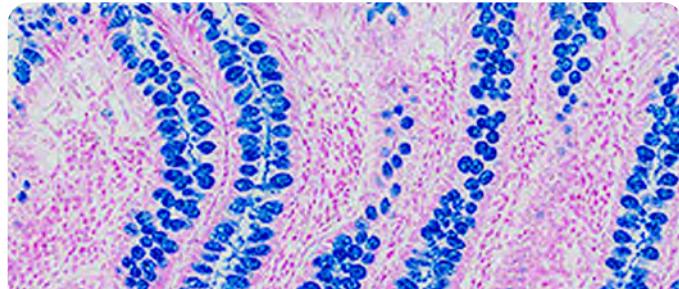
Acid Fast Bacilli Lung infected with Acid Fast Bacteria (A.F.B) (KT001).

A.F.B

IVD

Catalog No.: KT001

This kit stains acid-fast bacteria and tubercle bacilli of *Mycobacterium* genus in paraffin tissue sections. Tubercle bacilli and other acid-fast bacteria stain bright red and the background stains light green.



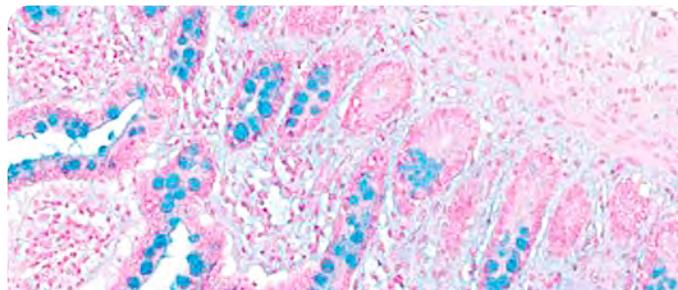
Human Colon Stained with Alcian Blue (KT003).

Alcian Blue, pH 2.5

IVD

Catalog No.: KT003

This kit stains acid mucins, carboxylated and sulfated mucosubstances (except strongly sulfated mucosubstances) in paraffin tissue sections. Acidic mucins, carboxylated and sulfated mucosubstances stain blue, while the nuclei stain pink to red and the cytoplasm and background stain pale pink.



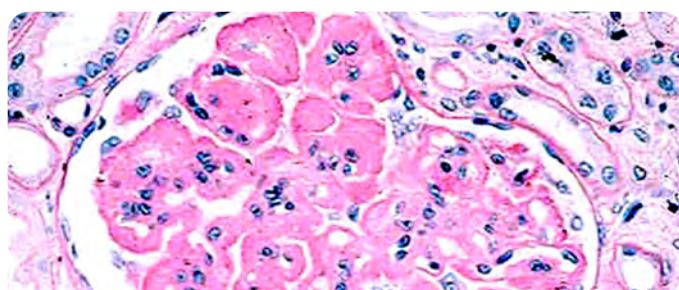
Human colon stained with Alcian Blue (KT002).

Alcian Blue, pH 1.0

IVD

Catalog No.: KT002

This kit stains strongly sulfated mucosubstances. Strongly sulfated mucosubstances stain blue in paraffin tissue sections, while the nuclei stain pink to red and the cytoplasm and background stain pale pink.



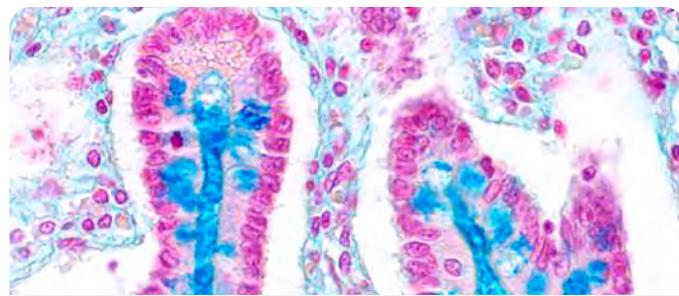
Amyloidosis in Kidney stained with AMY-1 Kit (KT008).

Amyloid

IVD

Catalog No.: KT008

This kit stains amyloid deposits in paraffin tissue sections. The amyloids stain pale pink to red, while the nuclei stain blue.



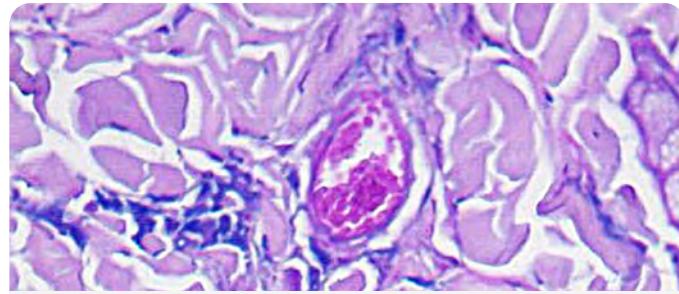
Human intestine stained with Colloidal Iron stain (KT007).

Colloidal Iron

IVD

Catalog No.: KT007

This kit stains acid mucopolysaccharides in paraffin tissue sections. The acid mucopolysaccharides stain bright blue, while collagen stains shades of red.



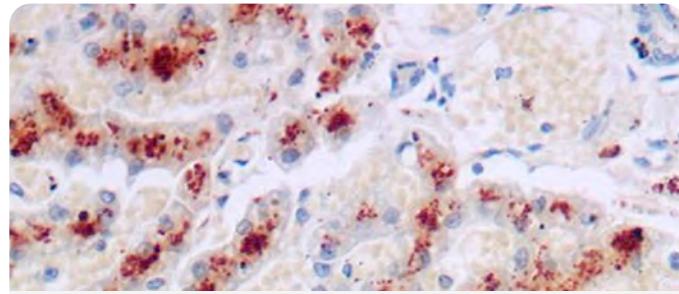
Combined Eosinophil-Mast Cell (KT004).

Combined Eosinophil-Mast Cell

IVD

Catalog No.: KT004

This kit stains eosinophils and mast cells simultaneously in paraffin tissue sections. Mast cells stain bright blue, while eosinophils stain bright red.



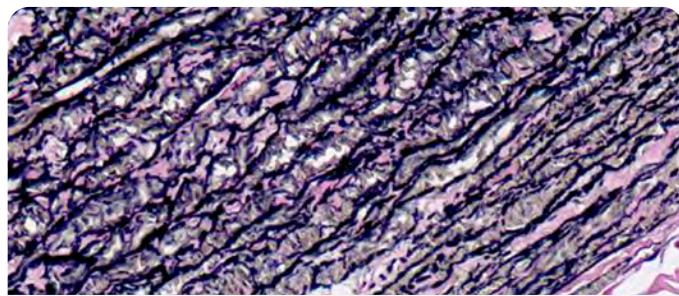
Copper Stain on copper deposits in Liver (KT033).

Copper

IVD

Catalog No.: KT033

This kit stains copper deposits in paraffin tissue sections. The copper deposits stain light brown to red, while the nuclei stain blue.



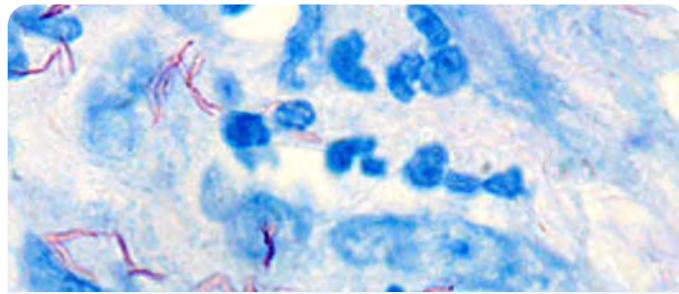
Human uterus stained with elastic stain (KT012).

Elastic

IVD

Catalog No.: KT012

This kit stains elastic fibers in paraffin tissue sections. The elastic fibers stain black and collagen stains red, while the other tissue stains yellow.



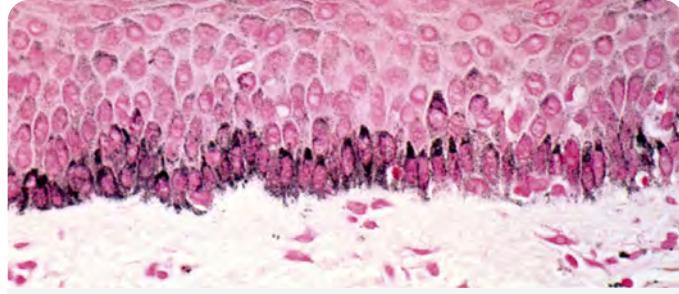
Human lung stained with Fite kit (KT013).

Fite

IVD

Catalog No.: KT013

This kit stains Lepra bacillus in paraffin tissue sections. The Lepra bacillus stains red, while the background stains blue.



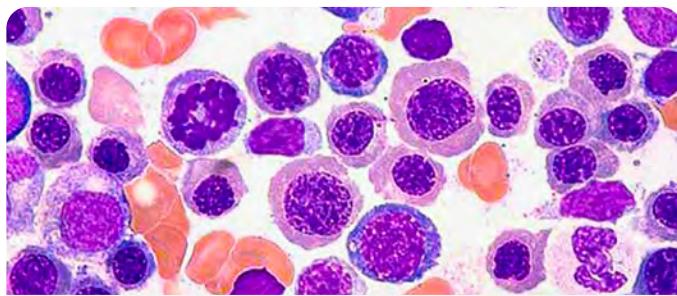
Human Melanoma stained with Fontana Mason Stain (KT014).

Fontana-Masson

IVD

Catalog No.: KT014

This kit stains argentaffin cells and melanin in paraffin tissue sections. The argentaffin cells and melanin granules stain brown to black, while the nuclei stain pink.



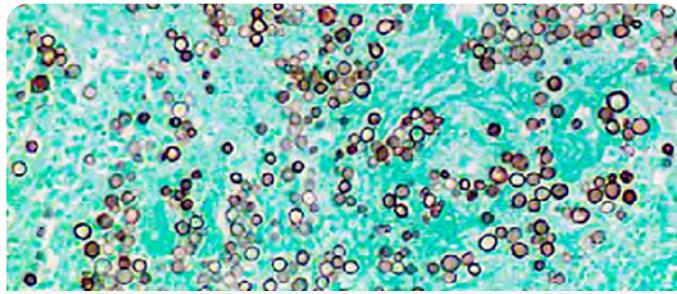
Human bone marrow stained with Giemsa kit (KT016).

Giemsa

IVD

Catalog No.: KT016

This kit stains bone marrow cells, Helicobacter pylori, mast cells and certain microorganism in paraffin tissue sections. The erythrocytes stain grey, yellow or pink, H. pylori stain blue, mast cells stain dark blue with red granules, nuclei stain blue to violet and the cytoplasm stains light blue.



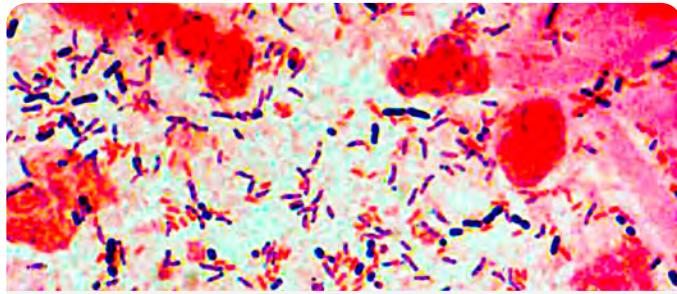
Human lung stained with G.M.S. kit (KT015).

G.M.S

IVD

Catalog No.: KT015

This kit stains fungi and Pneumocystis carinii in paraffin tissue sections. The fungi and Pneumocystis carinii stain grey to black, while the background stains green.



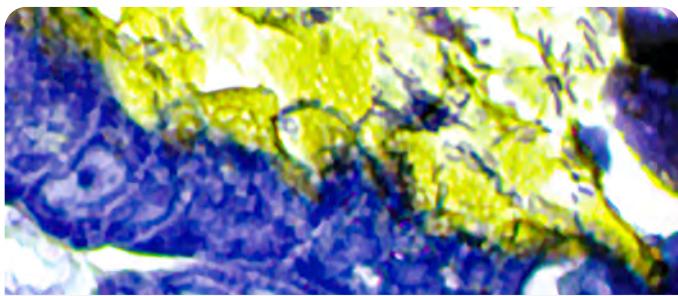
Gram positive and gram negative bacteria stained with Gram stain (KT018).

Gram Stain Kit

IVD

Catalog No.: KT018

This kit stains Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria in paraffin tissue sections. The Gram-positive bacteria stain blue, Gram-negative bacteria stain red, while other tissues and the nuclei stain yellow and red respectively.



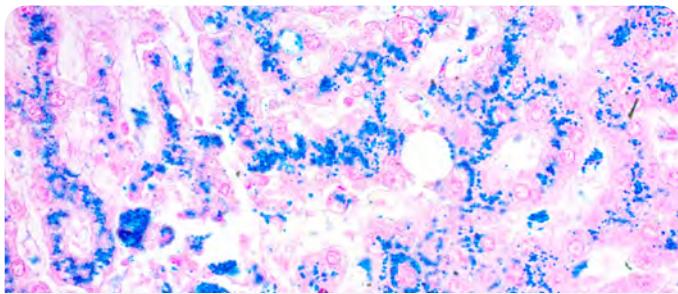
Human stomach stained with H. Pylori Rapid Stain (KT019).

H. Pylori Rapid Stain

IVD

Catalog No.: KT019

This kit stains Helicobacter pylori bacteria in paraffin tissue sections. The Helicobacter pylori stain blue while the background stains pale blue.



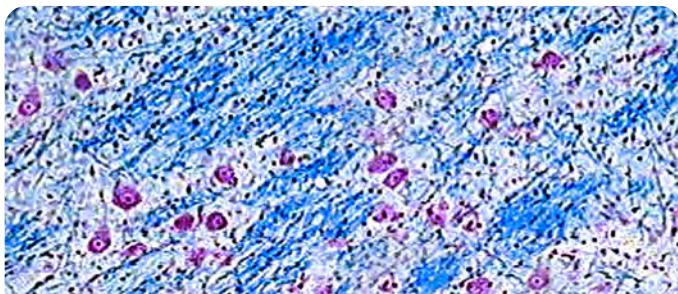
Iron Deposits in Liver Stained with Iron Stain (KT021).

Iron Stain

IVD

Catalog No.: KT021

This kit stains ferric iron in paraffin tissue sections. The iron deposits stain blue, while the nuclei and other tissue stain red and pink respectively.



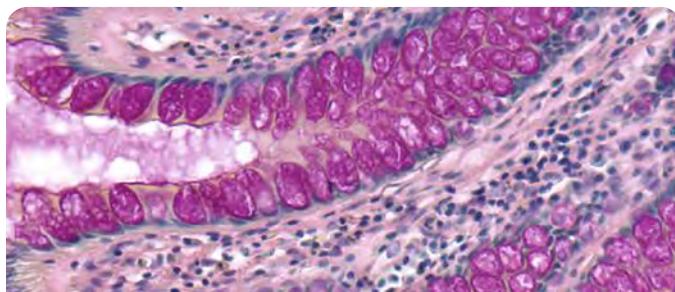
Luxol Fast Blue stain on brain (KT022).

Luxol Fast Blue

IVD

Catalog No.: KT022

This kit stains myelin sheath and Nissl substance in paraffin tissue sections. The myelin fibers stain blue to greenish blue, while the cells stain pink to violet.



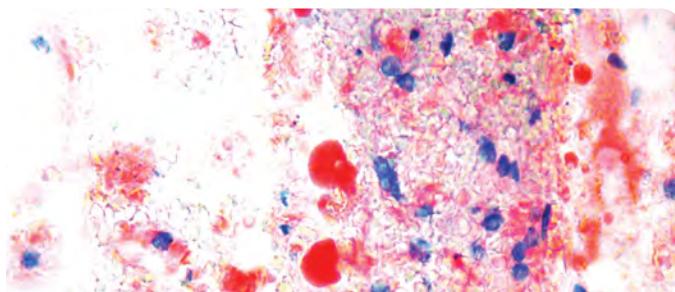
Human colon tumor stained with Mucicarmine kit (KT024).

Mucicarmine

IVD

Catalog No.: KT024

This kit stains epithelial mucins in paraffin tissue sections. The epithelial mucin stains pink to red, while the nuclei stain blue.



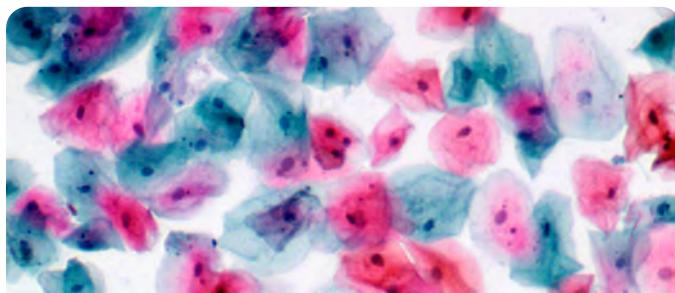
Frozen breast tissue stained with Oil Red O (KT025).

Oil Red O

IVD

Catalog No.: KT025

This kit stains fat cells and neutral fat in frozen tissue sections. The fat cells and neutral fat stains red, while the nuclei stain blue.



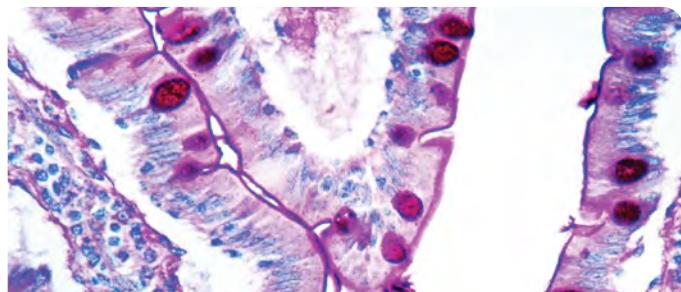
Human Cervical smear stained with PAP stain (KT038).

Papanicolaou Stain

IVD

Catalog No.: KT038

The Papanicolaou (PAP) Stain Kit is designed to differentiate between a variety of cells in vaginal smears for detection of vaginal, uterine and cervical cancer.



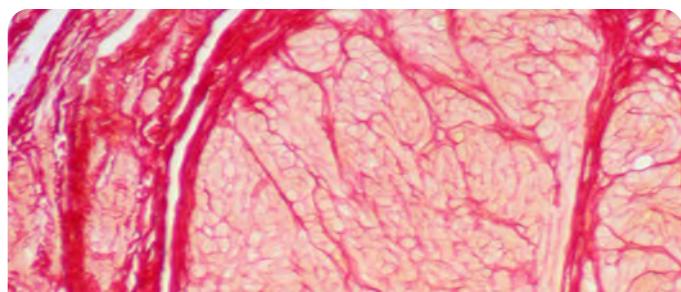
Human intestine stained with PAS stain (KT027).

P.A.S.

IVD

Catalog No.: KT027

This kit stains fungi, glycogen and mucin in paraffin tissue sections. The basement membrane, fungi, glycogen and mucin stain pink to red, while the nuclei and other tissue stain blue and green respectively.



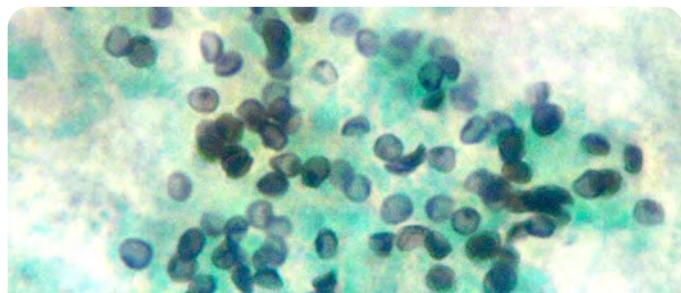
Human uterus stained with Picro Sirius Red (KT037).

Picro Sirius Red Stain

IVD

Catalog No.: KT037

The Picro-Sirius Red Stain Kit (For Collagen) is intended for use in the histological visualization of collagen I and III fibers in addition to muscle in tissue sections.



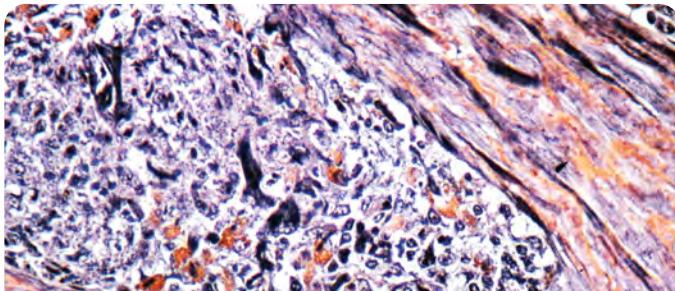
Pneumocystis Stain Kit on pneumocystis in Lung (KT030).

Pneumocystis

IVD

Catalog No.: KT030

This kit stains Pneumocystis carinii in cytology smears as well as paraffin tissue sections. The Pneumocystis carinii stains violet to purple and the connective tissue stains blue to green.



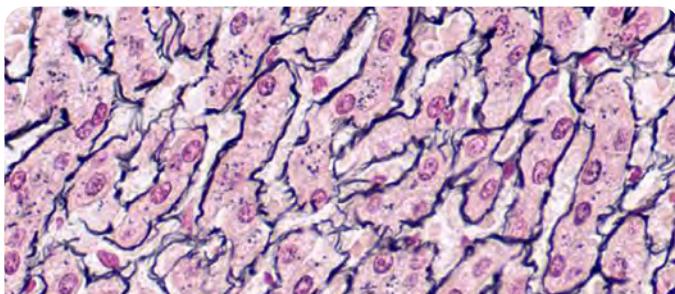
PTAH Stain on Uterus (KT029).

P.T.A.H.

IVD

Catalog No.: KT029

This kit stains collagen, fibrin and striated muscle in paraffin tissue sections. The collagen stains brownish red to red, fibrin and muscle stain blue, while the nuclei stain dark blue.



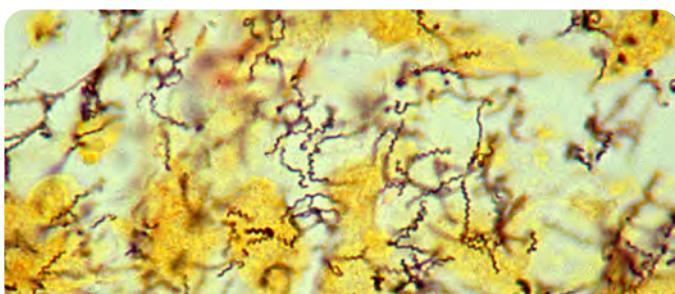
Human liver stained with reticulum stain (KT031).

Reticulum

IVD

Catalog No.: KT031

This kit stains reticulum fibers in paraffin tissue sections. The reticulum fibers stain gray to black, while the nuclei and background stain pink to rose.



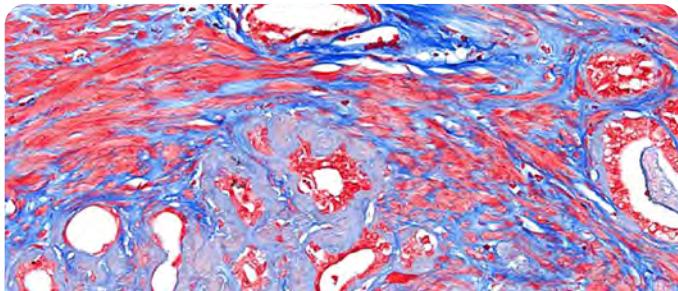
Human breast stained with Steiner kit (KT035) showing Treponema pallidum staining.

Steiner

IVD

Catalog No.: KT035

This kit stains fungi, Helicobacter pylori, Legionella pneumophila and Spirochetes in paraffin tissue sections. The cat scratch fever, Legionella pneumophila stain dark brown, Spirochetes, Helicobacter pylori and funvgi stain black, while the background stains yellow, tan or brown.



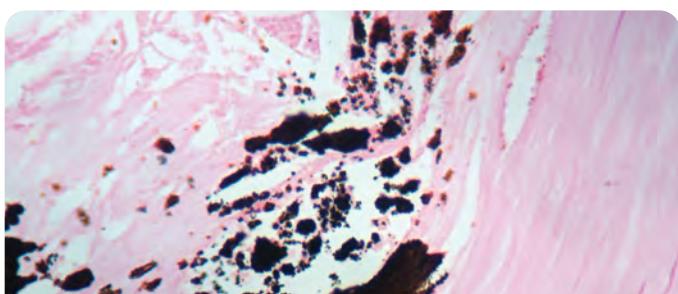
Massons Trichrome Stain on Lung Tissue (KT034).

Trichrome Stain

IVD

Catalog No.: KT034

This kit stains collagen and muscle in paraffin tissue sections. The muscle and intercellular fibers stain red, while the nuclei and collagen stain black and blue respectively.



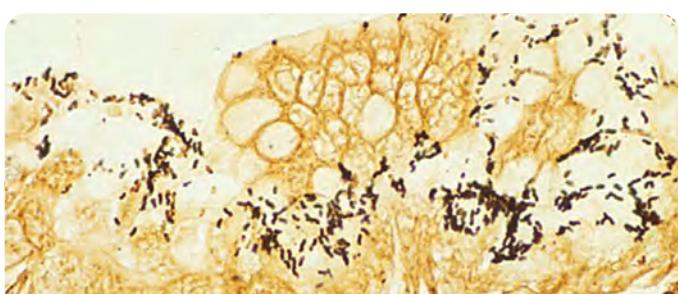
Bone tissue stained with Von Kossa stain (KT028).

Von Kossa

IVD

Catalog No.: KT028

This kit stains calcium deposits in paraffin tissue sections. The calcium deposits stain black, while the nuclei and cytoplasm stain red and pink respectively.



Human Gastric tissue stained with Warthin Starry kit (KT036).

Warthin-Starry

IVD

Catalog No.: KT036

This kit stains Helicobacter pylori, Spirochetes, Legionella pneumophila and cat scratch fever bacteria in paraffin tissue sections. Helicobacter pylori, Legionella pneumophila stain dark brown, while Spirochetes and cat scratch fever bacteria stain black.



Notes:

Antigen Retrieval Solutions

Antigen Retrieval Solutions

The Antigen Retrieval technique is a novel method for the recovery of antigens from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue. It consists of heating tissue sections in the presence of an antigen retrieval solution. The quality of the staining result is largely dependent on strict adherence to the antigen retrieval protocol. If the antigens are incompletely retrieved, the staining is light and the background may be high. Epitope retrieval techniques fall into two main categories, enzyme induced epitope recovery and heat induced epitope recovery.

Diagnostic BioSystems offers products for both enzyme and heat induced epitope retrieval.

10X Antigen Retrieval Buffer High, pH 10.0

IVD



Catalog No.: K044

Pack Size: 500ml Concentrated

10X Antigen Retrieval Buffer High, pH 10.0 is designed for use during the heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) step prior to immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue sections. The use of this buffer in combination with heat (often by microwave, water bath, or pressure cooker) has been shown to restore the antigenicity of proteins modified during the formalin fixation of tissue. This buffer is supplied as a 10X stock solution.

10X Citrate Buffer for Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 6.0

IVD



Catalog No.: K035

Pack Size: 500ml Concentrated

10X Citrate Buffer For Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 6.0 is designed for use during the heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) step prior to immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue sections. The use of this buffer in combination with heat (often by microwave, water bath, or pressure cooker) has been shown to restore the antigenicity of proteins modified during the formalin fixation of tissue. This buffer is supplied as a 10X stock solution.

10X Citrate Buffer for Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 7.0

IVD



Catalog No.: K036

Pack Size: 500ml Concentrated

10X Citrate Buffer For Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 7.0 is designed for use during the heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) step prior to immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue sections. The use of this buffer in combination with heat (often by microwave, water bath, or pressure cooker) has been shown to restore the antigenicity of proteins modified during the formalin fixation of tissue. This buffer is supplied as a 10X stock solution.

10X Citrate Buffer for Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 8.0

IVD



Catalog No.: K037

Pack Size: 500ml Concentrated

10X Citrate Buffer For Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 8.0 is designed for use during the heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) step prior to immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue sections. The use of this buffer in combination with heat (often by microwave, water bath, or pressure cooker) has been shown to restore the antigenicity of proteins modified during the formalin fixation of tissue. This buffer is supplied as a 10X stock solution.

10X EDTA Buffer for Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 8.0

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K038**Pack Size:** 500ml Concentrated

10X EDTA Buffer For Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 8.0 is designed for use during the heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) step prior to immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue sections. The use of this buffer in combination with heat (often by microwave, water bath, or pressure cooker) has been shown to restore the antigenicity of proteins modified during the formalin fixation of tissue. This buffer is supplied as a 10X stock solution.

10X Tris-EDTA Buffer For Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 9.0

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K043**Pack Size:** 500ml Concentrated

10X Tris-EDTA Buffer For Heat Induced Epitope Recovery, pH 9.0 is designed for use during the heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) step prior to immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue sections. The use of this buffer in combination with heat (often by microwave, water bath, or pressure cooker) has been shown to restore the antigenicity of proteins modified during the formalin fixation of tissue. This buffer is supplied as a 10X stock solution.

HistoZyme

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K046, K046-50**Pack Size:** 15ml Ready-to-Use, 50ml Ready-to-Use

HistoZyme is a proteolytic enzyme solution that results in superior staining over traditionally used enzyme pretreatments, such as pepsin and trypsin. HistoZyme requires only a brief incubation at room temperature. Performing antigen recovery with HistoZyme, will allow you to dilute the primary antibody 5 to 10 fold further and achieve optimal staining.

Pepsin Solution

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K009**Pack Size:** 50ml Ready-to-Use

Pepsin is used for proteolytic digestion of formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue sections prior to application of antibodies. In immunohistochemistry (IHC), most commonly used fixatives such as formalin, mask tissue antigens (cellular, membrane, and nuclear) by their intrinsic cross-linking. This masking results in poor or no staining in IHC. Pepsin digestion of FFPE tissue sections improves accessibility of antibodies to tissue antigens.

Proteinase K 25X

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K030**Pack Size:** 2ml Concentrated

Proteinase K is specifically formulated to achieve proteolytic digestion of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections prior to performing in situ hybridization procedures.

QuatroSol I 10X Citrate Buffer

IVD

**Catalog No.:** K085**Pack Size:** 500ml Concentrated

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Buffer performs four steps:

1. Deparaffinization
2. Rehydration
3. Antigen retrieval
4. Blocks endogenous peroxidase and alkaline phosphatase simultaneously it can eliminate the use of alcohol and xylene in deparaffinization process. It is cost effective and less hazardous.

QuatroSol II 10X Tris EDTA Buffer

IVD



Catalog No.: K086

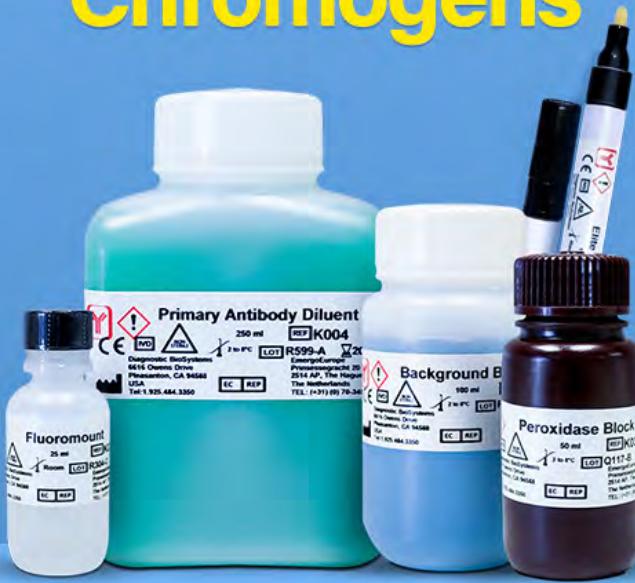
Pack Size: 500ml Concentrated

The Antigen Retrieval technique is a novel method for the recovery of antigens from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue. It consists of heating tissue sections in the presence of an antigen retrieval solution. The quality of the staining result is largely dependent on strict adherence to the antigen retrieval protocol. If the antigens are incompletely retrieved, the staining is light and the background may be high.

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Ancillaries & Chromogens





Antigen Retrieval System

The Antigen Retrieval HIER technique is a novel method for the recovery of antigens from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue.

It is a very critical step in immunohistochemistry and the quality of staining is largely dependent on strict adherence to the antigen retrieval protocol.

Montage Opus 365™ is a compact and efficient fully digitalized platform which can process 96 slides in less than 30 minutes by using retrieval buffers of different pH in a single run with the advantage of providing the user the flexibility of setting the time and temperature according to their protocol. DBS provides 10 X 500 ml Citrate buffer and 10X 500 ml EDTA buffer along with Montage Opus 365™.

Key Features:

- Upto 5 cycles per run with individual time and temperature settings
- Real time temperature and time monitoring
- Low reagent consumption
- Minimal reagent evaporation
- Uniform retrieval, even in over fixed tissues
- Multiple retrieval buffers in a single run
- IHC, ISH, and FISH suitability
- Add on slides in-between the cycles
- Temperature ranges from ambient to 115°C
- High throughput (96 slides in less than 30 minutes)



MONTAGE 10X EDTA PH 8.0 AR SOLUTION
MONTAGE 10X CITRATE PH 6.0 AR SOLUTION



Antigen Retrieval Tanks



24 Slide Rack



Metal Stand

Notes:

Ordering Information

Orders:

Orders will be accepted via phone, fax, mail, or e-mail.

Toll-Free (USA)  : +1 (844) 856-3350 Select option 1 for Customer Service

Fax: (925) 484-3390

E-mail: orders@dbiosys.com

Confirming Orders:

To avoid duplicates of your shipment, if a confirmation is sent by e-mail, please clearly mark, "Confirming Order."

Payment Sources:

Diagnostic BioSystems accepts Visa, Mastercard and American Express. Clients with approved credit can also pay with wire transfer or check.

WE PROUDLY ACCEPT



Terms:

Net 30 days upon approval. Overdue accounts are subject to a finance charge of 1.5% per month.

Prices:

Prices are in US Dollars. All payments are to be made in US dollars. Prices are available on request.

Freight:

FOB is Pleasanton, CA. Shipping charges will be prepaid and added to invoice.

Returns:

Products shipped on customer's order will be considered as final sales. If you need to return an item, please call DBS within five working days after receipt of the product for a Return Authorization Number. No credit or exchange will be permitted without prior authorization. Credit or returns for products will be authorized when product performance does not meet the quality stated or products were shipped in error. Product liability limited to refund or replacements only.

Technical Information

For technical assistance, please call or fax our technical staff:

Attention: Diagnostic BioSystems Technical Services

Toll-Free (USA)  : +1 (844) 856-3350 Select option 2 for Technical Support

Fax: (925) 484-3390

E-mail: techsupport@dbiosys.com

About Us

Since 1994, Diagnostic BioSystems Inc. is committed to enhancing immunohistochemistry results by providing innovative anatomic pathology reagents and systems to improve the practice of pathology. Since the inception, our prime focus has been to provide high quality products and exceptional customer service and support.

Diagnostic BioSystems provides cutting-edge in-vitro diagnostics to the anatomic pathology and histology market through direct sales in the domestic market and through international distributors to over 60 countries worldwide. Our product portfolio includes high quality primary and fluorescent antibodies (FITC conjugated), autostainer, chromogens, detection kits and a wide range of ancillaries.

Diagnostic BioSystems is an ISO 13485:2016 certified cGMP compliant, medical device manufacturer.



DBS HighLighter™ 360 Autostainer
Fully Automated Slide Stainer



MontageOpus365™
Antigen Retrieval System

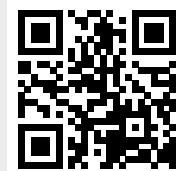


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